INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

WITH PARTS LIST



PA SERIES® PUMP

MODEL

PA14B60-B-6090H

GORMAN-RUPP PUMPS

www.grpumps.com

Register your new Gorman-Rupp pump online at www.grpumps.com

Valid serial number and e-mail address required.



The engine exhaust from this product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or other reproductive harm.

RECORD YOUR PUMP MODEL AND SERIAL NUMBER

Please record your pump model and serial number in the spaces provided below. Your Gorman-Rupp distributor needs this information when you require parts or service.

Pump Model:	
Serial Number:	

TABLE OF CONTENTS

INTRODUCTION	PAGE I — 1
SAFETY - SECTION A	PAGE A - 1
INSTALLATION – SECTION B	PAGE B - 1
Pump Dimensions	PAGE B - 1
PREINSTALLATION INSPECTION	PAGE B - 1
Battery Installation	PAGE B – 2
POSITIONING PUMP	PAGE B — 2
Lifting	PAGE B — 2
Mounting	PAGE B — 2
SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PIPING	PAGE B — 3
Materials	PAGE B — 3
Line Configuration	PAGE B — 3
Connections to Pump	PAGE B — 3
Gauges	PAGE B — 3
SUCTION LINES	PAGE B — 3
Fittings	PAGE B — 3
Strainers	PAGE B — 3 PAGE B — 4
Sealing	PAGE B — 4 PAGE B — 4
Suction Line Resitioning	PAGE B — 4
Suction Line Positioning	PAGE B — 4
Siphoning	PAGE B — 5
Valves	PAGE B — 5
ALIGNMENT	PAGE B = 5
AUTO-START	PAGE B — 6
Float Switch Installation	PAGE B — 6
OPERATION – SECTION C	
OPERATION	PAGE C - 1
PRIMING	PAGE C - 1
STARTING	
Manual Starting	PAGE C - 1
Automatic Starting	PAGE C – 2
OPERATION	PAGE C - 2
Leakage	PAGE C – 2
Pump Vacuum Check	PAGE C - 2
Liquid Temperature And Overheating	PAGE C - 2
Strainer Check	PAGE C – 2
STOPPING	PAGE C = 2
BEARING TEMPERATURE CHECK	PAGE C - 3
Cold Weather Preservation	
TROUBLESHOOTING – SECTION D	PAGE D — 1
PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE	PAGE D - 3
PUMP MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR - SECTION E	PAGE E - 1
STANDARD PERFORMANCE CURVE	PAGE E - 1

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

PARTS LISTS:	
Pump Model	PAGE E - 3
Pump Assembly	PAGE E - 4
Power Unit Kit	PAGE E - 6
Pump Assembly	PAGE E - 8
Priming Chamber Kit	PAGE E - 9
Priming Chamber Assembly	PAGE E - 10
PUMP AND SEAL DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY	PAGE E - 11
Priming Chamber Removal And Disassembly	PAGE E - 11
Discharge Check Valve Removal and Disassembly	PAGE E - 12
Suction Cover And Wear Ring Removal	PAGE E - 12
Pump Casing Removal	PAGE E - 12
Impeller Removal	PAGE E - 13
Seal Removal	PAGE E - 13
Separating Pump Assembly From Engine	PAGE E - 13
Pump Shaft and Bearing Removal and Disassembly	PAGE E - 13
Bearing Cleaning And Inspection	PAGE E - 14
Pump Shaft and Bearing Reassembly and Installation	PAGE E - 15
Securing Pump Assembly To Engine	PAGE E - 16
Seal Reassembly and Installation	PAGE E - 16
Impeller Installation	PAGE E - 17
Pump Casing Installation	PAGE E - 18
Suction Cover And Wear Ring Installation	PAGE E - 18
Discharge Check Valve Assembly and Installation	PAGE E - 19
Priming Chamber Assembly And Installation	PAGE E - 19
LUBRICATION	PAGE E - 19
Seal Assembly	PAGE E - 19
Bearings	PAGE E - 19
Engine	PAGE E - 19

INTRODUCTION

Thank You for purchasing a Gorman-Rupp pump. **Read this manual** carefully to learn how to safely install and operate your pump. Failure to do so could result in personal injury or damage to the pump.

Because pump installations are seldom identical, this manual cannot possibly provide detailed instructions and precautions for every aspect of each specific application. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the owner/installer of the pump to ensure that applications not addressed in this manual are performed **only** after establishing that neither operator safety nor pump integrity are compromised by the installation. Pumps and related equipment **must** be installed and operated according to all national, local and industry standards.

If there are any questions regarding the pump or its application which are not covered in this manual or in other literature accompanying this unit, please contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor, or The Gorman-Rupp Company:

P.O. Box 1217

Mansfield, Ohio 44901-1217

Phone: (419) 755-1011

or:

Gorman-Rupp of Canada Limited 70 Burwell Road St. Thomas, Ontario N5P 3R7 Phone: (519) 631–2870

For information or technical assistance on the power source, contact the power source manufacturer's local dealer or representative.

HAZARD AND INSTRUCTION DEFINITIONS

The following are used to alert maintenance personnel to procedures which require special attention, to those which could damage equipment, and to those which could be dangerous to personnel:



Immediate hazards which WILL result in severe personal injury or death. These instructions describe the procedure required and the injury which will result from failure to follow the procedure.



Hazards or unsafe practices which COULD result in severe personal injury or death. These instructions describe the procedure required and the injury which could result from failure to follow the procedure.



Hazards or unsafe practices which COULD result in minor personal injury or product or property damage. These instructions describe the requirements and the possible damage which could result from failure to follow the procedure.

NOTE

Instructions to aid in installation, operation, and maintenance or which clarify a procedure.

INTRODUCTION PAGE I — 1

SAFETY - SECTION A

This information applies to Prime Aire[®] Series pumps. Refer to the manual accompanying the engine or power source before attempting to begin operation.

Because pump installations are seldom identical, this manual cannot possibly provide detailed instructions and precautions for each specific application. Therefore, it is the owner/installer's responsibility to ensure that applications not addressed in this manual are performed only after establishing that neither operator safety nor pump integrity are compromised by the installation.



Before attempting to open or service the pump:

- 1. Familiarize yourself with this manual.
- 2. Shut down the engine and disconnect the positive battery cable to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.
- 3. Allow the pump to completely cool if overheated.
- 4. Check the temperature and make sure the pump is cool before opening any covers, plates, or plugs.
- 5. Close the suction and discharge valves.
- 6. Vent the pump slowly and cautiously.
- 7. Drain the pump.



This pump is designed to handle most non-volatile, non-flammable liquids containing specified entrained solids. Do not attempt to pump volatile, corrosive, or flammable liquids which may damage the pump or endanger personnel as a result of pump failure.



Death or serious personal injury and damage to the pump or components can occur if proper lifting procedures are not observed. Make certain that hoists, chains, slings or cables are in good working condition and of sufficient capacity and that they are positioned so that loads will be balanced and the pump or components will not be damaged when lifting. Suction and discharge hoses and piping must be removed from the pump before lifting. Lift the pump or component only as high as necessary and keep personnel away from suspended objects.



After the pump has been installed, make certain that the pump and all piping or hose connections are tight, properly supported and secure before operation.



Do not operate the pump against a closed discharge valve. If operated against a closed discharge valve, pump components will deteriorate, and the liquid could come to a boil, build pressure, and cause the pump casing to rupture or explode. Momentary closure of a discharge valve is acceptable only when required for startup or shutdown procedures.



Do not remove plates, covers, gauges,

SAFETY PAGE A – 1

pipe plugs, or fittings from an overheated pump. Vapor pressure within the pump can cause parts being disengaged to be ejected with great force. Allow the pump to cool completely before servicing.



WARNING!

This pump may be used to handle materials which could cause illness through direct exposure or emitted fumes. Wear adequate protective clothing when working on the pump or piping.



WARNING!

Do not operate the pump without guards in place over the rotating parts. Exposed rotating parts can catch clothing, fingers or tools, causing severe injury to personnel.



CAUTION

Make sure the pump is level. Lower jack stands and chock the wheels, if so equipped. Use caution when positioning the skid-mounted unit to prevent damage to the fuel tank.



Do not operate an internal combustion engine in an explosive atmosphere. When operating an internal combustion engine in an enclosed area, make sure exhaust fumes are piped to the outside. These fumes contain carbon monoxide, a deadly gas that is colorless, tasteless and odorless.



WARNING!

Fuel used by internal combustion engines presents an extreme explosion and fire hazard. Make certain that all fuel lines are securely connected and free of leaks. Never refuel a hot or running engine. Avoid overfilling the fuel tank. Always use the correct type of fuel.



WARNING!

Never tamper with the governor to gain more power. The governor establishes safe operating limits that should not be exceeded. Refer to the Performance Curve in Section, Page E-1 for the maximum continuous operating speed for this pump.

PAGE A – 2 SAFETY

INSTALLATION – SECTION B

Review all SAFETY information in Section A.

Since pump installations are seldom identical, this section offers only general recommendations and practices required to inspect, position, and arrange the pump and piping.

Most of the information pertains to a standard **static lift** application where the pump is positioned above the free level of liquid to be pumped.

If installed in a **flooded suction application** where the liquid is supplied to the pump under pressure, some of the information such as mounting, line configuration, and priming must be tailored to the specific application. Since the pressure supplied to the pump is critical to performance and safety, **be sure** to limit the incoming pressure to 50% of the maximum permissible operating pressure as shown on the pump performance curve.

For further assistance, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the Gorman-Rupp Company.

Pump Dimensions

See Figure 1 for the approximate physical dimensions of this pump.

OUTLINE DRAWING

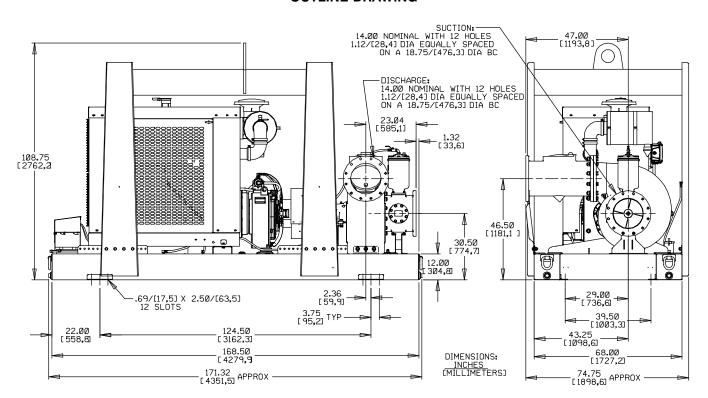


Figure 1. Pump Model PA14B60—B—6090H

PREINSTALLATION INSPECTION

The pump assembly was inspected and tested before shipment from the factory. Before installation, inspect the pump for damage which may have occurred during shipment. Check as follows:

- a. Inspect the pump for cracks, dents, damaged threads, and other obvious damage.
- Check for and tighten loose attaching hardware. Since gaskets tend to shrink after drying, check for loose hardware at mating surfaces.

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 1

 c. Carefully read all tags, decals, and markings on the pump assembly, and perform all duties indicated. Note that the pump shaft rotates in the required direction.



Only operate this pump in the direction indicated by the arrow on the pump body and on the accompanying decal. Otherwise, the impeller could become loosened from the shaft and seriously damage the pump.

- d. Check levels and lubricate as necessary. Refer to LUBRICATION in the Maintenance and Repair Manual and perform duties as instructed.
- e. If the pump has been stored for more than 12 months, some of the components or lubricants may have exceeded their maximum shelf life. These must be inspected or replaced to ensure maximum pump service.

If the maximum shelf life has been exceeded, or if anything appears to be abnormal, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the factory to determine the repair or updating policy. **Do not** put the pump into service until appropriate action has been taken.

Battery Installation

Unless otherwise specified on the pump order, the engine battery is **not** included with engine driven units. Refer to the information accompanying the battery and/or electrolyte solution for activation and charging instructions.

Before installing the battery, clean the positive and negative cable connectors, and the battery terminals. Secure the battery by tightening the holddown brackets. The terminals and clamps may be coated with petroleum jelly to retard corrosion. Connect and tighten the positive cable first, then the negative cable.

POSITIONING PUMP



Death or serious personal injury and damage to the pump or components can occur if proper lifting procedures are not observed. Make certain that hoists, chains, slings or cables are in good working condition and of sufficient capacity and that they are positioned so that loads will be balanced and the pump or components will not be damaged when lifting. Suction and discharge hoses and piping must be removed from the pump before lifting. Lift the pump or component only as high as necessary and keep personnel away from suspended objects.

Lifting

Pump unit weights will vary depending on the mounting and drive provided. Check the shipping tag on the unit packaging for the actual weight, and use lifting equipment with appropriate capacity. Drain the pump and remove all customer-installed equipment such as suction and discharge hoses or piping before attempting to lift existing, installed units.

Mounting

Locate the pump in an accessible place as close as practical to the liquid being pumped. Level mounting is essential for proper operation. The pump may have to be supported or shimmed to provide for level operation and eliminate vibration.

For engine driven units, the pump **must** be positioned as level as possible to ensure sufficient lubrication and fuel supply to the engine.

If the pump has been mounted on a moveable base, make certain the base is stationary by setting the brake and blocking the wheels before attempting to operate the pump.



If the pump has been mounted on a mov-

PAGE B – 2 INSTALLATION

able base, do not attempt to operate the pump unless the unit is level. Be sure the leveling stands are positioned on a solid surface, and the wheels are chocked.

SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PIPING

Pump performance is adversely effected by increased suction lift, discharge elevation, and friction losses. See the performance curve and operating range shown on Page E-1 to be sure your overall application allows pump to operate within the safe operation range.

Materials

Either pipe or hose maybe used for suction and discharge lines; however, the materials must be compatible with the liquid being pumped. If hose is used in suction lines, it must be the rigid-wall, reinforced type to prevent collapse under suction. Using piping couplings in suction lines is not recommended.

Line Configuration

Keep suction and discharge lines as straight as possible to minimize friction losses. Make minimum use of elbows and fittings, which substantially increase friction loss. If elbows are necessary, use the long-radius type to minimize friction loss.

Connections to Pump

Before tightening a connecting flange, align it exactly with the pump port. Never pull a pipe line into place by tightening the flange bolts and/or couplings.

Lines near the pump must be independently supported to avoid strain on the pump which could cause excessive vibration, decreased bearing life, and increased shaft and seal wear. If hose-type lines are used, they should have adequate support to secure them when filled with liquid and under pressure.

Gauges

The pump is drilled and tapped for installing discharge pressure and vacuum suction gauges. It is recommended that gauges be installed to monitor pump performance. Seal the gauge threads with pipe dope to ensure an airtight seal. Follow the sealant manufacturer's recommendations when selecting and applying the pipe dope. The pipe dope should be compatible with the liquid being pumped.

SUCTION LINES

To avoid air pockets which could affect pump priming, the suction line must be as short and direct as possible. When operation involves a suction lift, the line must always slope upward to the pump from the source of the liquid being pumped; if the line slopes down to the pump at any point along the suction run, air pockets will be created.

Fittings

Suction lines should be the same size as the pump inlet. If reducers are used in suction lines, they should be the eccentric type, and should be installed with the flat part of the reducers uppermost to avoid creating air pockets. Valves are not normally used in suction lines, but if a valve is used, install it with the stem horizontal to avoid air pockets.

Strainers

Be certain to use the strainer furnished with the pump; any spherical solids which pass through the strainer will also pass through the pump itself.

If a strainer not furnished with the pump is installed by the pump user, make certain that the total area of the openings in the strainer is at least three or four times the cross section of the suction line, and that the openings will not permit passage of solids larger than the solids handling capability of the pump.

This pump is designed to handle up to 4 inch (101 mm) diameter spherical solids.

Sealing

Since even a slight leak will affect priming, head, and capacity, especially when operating with a

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 3

high suction lift, all connections in the suction line should be sealed with pipe dope to ensure an airtight seal. Follow the sealant manufacturer's recommendations when selecting and applying the pipe dope. The pipe dope should be compatible with the liquid being pumped.

Suction Lines In Sumps

If a single suction line is installed in a sump, it should be positioned away from the wall of the sump at a distance equal to 1 1/2 times the diameter of the suction line.

If there is a liquid flow from an open pipe into the sump, the flow should be kept away from the suction inlet because the inflow will carry air down into the sump, and air entering the suction line will reduce pump efficiency.

If it is necessary to position inflow close to the suction inlet, install a baffle between the inflow and the suction inlet at a distance 1-1/2 times the diameter of the suction pipe. The baffle will allow entrained air to escape from the liquid before it is drawn into the suction inlet.

If two suction lines are installed in a single sump, the flow paths may interact, reducing the efficiency of one or both pumps. To avoid this, position the suction inlets so that they are separated by a distance equal to at least 3 times the diameter of the suction pipe.

Suction Line Positioning

The depth of submergence of the suction line is critical to **efficient** pump operation. Figure 2 shows recommended minimum submergence vs. velocity.

Although not recommended, the vacuum assisted priming feature allows the pump to be operated temporarily in a "slurping" application with varying water levels.

NOTE

The pipe submergence required may be reduced by installing a standard pipe increaser fitting at the end of the suction line. The larger opening size will reduce the inlet velocity. Calculate the required submergence using the following formula based on the increased opening size (area or diameter).

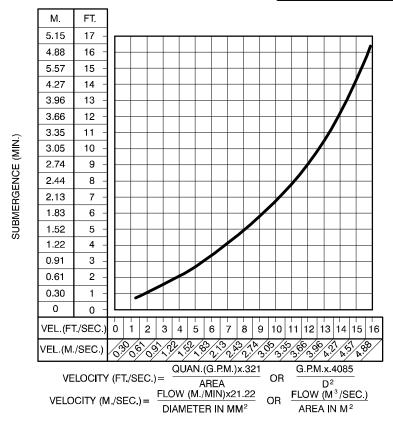


Figure 2. Recommended Minimum Suction Line Submergence vs. Velocity

PAGE B – 4 INSTALLATION

DISCHARGE LINES

Siphoning

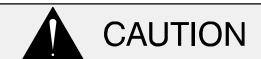
Do not terminate the discharge line at a level lower than that of the liquid being pumped unless a siphon breaker is used in the line. Otherwise, a siphoning action causing damage to the pump could result.

Valves

This pump is designed with a check valve in the discharge line.

If a throttling valve is desired in the discharge line, use a valve as large as the largest pipe to minimize friction losses. Never install a throttling valve in a suction line.

With high discharge heads, it is recommended that a throttling valve be installed in the discharge line to protect the pump from excessive shock pressure and reverse rotation when it is stopped.



If the application involves a high discharge head, gradually close the discharge throttling valve before stopping the pump.

ALIGNMENT

The alignment of the pump and its engine is critical for trouble-free mechanical operation. The driver and pump must be mounted so that their shafts are aligned with and parallel to each other.

When mounted at the Gorman-Rupp factory, driver and pump are aligned before shipment. Misalignment can occur in transit and handling. Pumps should be checked, and realigned if necessary, before being put into operation. Before checking alignment, tighten the hardware securing the pump to the base.



When checking alignment, disconnect

the engine to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.

The axis of the gearbox must be aligned to the axis of the pump shaft in both the horizontal and vertical planes. Most couplings require a specific gap or clearance between the driving and the driven shafts. Refer to the coupling manufacturer's service literature for information.

This pump is furnished with a flexible coupling. To check alignment, use a feeler gauge or a taper gauge between the coupling halves every 90° . The coupling is in alignment when the hubs are the same distance apart at all points.

To check parallel adjustment, lay a straightedge across both coupling halves at the top, bottom, and side. The coupling is in horizontal parallel alignment when the straightedge rests evenly on both halves of the coupling. Use a feeler gauge between the coupling and the straightedge to measure the amount of misalignment.

Coupling and alignment adjustments may be made by loosening the hold-down bolts and shifting the driver and/or pump, or by shimming as required.



Adjusting the alignment in one direction may alter the alignment in another direction. Check each procedure after altering alignment.



Do not operate the pump without the coupling guard in place over the rotating parts. Exposed rotating parts can catch clothing, fingers, or tools, causing severe injury to personnel.

AUTO-START

The standard pump is equipped with an auto-start control system which allows the pump to start and stop as the liquid level in the wet well or sump rises and falls.

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 5

Refer to the information which follows for installation details for the liquid level sensing system provided with your pump.

Float Switch Installation

The Float Switch autostart system employs either a single or double float switch, where a bulb raises or lowers (floats) with the liquid level, thus activating an enclosed miniature switch. The floats are equipped with a socket type connector that plugs into a matching receptacle on the auto-start control box.

Standard floats are equipped with 50 feet (15,2 m) of cable.

When installing the floats, note the following:

a. Be sure to provide sufficient room in the wet well or sump so that floats do not get obstructed or drawn into the suction line. If a flexible suction hose is used, it may be extended to lay along the bottom of the wet well or sump and the float can be attached to the hose above the point where it bends along the bottom. Direct the suction line toward the flow, and the float(s) away from the flow. If a standpipe is available, attach the float switch cable to the standpipe in the sump at the approximate desired liquid level.

- b. In a single float system, the cable can be tethered to the suction line or standpipe approximately 6 inches (152 mm) above the float. This setting allows approximately 9 inches (229 mm) of liquid rise between pump start/stop. The start/stop interval may be increased by extending the float end of the cable. The liquid level in the sump will increase approximately 8 inches (203 mm) between start/stop intervals for every 6 inches (152 mm) of cable increase.
- c. If a double float switch system is used, position the "Start" float at the desired high water level in the sump, and the "Stop" float at the desired low water level in the pump.
- d. Refer to Figure 3 for additional float switch data.

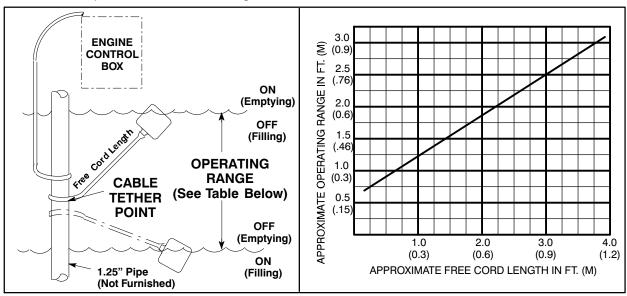


Figure 3. Float Switch Data

PAGE B – 6 INSTALLATION

OPERATION - SECTION C

OPERATION

Review all SAFETY information in Section A.

Follow the instructions on all tags, labels and decals attached to the pump.



Do not operate an internal combustion engine in an explosive atmosphere. When operating an internal combustion engine in an enclosed area, make sure exhaust fumes are piped to the outside. These fumes contain carbon monoxide, a deadly gas that is colorless, tasteless and odorless.



This pump is designed to handle most non-volatile, non-flammable liquids containing specified entrained solids and corrosives. Do not attempt to pump volatile, corrosive, or flammable liquids which may damage the pump or endanger personnel as a result of pump failure.



Pump speed and operating condition points must be within the continuous performance range shown on the performance curve on page E-1.

STARTING

Check the fuel level and oil levels in the engine, air compressor, pump bearings and seal housing.

Make sure the pump is level. Lower the jack stands and chock the wheels, if so equipped.



Make sure the pump is level. Lower jack stands and chock the wheels, if so equipped. Use caution when positioning the skid-mounted unit to prevent damage to the fuel tank.



This pump is equipped with automatic liquid level controls, and is subject to automatic restart. Keep hands and clothing away from the unit to prevent injury during automatic operation. Disconnect the positive battery cable before performing any maintenance. Failure to do so may result in serious personal injury.

Consult the engine operations manual before attempting to start the unit.

Consult the manual accompanying the engine control box and start the pump.

PRIMING

The pump will begin to prime upon startup. The air in the suction line will be discharged from the eductor discharge line. Complete priming is indicated by a positive discharge pressure reading.

If full priming is not achieved, the discharge check valve may be malfunctioning. If this occurs, shut down the pump and consult **Maintenance and Repair**, Section E for further details.

ROUTINE OPERATION

Adjust the engine speed to achieve the desired output. Do not exceed the factory set engine speed

OPERATION PAGE C – 1

and system operating pressure. Do not operate below the recommended operating speed (if applicable).



Never tamper with the governor to gain more power. The governor establishes safe operating limits that should not be exceeded. Refer to the Performance Curve in Section E for the maximum continuous operating speed for this pump.

OPERATION IN EXTREME HEAT

The safety shutdown system will automatically stop the unit if engine operating temperature exceeds design limits. If engine over-temperature shutdown occurs, allow the unit to cool before restarting.

If engine overheating continues, check the engine lubricant level and viscosity. Consult the engine operation manual for the recommended lubricant for operation in extreme heat.

If the unit is being operated in the **automatic** mode, adjust the liquid level device(s) to allow shorter run and longer cooling periods, if possible.

OPERATIONAL CHECKS



The engine powering this unit may be equipped with an EPA-compliant Exhaust After-Treatment (EAT) system, which is designed to reduce the amount of polutants expelled into the atmosphere during operation. Refer to the manual accompanying the engine for a detailed explanation of the engine EAT and follow all instructions in the engine manual to ensure uninterrupted operation of the unit.

Leakage

Once the pump is fully primed, no leakage should be visible at pump mating surfaces, or at pump connections or fittings. Keep all line connections and fittings tight to maintain maximum pump efficiency.

Pump Vacuum Check

Read the vacuum gauge with the pump primed and at operation speed. Shut off the pump. The vacuum gauge reading will immediately drop proportionate to static suction lift, and should then stabilize. If the vacuum reading falls off rapidly after stabilization, an air leak exists. Before checking for the source of the leak, check the point of installation of the vacuum gauge.

Liquid Temperature And Overheating

The **maximum** liquid temperature for this pump is 160°F (71°C). Do not apply it at a higher operating temperature.

Overheating can occur if operated with the valves in the suction or discharge lines closed. Operating against closed valves could bring the liquid to a boil, build pressure, and cause the pump to rupture or explode. If overheating occurs, stop the pump immediately and allow it to completely cool before servicing it. **Approach any over-heated pump cautiously**.



Allow an over-heated pump to completely cool before servicing. Do not remove plates, covers, gauges, or fittings from an overheated pump. Liquid within the pump can reach boiling temperatures, and vapor pressure within the pump can cause parts being disengaged to be ejected with great force. After the pump cools, drain the liquid from the pump by removing the casing drain plug. Use caution when removing the plug to prevent injury to personnel from hot liquid.

PAGE C – 2 OPERATION

Strainer Check

Check the strainer regularly, and clean it as necessary. The strainer should also be checked if pump flow rate begins to drop. Monitor and record the vacuum suction gauge readings regularly to detect strainer blockage.

Never introduce air or steam pressure into the pump casing or piping to remove a blockage. This could result in personal injury or damage to the equipment. If backflushing is absolutely necessary, **liquid pressure** must be limited to 50% of the maximum permissible operating pressure shown on the pump performance curve.

STOPPING

Manual Stopping

In the manual mode, reduce the throttle speed slowly, and allow the engine to idle briefly before shutting down the engine.



If the application involves a high discharge head, gradually close the discharge throttling valve before stopping the pump.

Automatic Stopping

In the automatic mode, the pump will stop when the liquid in the wet well or sump lowers and activates the "Off" liquid level device(s). The pump will restart automatically when the liquid rises and activates the "On" liquid level device(s).

Safety Shutdown System

The unit is equipped with a safety system to automatically shut down the engine under certain conditions.

Displays on the control panel will indicate which of the safety features has caused the engine to shut down. Should any of the safety features cause the engine to shut down, the cause must be determined and corrected before putting the unit back into service.

All safety shutdown features are pre-set at the factory for optimum performance and safety; **do not** attempt to adjust these settings.



Never disconnect any of the safety shutdown features; this will void the warranty and could result in serious damage to the unit and/or injury to personnel. Safety shutdown features are pre-set at the factory; do not attempt to adjust any of the settings. Determine the cause of shutdown before putting the unit back into service. Consult the factory for additional information.

PERIODIC CHECKS

Seal Cavity and Bearing Lubrication

Both the seal and bearing cavities were fully lubricated at the factory. Check the lubrication levels before startup, and regularly thereafter as indicated in Section E, **Maintenance and Repair**. When lubrication is required, use **only** SAE No. 30 non-detergent oil.

Bearing Temperature Check

Bearings normally run at higher than ambient temperatures because of heat generated by friction. Temperatures up to 160°F (71°C) are considered normal for bearings, and they can operate safely to at least 180°F (82°C).

Checking bearing temperatures by hand is inaccurate. Bearing temperatures can be measured accurately by placing a contact-type thermometer against the housing. Record this temperature for future reference.

A sudden increase in bearing temperatures is a warning that the bearings are at the point of failing to operate properly. Make certain that the bearing lubricant is of the proper viscosity and at the correct level (see **LUBRICATION** in Section E, **Main-**

OPERATION PAGE C – 3

tenance and Repair). Bearing overheating can also be caused by shaft misalignment and/or excessive vibration.

When pumps are first started, the bearings may seem to run at temperatures above normal. Continued operation should bring the temperatures down to normal levels.

Engine Fuel Filter

Consult the manual accompanying the engine, and change the fuel filter periodically as indicated. If operated under extremely dusty and/or humid conditions, change the filter more frequently. Irregular performance and loss of power usually indicate a dirty fuel filter.

Engine Oil

The engine was lubricated for test at the factory. However, **always** check the lubrication level before startup.

Consult the manual accompanying the engine, and change the oil filter periodically as indicated. If operated under extremely dusty conditions, change the filter more frequently.

COLD WEATHER PRESERVATION

In below freezing conditions, drain the pump to prevent damage from freezing. Also, clean out any solids by flushing with a hose. Operate the pump for approximately one minute; this will remove any remaining liquid that could freeze the pump rotating parts. If the pump will be idle for more than a few hours, or if it has been pumping liquids containing a large amount of solids, drain the pump, and flush it thoroughly with clean water. To prevent large solids from clogging the drain port and preventing the pump from completely draining, insert a rod or stiff wire in the drain port, and agitate the liquid during the draining process. Clean out any remaining solids by flushing with a hose.

PAGE C – 4 OPERATION

TROUBLESHOOTING - SECTION D

Review all SAFETY information in Section A.



Before attempting to open or service the pump:

- 1. Familiarize yourself with this manual.
- 2. Shut down the engine and disconnect the positive battery cable to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.
- 3. Allow the pump to completely cool if overheated.
- 4. Check the temperature and make sure pump is cool before opening any covers, plates, or plugs.
- 5. Close the suction and discharge valves.
- 6. Vent the pump slowly and cautiously.
- 7. Drain the pump.

7. Drain the pump.						
TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY				
PUMP FAILS TO PRIME	Discharge check valve contaminated, damaged, or unable to seat.	Clean or replace check valve.				
	Air leak in suction line.	Correct leak.				
	Lining of suction hose collapsed.	Replace suction hose.				
	Leaking or worn seal or pump gasket.	Check pump vacuum. Replace leaking or worn seal or gasket.				
	Suction lift or discharge head too high.	check piping installation and install bypass line if needed. See INSTALLATION .				
	Air compressor damaged or belts broken.	Check and repair/replace.				
	Strainer clogged.	Check strainer and clean if necessary.				
PUMP STOPS OR	Eductor clogged.	Check and clean eductor.				
FAILS TO DELIVER	Air leak in suction line.	Correct leak.				
RATED FLOW OR PRESSURE	Lining of suction hose collapsed.	Replace suction hose.				
THEOGOTE	Leaking or worn seal or pump gasket.	Check pump vacuum. Replace leaking or worn seal or gasket.				

TROUBLESHOOTING PAGE D – 1

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
PUMP STOPS OR FAILS TO DELIVER	Strainer clogged.	Check strainer and clean if necessary.
RATED FLOW OR PRESSURE (cont.)	Discharge check valve clogged.	Check and clean check valve.
THEODOTIE (COMM)	Suction intake not submerged at proper level or sump too small.	Check installation and correct submergence as needed.
	Impeller or other wearing parts worn or damaged.	Replace worn or damaged parts. Check that impeller is properly centered and rotates freely.
	Impeller clogged.	Free impeller of debris.
	Discharge head too high.	Install bypass line.
	Suction lift too high.	Measure lift w/vacuum gauge. Reduce lift and/or friction losses in suction line.
	Pump speed too slow.	Check engine output; consult engine operation manual.
	Belt or flexible coupling broken.	Check and replace as necessary.
PUMP REQUIRES	Pump speed too high.	Check engine output.
TOO MUCH POWER	Extreme ambient temperature.	Reduce pump output.
1 OWER	Discharge head too low.	Adjust discharge valve.
	Fuel filter clogged.	Check & replace often in extreme operating conditions.
	Liquid solution too thick.	Dilute if possible.
	Fuel contaminated.	Check and replace as required.
	Pump bearing(s) frozen.	Disassemble, check and replace bearing(s) as required
PUMP CLOGS FREQUENTLY	Discharge flow too slow.	Open discharge valve fully to increase flow rate, and run engine at maximum governed speed.
	Liquid solution too thick.	Dilute if possible.
EXCESSIVE NOISE	Cavitation in pump.	Reduce suction lift and/or friction losses in suction line. Record vacuum and pressure gauge readings and consult local representative or factory.
	Pumping entrained air.	Locate and eliminate source of air bubble.
	Pump or drive not securely mounted.	Secure mounting hardware.
	Impeller clogged or damaged.	Clean out debris; replace damaged parts.

PAGE D – 2 TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
BEARINGS RUN TOO HOT	Bearing temperature is high, but within limits.	Check bearing temperature regularly to monitor any increase.
	Low or incorrect lubricant.	Check for proper type and level of lubricant.
	Suction and discharge lines not properly supported.	Check piping installation for proper support.
	Drive misaligned.	Align drive properly.

PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

Since pump applications are seldom identical, and pump wear is directly affected by such things as the abrasive qualities, pressure and temperature of the liquid being pumped, this section is intended only to provide general recommendations and practices for preventive maintenance. Regardless of the application however, following a routine preventive maintenance schedule will help assure trouble-free performance and long life from your Gorman-Rupp pump. For specific questions concerning your application, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the Gorman-Rupp Company.

Record keeping is an essential component of a good preventive maintenance program. Changes in suction and discharge gauge readings (if so equipped) between regularly scheduled inspections can indicate problems that can be corrected before system damage or catastrophic failure occurs. The appearance of wearing parts should also be documented at each inspection for comparison as well. Also, if records indicate that a certain part (such as the seal) fails at approximately the same duty cycle, the part can be checked and replaced before failure occurs, reducing unscheduled down time.

For new applications, a first inspection of wearing parts at 250 hours will give insight into the wear rate for your particular application. Subsequent inspections should be performed at the intervals shown on the chart below. Critical applications should be inspected more frequently.

TROUBLESHOOTING PAGE D – 3

Preventive Maintenance Schedule						
_	Service Interval*					
Item	Daily	Weekly	Monthly	Semi- Annually	Annually	
General Condition (Temperature, Unusual						
Noises or Vibrations, Cracks, Leaks,						
Loose Hardware, Etc.)	l					
Pump Performance (Gauges, Speed, Flow) Bearing Lubrication	ı	١,			R	
Seal Lubrication (And Packing Adjustment,		'			11	
If So Equipped)		l ı			R	
V-Belts (If So Equipped)			l I			
Air Release Valve Plunger Rod (If So Equipped)			l	С		
Front Impeller Clearance (Wear Plate)				I		
Rear Impeller Clearance (Seal Plate)				l		
Check Valve						
Pressure Relief Valve (If So Equipped)						
Pump and Driver Alignment Shaft Deflection						
Bearings						
Bearing Housing						
Piping					· 	
Driver Lubrication — See Mfgr's Literature						

Legend:

I = Inspect, Clean, Adjust, Repair or Replace as Necessary

C = Clean

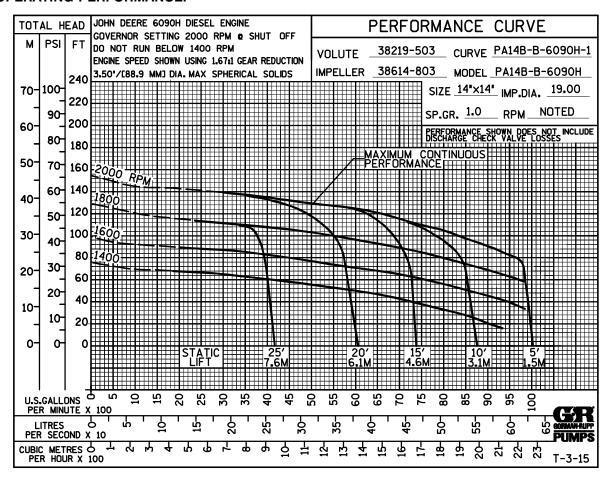
R = Replace

PAGE D – 4 TROUBLESHOOTING

^{*} Service interval based on an intermittent duty cycle equal to approximately 4000 hours annually. Adjust schedule as required for lower or higher duty cycles or extreme operating conditions.

PUMP MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR — SECTION E

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF THE WEARING PARTS OF THE PUMP WILL MAINTAIN PEAK OPERATING PERFORMANCE.



* STANDARD PERFORMANCE FOR PUMP MODEL PA14B60-B-6090H

* Based on 70°F (21°C) clear water at sea level with minimum suction lift. Since pump installations are seldom identical, your performance may be different due to such factors as viscosity, specific gravity, elevation, temperature, and impeller trim.

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is **NOT** a standard production model.

Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify performance or part numbers.



Pump speed and operating condition points must be within the continuous performance range shown on the curve.

OM-05731 PA SERIES

ILLUSTRATION

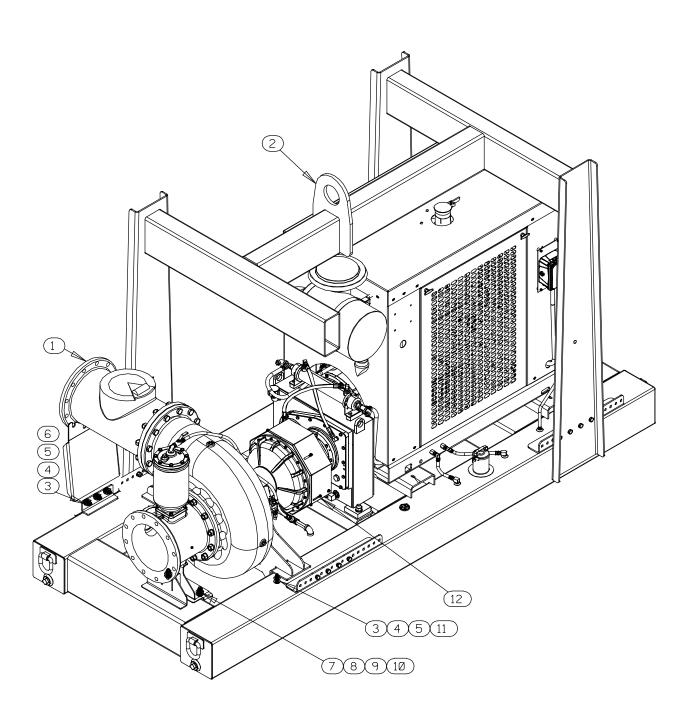


Figure 1. Pump Model PA14B60-B-6090H

PARTS LIST Pump Model PA14B60-B-6090H

(From S/N 1593852 Up)

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is **NOT** a standard production model. Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify part numbers.

ITEM		PART	
NO.	PART NAME	NUMBER	QTY
1	PUMP MODEL ASSY	46133-562	1
2	6090H POWER UNIT	46143—184	1
3	FLAT WASHER	K10 15991	10
4	LOCK WASHER	J10 15991	5
5	HEX NUT	D10 15991	5
6	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1008 15991	3
7	FLAT WASHER	K12 15991	4
8	LOCK WASHER	J12 15991	2
9	HEX NUT	D12 15991	2
10	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1209 15991	2
11	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1010 15991	2
12	COUPLING GUARD ASSEMBLY	42341-058	1
NOT SHOW	/N:		
>	* COUPLING ASSEMBLY	24360-303	1
	PRIME AIRE PLUS DECAL	38812-110	2
	CAUTION DECAL	2613FJ	1
	WARNING DECAL	2613FE	1
	G-R DECAL 6 IN	GR-06	2
	GUARD WARNING DECAL	38816-062	2

^{*} INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

OM-05731 PA SERIES

ILLUSTRATION

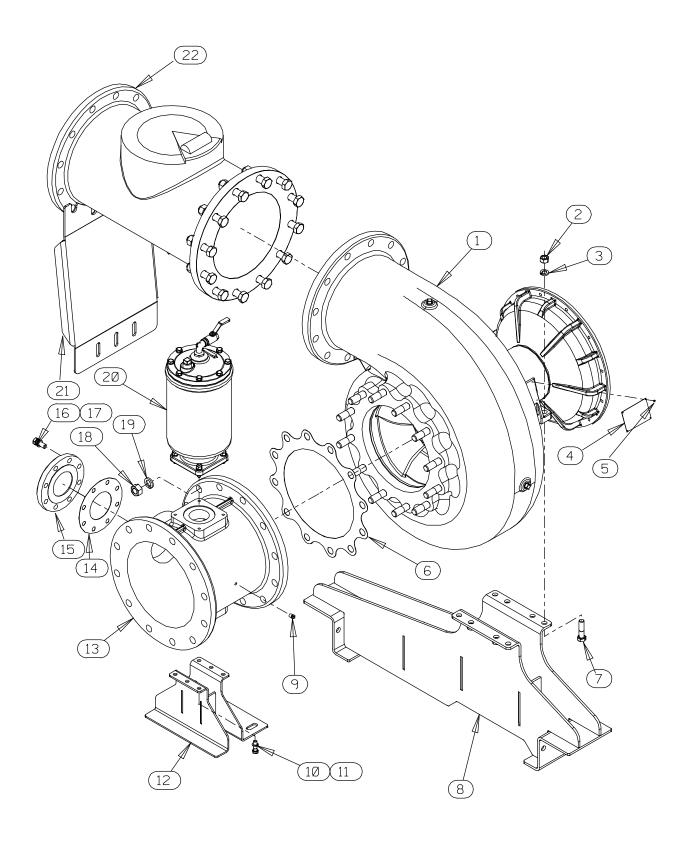


Figure 2. PA14B60-B-(6090H) Pump Assembly

PARTS LIST Pump Model PA14B60—B—(6090H)

1 PUMP ASSEMBLY 46133–561 1 2 HEX NUT D12 15991 4 3 LOCK WASHER J12 15991 4 4 NAMEPLATE 38818–156 13000 1 5 DRIVE SCREW BM#04–03 17000 4 6 GASKET 38685–810 18000 1 7 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1212 15991 4 8 SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888–372 24150 1 9 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 1 10 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 4 11 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0807 15991 4 12 SUCTION SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888–371 24150 1 13 14" SPOOL FLANGE 38642–623 10000 1 14 * GASKET 25113–034 1 15 4" BLIND FLANGE ASSEMBLY 42111–358 1 16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1007 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 8 18	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
3	1	PUMP ASSEMBLY	46133-561	1
4 NAMEPLATE 38818–156 13000 1 5 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 17000 4 6 GASKET 38685–810 18000 1 7 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1212 15991 4 8 SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888–372 24150 1 9 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 1 10 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 4 11 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0807 15991 4 12 SUCTION SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888–371 24150 1 13 14" SPOOL FLANGE 38642–623 10000 1 14 * GASKET 25113–034 1 15 4" BLIND FLANGE ASSEMBLY 42111–358 1 16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1007 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 8 18 HEX NUT D16 15991 8 18 HEX NUT D16 15991 12 20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275–005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34827–006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274–009 1	2	HEX NUT	D12 15991	4
5 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 17000 4 6 GASKET 38685-810 18000 1 7 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1212 15991 4 8 SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888-372 24150 1 9 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 1 10 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 4 11 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0807 15991 4 12 SUCTION SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888-371 24150 1 13 14" SPOOL FLANGE 38642-623 10000 1 14 * GASKET 25113-034 1 15 4" BLIND FLANGE ASSEMBLY 42111-358 1 16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1007 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 12 20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275-005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837-006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274-009 1	3	LOCK WASHER	J12 15991	4
6 GASKET 38685-810 18000 1 7 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1212 15991 4 8 SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888-372 24150 1 9 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 1 10 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 4 11 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0807 15991 4 12 SUCTION SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888-371 24150 1 13 14" SPOOL FLANGE 38642-623 10000 1 14 * GASKET 25113-034 1 15 4" BLIND FLANGE ASSEMBLY 42111-358 1 16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1007 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 8 18 HEX NUT D16 15991 12 19 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 12 20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275-005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837-006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48275-005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837-006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274-009 1 1-14" CHECK VALVE 26642-128 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588BJ 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1	4	NAMEPLATE	38818-156 13000	1
7 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1212 15991 4 8 SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888–372 24150 1 9 PIPE PLUG P04 15079 1 10 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 4 11 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0807 15991 4 12 SUCTION SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888–371 24150 1 13 14" SPOOL FLANGE 38642–623 10000 1 14 ** GASKET 25113–034 1 15 4" BLIND FLANGE ASSEMBLY 42111–358 1 16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1007 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 8 18 HEX NUT D16 15991 12 19 LOCK WASHER J16 15991 12 20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275–005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837–006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274–009 1 -14" CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET 26688–016 1	5	DRIVE SCREW	BM#04-03 17000	4
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10 LOCK WASHER J08 15991 4 11 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B0807 15991 4 12 SUCTION SUPPORT ASSEMBLY 41888–371 24150 1 13 14" SPOOL FLANGE 38642–623 10000 1 14 * GASKET 25113–034 1 15 4" BLIND FLANGE ASSEMBLY 42111–358 1 16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1007 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 8 18 HEX NUT D16 15991 12 19 LOCK WASHER J16 15991 12 20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275–005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837–006 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837–006 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274–009 1 -14" CHECK VALVE 26642–128 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688–015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688–015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688–015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPER 6588BJ 1<	8	SUPPORT ASSEMBLY	41888-372 24150	1
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14 ** GASKET 25113-034 1 15 4" BLIND FLANGE ASSEMBLY 42111-358 1 16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1007 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 8 18 HEX NUT D16 15991 12 19 LOCK WASHER J16 15991 12 20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275-005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837-006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274-009 1 -14" CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274-009 1 ** -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET 26642-128 1 ** -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-016 1 ** -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-015 1 ** -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 25113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 11421A 1 UBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1	12	SUCTION SUPPORT ASSEMBLY	41888-371 24150	1
15 4" BLIND FLANGE ASSEMBLY 42111—358 1 16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1007 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 12 19 LOCK WASHER J16 15991 12 20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275—005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837—006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274—009 1 —14" CHECK VALVE 26642—128 1 —-14" CHECK VALVE 26688—016 1 ——	13	14" SPOOL FLANGE	38642-623 10000	1
16 HEX HEAD CAP SCREW B1007 15991 8 17 LOCK WASHER J10 15991 8 18 HEX NUT D16 15991 12 19 LOCK WASHER J16 15991 12 20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275-005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837-006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274-009 1 -14" CHECK VALVE 26642-128 1 * -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET 26688-016 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 25113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 11421A 1 LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1	14	* GASKET	25113-034	1
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19 LOCK WASHER J16 15991 12 20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275-005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837-006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274-009 1 -14" CHECK VALVE 26642-128 1 * -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET 26688-016 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 25113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1	17	LOCK WASHER	J10 15991	8
20 PRIMING CHAMBER KIT 48275-005 1 21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837-006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274-009 1 -14" CHECK VALVE 26642-128 1 * -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET 26688-016 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 25113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1	18	HEX NUT	D16 15991	12
21 SUPPORT BRACKET 34837-006 15080 1 22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" 48274-009 1 -14" CHECK VALVE 26642-128 1 * -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET 26688-016 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 25113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1	19	LOCK WASHER	J16 15991	12
22 CHECK VALVE KIT 14" -14" CHECK VALVE * -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET * -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-015 * -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 5113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085	20	PRIMING CHAMBER KIT	48275-005	1
-14" CHECK VALVE 26642-128 1 * -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET 26688-016 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 25113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1	21	SUPPORT BRACKET	34837-006 15080	1
* -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET 26688-016 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 25113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1	22	CHECK VALVE KIT 14"	48274-009	1
* -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER 26688-015 1 * -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 25113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1		-14" CHECK VALVE	26642-128	1
* -CHECK VALVE FLANGE GASKET 25113-041 1 NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1	÷	* -CHECK VALVE COVER GASKET	26688-016	1
NOT SHOWN: SUCTION STICKER 6588AG 1 DISCHARGE STICKER 6588BJ 1 G-R DECAL 6 IN GR-06 1 WARNING DECAL 2613FE 1 LUBRICATION DECAL 11421A 1 OIL LEVEL DECAL 38816-123 1 INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1	÷	* -CHECK VALVE FLAPPER	26688-015	1
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INSTRUCTION TAG 38817-085 1		LUBRICATION DECAL	11421A	1
		OIL LEVEL DECAL	38816—123	1
		INSTRUCTION TAG	38817-085	1
14" STRAINER 46641-026 24150 1		14" STRAINER	46641-026 24150	1

^{*} INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

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ILLUSTRATION

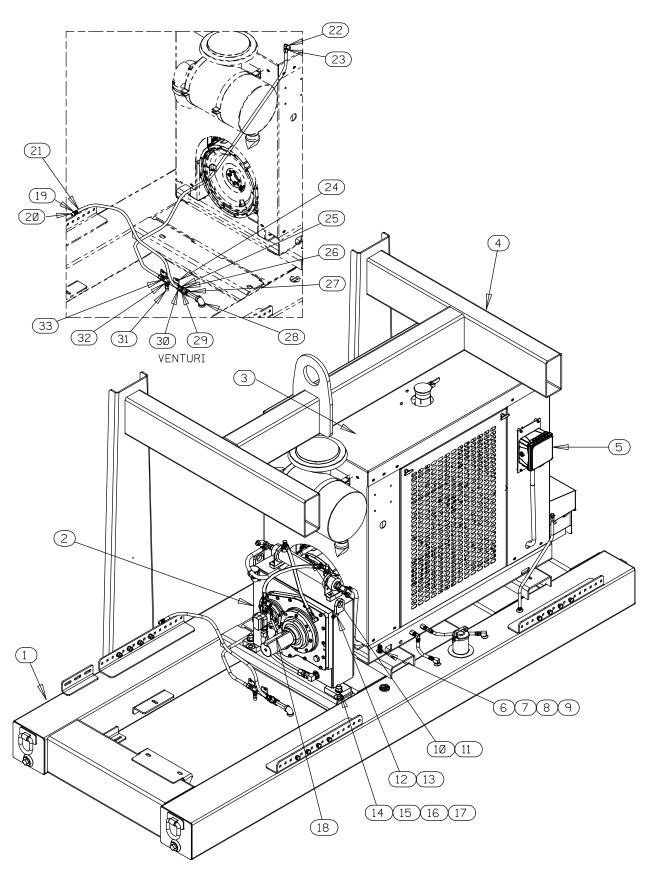


Figure 3. John Deere 6090H Power Unit

PARTS LIST John Deere 6090H Power Unit

ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1	BASE/FUEL TANK ASSY	41553-052 24150	1	36	1/2" ID X 7" LG HOSE	18513-303	.1
2	GEAR BOX	24572-211	1	37	HOSE FITTING ADAPTER	26523-142	2
3	J. D. 6090H ENGINE	29224-363	1	38	1/2" ID X 14" LG HOSE	18513-303]
4 5	LIFT BAIL KIT CONT PANEL INST KIT	44715-055 48122-544	1 1	39	AIR VENT	S1703]
5 6	FLAT WASHER	K10 15991	4	40	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-447	1
7	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1008 15991	4	41	CABLE TIE	27111-218]
, 8	LOCK WASHER	J10 15991	4	42	1/2" ID X 32" LG HOSE	18513-113	1
9	HEX NUT	D10 15991	4	43	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-389	1
10	LOCK WASHER	21171-536	12	44	REDUCER PIPE BUSHING		1
11	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	22645-166	12	45	FUEL PICKUP	29332-149	2
12	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0807 15991	8	46	REDUCER PIPE BUSHING		2
13	LOCK WASHER	J08 15991	8	47	PIPE NIPPLE	T1208 15079	2
14	LOCK WASHER	J16 15991	2	48	3/4" ID X 16" LG HOSE	18513-305	1
15	HEX NUT	D16 15991	2	49	HOSE CLAMP	26518-666	4
16	FLAT WASHER	K16 15991	2	50	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-396	2
17	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1616 15991	2	51	PIPE PLUG	P12 15079	2
18	KEY	N1624 15990	1	52	STREET ELBOW	RS12 11999	2
19	HOSE BARB FTG	26523-047	5	53	PIPE TEE	U12 11999	2
20	CONNECTOR	S1598	3	54	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-399	1
21	HOSE 1/2	18513-113	1	55	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-393	1
22	MALE ELBOW	26341-310	1	56	3/4" ID X 90" LG HOSE	18513-305	1
23	HOSE ASSEMBLY	46341-036	1	57	OIL DRAIN ASSEMBLY	46342-048	1
24	VENTURI MTG BRACKET	41888-201 24150	1	58	BATTERY BOX ASSY	42432-011	1
25	RED PIPE COUPLING	AE1208 15079	i	59	8D BATTERY	29331-528	1
26	RED PIPE COUPLING	AE1608 15079	1	60	2/O CABLE SUB ASS'Y	47311-214	1
27	VENTURI	26817-001	1	61	2/O CABLE SUB ASS'Y	47311-215	1
28	PIPE ELBOW	R16 15079	1	NOT S	HOWN:		
29	1/2" CHECK VALVE	26641-092	1		FLOAT SWITCH	48312-980	1
30	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-061	1		INSTRUCTION DECAL	38818-144	1
31	PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE		1		ENG OPERATING DECAL	38816-347	1
32	PIPE TEE	U08 11999	1		ENGINE STARTUP TAG	38816-269	1
33	CONNECTOR	26351-065	1		WARNING DECAL	38816-203	6
34	SOC HEAD CAP SCREW	BD#10-03S 15991	5		WARNING DECAL	38816-132	2
35	FUEL GAUGE	29332-173	1		FUEL DECAL	38816-196	1

OM-05731 PA SERIES

ILLUSTRATION

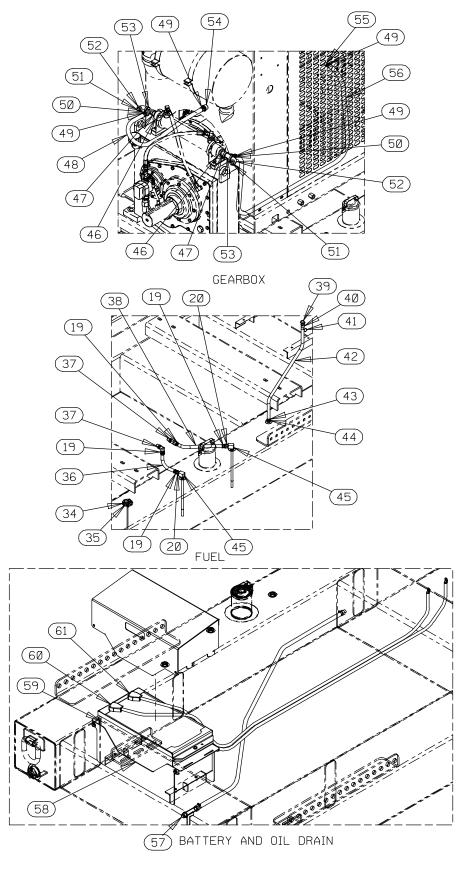


Figure 4. John Deere 6090H Power Unit (Cont'd)

PARTS LIST John Deere 6090H Power Unit (Cont'd)

ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1	BASE/FUEL TANK ASSY	41553-052 24150	1	36	1/2" ID X 7" LG HOSE	18513-303	.1
2	GEAR BOX	24572-211	1	37	HOSE FITTING ADAPTER	26523-142	2
3	J. D. 6090H ENGINE	29224-363	1	38	1/2" ID X 14" LG HOSE	18513-303	1
4	LIFT BAIL KIT	44715-055	1	39	AIR VENT	S1703	1
5	CONT PANEL INST KIT	48122-544	1	40	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-447	1
6	FLAT WASHER	K10 15991	4	41	CABLE TIE	27111-218	1
7	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1008 15991	4	42	1/2" ID X 32" LG HOSE	18513-113	1
8	LOCK WASHER	J10 15991	4	43	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-389	1
9	HEX NUT	D10 15991	4	44	REDUCER PIPE BUSHING	AP0806 15079	1
10	LOCK WASHER	21171-536	12	45	FUEL PICKUP	29332-149	2
11	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	22645-166	12	46	REDUCER PIPE BUSHING	AP3212 11999	2
12	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B0807 15991	8	47	PIPE NIPPLE	T1208 15079	2
13	LOCK WASHER	J08 15991	8	48	3/4" ID X 16" LG HOSE	18513-305	1
14	LOCK WASHER	J16 15991	2	49	HOSE CLAMP	26518-666	4
15	HEX NUT	D16 15991	2	50	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-396	2
16	FLAT WASHER	K16 15991	2	51	PIPE PLUG	P12 15079	2
17	HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1616 15991	2	52	STREET ELBOW	RS12 11999	2
18	KEY	N1624 15990	1	53	PIPE TEE	U12 11999	2
19	HOSE BARB FTG	26523-047	5	54	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-399	1
20	CONNECTOR	S1598	3	55	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-393	1
21 22	HOSE 1/2	18513-113	1	56	3/4" ID X 90" LG HOSE	18513-305	1
	MALE ELBOW	26341 – 310	1	57	OIL DRAIN ASSEMBLY	46342-048	1
23	HOSE ASSEMBLY	46341-036	1	58	BATTERY BOX ASSY	42432-011	1
24 25	VENTURI MTG BRACKET RED PIPE COUPLING	41888-201 24150 451209 15070	1	59	8D BATTERY	29331-528	1
25 26	RED PIPE COUPLING	AE1208 15079 AE1608 15079	1	60	2/O CABLE SUB ASS'Y	47311-214	1
26 27	VENTURI	26817-001	1	61	2/O CABLE SUB ASS'Y	47311-215	1
27 28	PIPE ELBOW	R16 15079	1		SHOWN:	=	•
28 29	1/2" CHECK VALVE	26641-092	1		FLOAT SWITCH	48312-980	1
30	HOSE BARB FITTING	26523-061	1		INSTRUCTION DECAL	38818-144	1
31	PRESSURE RELIEF VALVE		1		ENG OPERATING DECAL	38816-347	1
32	PIPE TEE	U08 11999	1		ENGINE STARTUP TAG	38816-269	1
33	CONNECTOR	26351-065	1		WARNING DECAL	38816-203	6
33 34	SOC HEAD CAP SCREW	BD#10-03S 15991	5		WARNING DECAL	38816-132	2
34 35	FUEL GAUGE	29332-173	5 1		FUEL DECAL	38816-196	1
33	FUEL GAUGE	29332-173	ı	l	FUEL DECAL	30010-190	1

OM-05731 PA SERIES

ILLUSTRATION

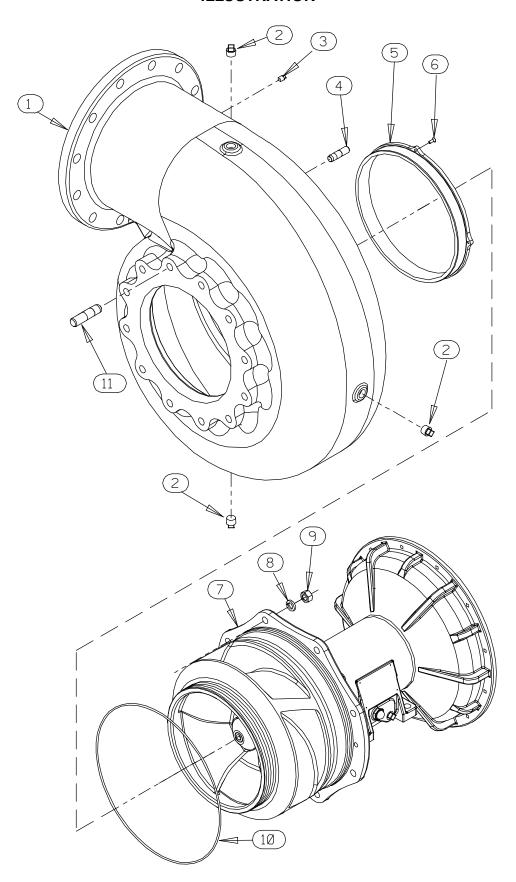


Figure 5. Pump Model Assembly

PARTS LIST Pump Model Assembly

	ITEM NO.		PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
	110.			NONDER	·
	1		PUMP CASING	38219-503 11010	1
F	2		PIPE PLUG	P12 15079	3
F	3		PIPE PLUG	P04 15079	1
I	4		STUD	C1211 15991	8
F	5	*	WEAR RING	38691-640 11010	1
F	6		FLAT HEAD CAP SCREW	F0403 17090	4
	7		REPAIR ROTATING ASSEMBLY	44163-615	1
	8		LOCK WASHER	J12 15991	8
	9		HEX NUT	D12 15991	8
	10	*	O-RING	25152-387	1
	11		STUD	C1616 15991	12
I			INCLUDED W/REPAIR PUMP CASING ASSY	46474—361	1

^{*} INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

OM-05731 PA SERIES

ILLUSTRATION

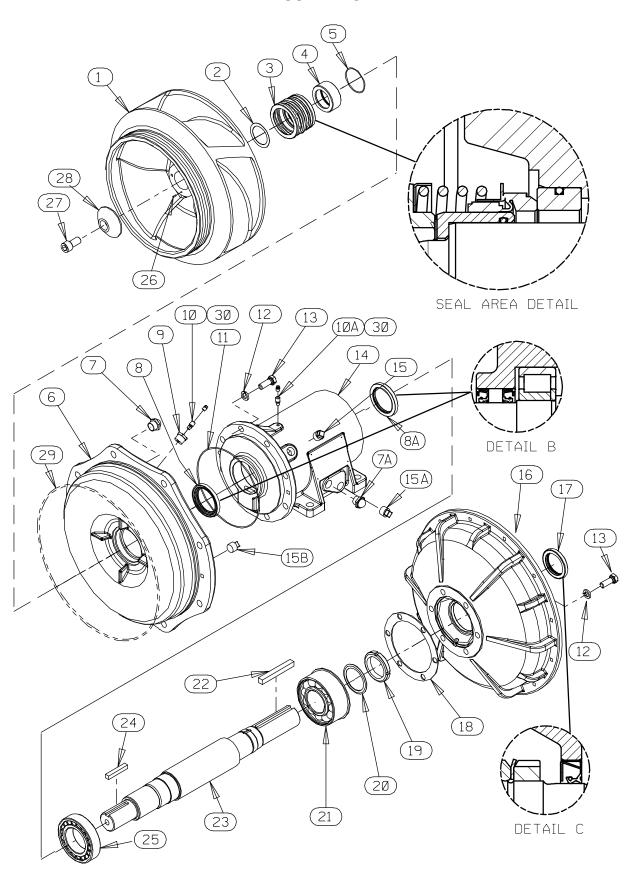


Figure 6. Repair Rotating Assembly

PARTS LIST Repair Rotating Assembly

ITEM NO.		PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1	*	IMPELLED		1
2	*	IMPELLER SHIM SET	38614-803 11010 48261-033	1
3	*	3.25" MECH SEAL	25285-822	1
4	*	SHAFT SLEEVE	31163-022 17000	1
5	*	O-RING	25152—150	1
6		SEAL PLATE	38272-722 11010	1
7		SEAL CAVITY SIGHT GAUGE	S1471	2
7A		BEARING CAVITY SIGHT GAUGE	S1471	2
8	*	LIP SEAL	25227—856	1
8A	*	LIP SEAL	25227—856	1
9		REDUCER PIPE BUSHING	AP1202 15079	1
10		AIR VENT	S1530	1
10A		AIR VENT	S1530	1
11	*	O-RING	25152-177	1
12		LOCK WASHER	J10 15991	14
13		HEX HEAD CAP SCREW	B1007 15991	14
14		PEDESTAL	38257-210 10000	1
15		PIPE PLUG	P12 15079	2
15A		BEARING CAVITY DRAIN PLUG	P12 15079	2
15B		SEAL CAVITY DRAIN PLUG	P12 15079	1
16		BEARING CAP	38322-434 10000	1
17	*	OIL SEAL	25258-845	1
18		BEARING CAP GASKET	38683-664 19060	1
19		BEARING LOCKNUT	23962-015	1
20		LOCKING TAB COLLAR	23962-515	1
21	*	BEARING	23422-417	1
22	*	KEY	N1020 15990	1
23	*	IMPELLER SHAFT	38512-537 16000	1
24	*	KEY	N0812 15990	1
25	*	ROLLER BEARING	23535—001	1
26		ROLL PIN	S2197	1
27		SOCKET HEAD CAP SCREW	BD1206 15990	1
28		IMPELLER WASHER	31167—041 17000	1
29	*	O-RING	25152—387	1
30		SHIPPING PLUG	11495C 15079	2
NOT SH	OWN:			
		INSTRUCTION TAG	6588U	1

^{*} INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

OM-05731 PA SERIES

ILLUSTRATION

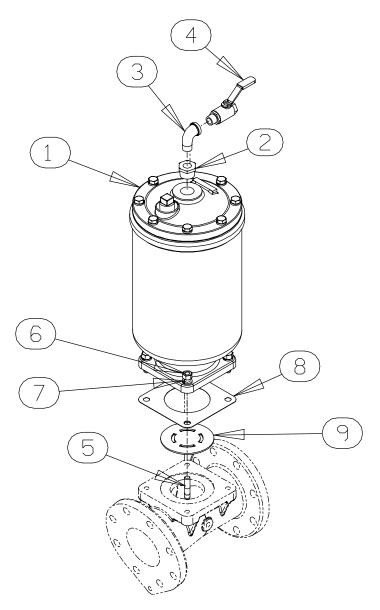


Figure 7. Priming Chamber Kit

ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1	PRIMING CHAMBER ASSY	46112—709	1
2	PIPE BUSHING	AP1608 11999	1
3	STREET ELBOW	RS08 11999	1
4	BALL VALVE	26631-052	1
5	STUD	C0809 15991	4
6	HEX NUT	D08 15991	4
7	LOCK WASHER	J08 15991	4
8 *	GASKET	38687-053 19060	1
9	BAFFLE	31113-011 17000	1

* INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

ILLUSTRATION

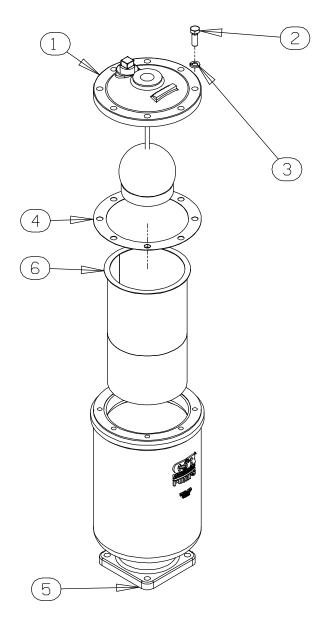


Figure 8. Priming Chamber Assembly PARTS LIST

ITEM NO.		PART NAME	PART NUMBER	QTY
1		PRIMING VALVE	26664-007	1
	*	-ORIFICE BUTTON	26688-021	1
2		HEX HD CAPSCREW	B0806 15991	8
3		LOCKWASHER	J08 15991	8
4	*	PRIMING VALVE GASKET	38683-657 19060	1
5		PRIMING CHAMBER	38343-020 10000	1
6		STRAINER ASSY	46641-222 17000	1

^{*} INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

PUMP AND SEAL DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

Review all SAFETY information in Section A.

Follow the instructions on all tags, label and decals attached to the pump.

This pump requires little service due to its rugged, minimum-maintenance design. However, if it becomes necessary to inspect or replace the wearing parts, follow these instructions which are keyed to the illustrations (see Figures 1 through 8) and the corresponding Parts Lists. Maintenance and repair instructions for the engine is covered separately in specific literature available from the manufacturer.

This manual will alert personnel to known procedures which require special attention, to those which could damage equipment, and to those which could be dangerous to personnel. However, this manual cannot possibly anticipate and provide detailed precautions for every situation that might occur during maintenance of the unit. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the owner/maintenance personnel to ensure that **only** safe, established maintenance procedures are used, and that any procedures not addressed in this manual are performed **only** after establishing that neither personal safety nor pump integrity are compromised by such practices.

Some pump service functions may be performed without separating the pump end assembly from the engine. However, the priming chamber (20, Figure 2) and discharge check valve assembly (22, Figure 2) must be removed to service most pump components. The following instructions assume complete disassembly of the pump is required.

Before attempting to service the pump, shut down the engine and take precautions to ensure that it will remain inoperative. Close all valves in the suction and discharge lines and drain the pump casing by removing the lowermost pipe plug (2, Figure 5). Clean and reinstall the plug.



This manual will alert personnel to known procedures which require special attention, to those which could damage equipment, and to those which could be dangerous to personnel. However, this manual cannot possibly anticipate and provide detailed instructions and precautions for every situation that might occur during maintenance of the unit. Therefore, it is the responsibility of the owner/maintenance personnel to ensure that only safe, established maintenance procedures are used, and that any procedures not addressed in this manual are performed only after establishing that neither personal safety nor pump integrity are compromised by such practices.



Before attempting to open or service the pump:

- Familiarize yourself with this manual.
- 2. Shut down the engine and disconnect the positive battery cable to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.
- 3. Allow the pump to completely cool if overheated.
- 4. Check the temperature and make sure it is cool before opening any covers, plates, gauges, or plugs.
- 5. Close the suction and discharge valves.
- 6. Vent the pump slowly and cautiously.
- 7. Drain the pump.



Death or serious personal injury and damage to the pump or components

can occur if proper lifting procedures are not observed. Make certain that hoists, chains, slings or cables are in good working condition and of sufficient capacity and that they are positioned so that loads will be balanced and the pump or components will not be damaged when lifting. Suction and discharge hoses and piping must be removed from the pump before lifting. Lift the pump or component only as high as necessary and keep personnel away from suspended objects.



CAUTION

Use **only** replacement parts provided or approved by Gorman-Rupp. Use of non-authorized parts may result in damage to the equipment and/or injury to personnel and **will** invalidate the warranty.

Priming Chamber Removal and Disassembly

(Figure 7)

Disconnect both the suction piping and the air discharge tubing from the priming chamber assembly (20, Figure 2). Support the priming chamber assembly using a sling and a suitable lifting device. Remove the hardware (6 and 7) and separate the priming chamber assembly, gasket (8) and baffle (9) from the spool (13, Figure 2).

(Figure 8)

Remove the hardware (2 and 3) securing the priming valve (1) to the priming chamber (5). Carefully lift the valve components from the priming chamber. Remove the gasket (4) and clean the mating surfaces.

If the priming valve float is stuck or the strainer (6) is clogged, it can usually be cleaned without further disassembly.

The only serviceable part of the priming valve is the orifice button (not shown). If liquid continues to bypass through the priming chamber after adjusting the orifice button (see **Priming Chamber Reassembly and Installation** for adjustment), the but-

ton may require replacement. To replace the orifice button, remove one of the "e-clips" from the pivot pin closest to the orifice button and remove the pivot pin. This will allow the linkage to be raised high enough to access the orifice button.

Remove the hex nut and lock washer securing the orifice button to the linkage bar and unscrew the orifice button from the linkage bar.

Discharge Check Valve Removal and Disassembly

(Figure 2)

Remove the hardware (not shown) securing the discharge check valve bracket to the base.

Support the discharge check valve assembly (22) using a sling and a suitable lifting device. Remove the attaching hardware and separate the discharge check valve assembly and gasket from the pump assembly (1).

The flapper and cover O-ring are the only serviceable parts of the check valve. If the flapper requires replacement, remove the hardware securing the cover. Separate the cover and O-ring and remove the flapper.

Pump Casing Removal

(Figure 5)

Remove the uppermost pipe plug (2) from the pump casing and install a lifting eye in the hole. Be sure to screw the lifting eye tightly into the hole as far as it will go. Attach a sling and suitable lifting device to the lifting eye and support the pump casing.

Remove the hardware (8 and 9) and use the lifting device to pull the pump casing straight away from the rotating assembly (7).

Remove and discard the pump casing O-ring (10).

Inspect the wear ring (5) for excessive wear and scoring. If replacement is required, remove the screws (6) securing it to the pump casing. Install four 3/4–16 UNC–2B capscrews (not supplied) in the holes in the wear ring and use the screws to press the wear ring out of the pump casing.

Draining Oil From Seal Cavity

(Figure 6)

If any further disassembly is to be performed on the pump, the seal oil cavity must be drained to pre-

vent the oil in the seal cavity from escaping as the impeller is removed.

Position a **clean** container under the seal cavity drain plug (15B). Remove the plug and drain the oil from the seal cavity into the container. For shorter drain time, remove the air vent (10). When the oil is drained, clean and reinstall the drain plug and air vent. Inspect the oil for water, dirt or a cloudy condition which could indicate seal failure.

Impeller Removal

(Figure 6)

With the pump casing removed, use an impact wrench with a hex key to loosen the impeller capscrew (27). Remove the capscrew, impeller washer (28) and roll pin (26).

Use a suitable three-jawed puller to remove the impeller (1) and key (24) from the shaft (23). Use caution when removing the impeller; tension on the shaft seal spring will be released as the impeller is removed.

NOTE

An alternate method of removing the impeller is to insert a pair of wedges 180° apart between the impeller and seal plate (6). Tap the wedges evenly in an alternating pattern to "walk" the impeller off the shaft.

Remove the impeller adjusting shims (2); tie and tag the shims, or measure and record their thickness for ease of reassembly.

Inspect the impeller and replace if cracked or badly worn.

Seal Removal

(Figures 6 and 9)

Remove the spring centering washer and seal spring. Slide the shaft sleeve (4) and rotating portion of the seal off the shaft as a unit.

Apply oil to the shaft sleeve and work it up under the rubber bellows. Slide the rotating portion of the seal off the shaft sleeve. Remove the shaft sleeve O-ring (5). Use a pair of stiff wires with hooked ends to remove the stationary element from the seal plate bore.

An alternate method of removing the stationary seal components is to remove the hardware (12 and 13) and separate the seal plate from the pedestal (14). Position the seal plate on a flat surface with the impeller side down. Use a wooden dowel or other suitable tool to press on the back side of the stationary element until the element and its Oring can be removed.

Remove and discard the seal plate O-ring (29) and bearing housing O-ring (11).

If no further disassembly is required, refer to **Seal Installation**.

Separating Pedestal From Gearbox

(Figure 1)

Further disassembly requires separating the pedestal from the base assembly (1, Figure 3). Disengage the hardware securing the coupling guard (12) and remove the guard.

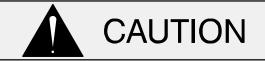
Remove the hardware securing the drive coupling (not shown) to the gearbox and impeller shafts and separate the halves of the coupling.

Support the pedestal using a hoist and sling. See Figure 2 and remove the hardware (2, 3 and 7) securing the pedestal to the support assembly (8).

Move the pedestal to a clean, well equipped shop area for further disassembly.

Shaft and Bearing Removal and Disassembly (Figure 6)

When the pump is properly operated and maintained, the bearing housing should not require disassembly. Disassemble the shaft and bearings **only** when there is evidence of wear or damage.



Shaft and bearing disassembly in the field is not recommended. These operations should be performed only in a properly equipped shop by qualified personnel.

Remove the bearing housing drain plug (15A) and drain the lubricant. Clean and reinstall the drain plug.

If not removed with the seal assembly, remove the hardware (12 and 13) and separate the seal plate (6) from the pedestal (14). Remove the pedestal O-ring (11).

Disengage the hardware (12 and 13) and remove the bearing cap (16), gasket (18) and oil seal (17). Press the oil seal from the drive flange.

Place a block of wood against the impeller end of the shaft (23) and tap the shaft and assembled bearings (21 and 25) from the bearing housing.

Press the oil seals (8 and 8A) from the pedestal.

After removing the shaft and bearings, clean and inspect the bearings **in place** as follows.



To prevent damage during removal from the shaft, it is recommended that bearings be cleaned and inspected **in place**. It is **strongly** recommended that the bearings be replaced **any** time the shaft and bearings are removed.

Clean the bearing housing, shaft and all component parts (except the bearings) with a soft cloth soaked in cleaning solvent. Inspect the parts for wear or damage and replace as necessary.



Most cleaning solvents are toxic and flammable. Use them only in a well ventilated area free from excessive heat, sparks, and flame. Read and follow all precautions printed on solvent containers.

Clean the bearings thoroughly in **fresh** cleaning solvent. Dry the bearings with filtered compressed air and coat with light oil.



Bearings must be kept free of all dirt and foreign material. Failure to do so will greatly shorten bearing life. **Do not** spin dry bearings. This may scratch the balls or races and cause premature bearing failure.

Rotate the bearings by hand to check for roughness or binding and inspect the bearing rollers and balls. If rotation is rough or the rollers or bearing balls are discolored, replace the bearings.

The bearing tolerances provide a tight press fit onto the shaft and a snug slip fit into the pedestal. Replace the bearings, shaft, or pedestal if the proper bearing fit is not achieved.

If bearing replacement is required, straighten the tab on the bearing lock washer (20). Use a spanner wrench to remove the bearing lock nut (19). Remove the bearing lock washer.

Use a bearing puller to remove the inboard and outboard bearings from the shaft.

Shaft and Bearing Reassembly and Installation (Figure 6)

Inspect the shaft (25) for distortion, nicks or scratches, or for thread damage on the impeller end. Dress small nicks and burrs with a fine file or emery cloth. Replace the shaft if defective.

Clean and inspect the bearings as indicated in **Shaft and Bearing Removal and Disassembly**.



To prevent damage during removal from the shaft, it is recommended that bearings be cleaned and inspected **in place**. It is **strongly** recommended that the bearings be replaced **any** time the shaft and bearings are removed.

The bearings may be heated to ease installation. An induction heater, hot oil bath, electric oven, or

hot plate may be used to heat the bearings. Bearings should **never** be heated with a direct flame or directly on a hot plate.

NOTE

If a hot oil bath is used to heat the bearings, both the oil and the container must be **absolutely** clean. If the oil has been previously used, it must be **thoroughly** filtered.

NOTE

Position the outboard bearing (21) on the shaft with the retaining ring on the bearing O.D. **toward the drive end of the shaft**. The inboard bearing (27) is equipped with a flange ring that is shipped loose with the bearing. Install the flange ring on the shaft prior to heating and installing the bearings.

Heat the bearings to a uniform temperature **no higher than** 250 °F (120 °C) and slide the bearings onto the shaft, one at a time, until they are fully seated against the shaft shoulders. This should be done quickly, in one continuous motion, to prevent the bearings from cooling and sticking on the shaft.

After the bearings have been installed and allowed to cool, check to ensure that they have not moved during cooling. If movement has occurred, use a suitably sized sleeve and a press to reposition the bearings against the shaft shoulders.

If heating the bearings is not practical, use a suitably sized sleeve and an arbor (or hydraulic) press to install the bearings on the shaft.



When installing the bearings onto the shaft, **never** press or hit against the outer race, balls, rollers or cage. Press **only** on the inner race.



It is recommended that a new bearing lock washer (20) be installed any time the shaft and bearings are disassembled. Re-use of an old lock washer may create a pre-load condition on the bearing, resulting in premature bearing failure.

Install the bearing lockwasher (20) and screw the bearing locknut (19) onto the shaft until tight. Torque the bearing lock nut to (150 ft. lbs. (20,8 m. kg.). After torquing, locate the tab on the lock washer that aligns with a slot in the lock nut and bend the tab over into the slot.

Apply a light coating of oil to the lip of the inboard oil seal (8A) and press it into the pedestal bore with the lip positioned as shown in Figure 6. Press the oil seal into the pedestal until the face is **just flush** with the machined surface on the pedestal.

It is recommended that a sleeve be positioned against the inboard oil seal to prevent the lip of the oil seal from rolling as the shaft and bearings are installed in the pedestal. The O.D. of the sleeve should be just smaller than the bearing housing bore, while the I.D. of the sleeve should be just larger than the O.D. of the lip seal area of the shaft.

With the lip seal sleeve in place, lubricate the lip seal area of the shaft and slide the shaft and assembled bearings into the bearing housing until the retaining ring on the outboard bearing seats against the pedestal. Remove the lip seal sleeve.



When installing the shaft and bearings into the bearing bore, push against the outer race. **Never** hit the balls, rollers or cages.

Apply a light coating of oil to the lip of the outboard oil seal (8) and press it into the pedestal with the lip positioned as shown in Figure 6. The face of the oil seal should be **just flush** with the outer face of the bearing cap.

Apply a light coating of oil to the lip of the oil seal (17) and press it into the drive flange (16) with the lip positioned as shown in Figure 6. The oil seal should be centered in the flange bore.

Install the gasket (18) and slide the assembled drive flange and oil seal over the impeller shaft. Use caution not to cut or roll the lip of the oil seal (17) on the shaft keyway. Secure the drive flange to the pedestal with the hardware (12 and 13). Torque the capscrews (13) to 60 ft. lbs. (8,3 m. kg.).

Lubricate the bearings as indicated in **LUBRICA-TION** at the end of this section.

Securing Pedestal to Gearbox and Base

(Figure 1)

Install the shaft key (22, Figure 6) in the shaft keyway.

See Figure 2 and use a suitable lifting device to position the pedestal assembly on the support (8) and secure it with the previously removed hardware (2, 3 and 7).

Realign the halves of the coupling as described in Installation, Section B and secure them to the gearbox and pedestal shafts.

Reinstall the coupling guard (12, Figure 1) and secure it with the previously removed hardware.

Seal Reassembly and Installation

(Figures 6 and 9)



Most cleaning solvents are toxic and flammable. Use them only in a well ventilated area free from excessive heat, sparks, and flame. Read and follow all precautions printed on solvent containers.

Clean the seal cavity and shaft with a cloth soaked in fresh cleaning solvent. Inspect the stationary seat bore in the seal plate for dirt, nicks and burrs, and remove any that exist. The stationary seat bore **must** be completely clean before installing the seal.



A new seal assembly should be installed **any time** the old seal is removed from the pump. Wear patterns on the finished faces cannot be realigned during reassembly. Reusing an old seal could result in premature failure.

To ease installation of the seal, lubricate the stationary element O-ring with a very **small** amount of light lubricating oil. See Figure 9 for seal part identification.

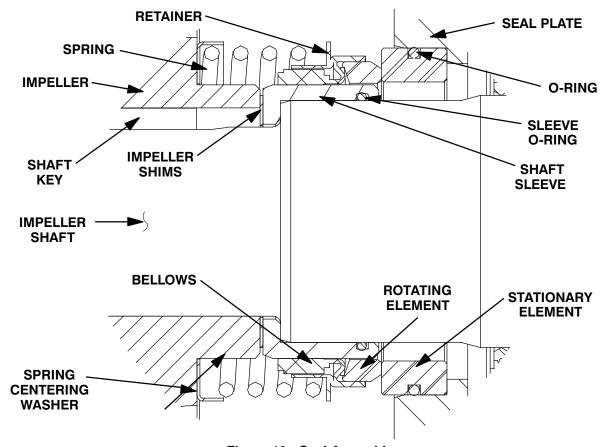


Figure 10. Seal Assembly



This seal is not designed for operation at temperatures above 160°F (71°C). Do not use at higher operating temperatures.

If the seal plate (6) was removed, lubricate the pedestal O-ring (11) with grease and install it on the pedestal shoulder. Position the seal plate over the shaft and secure it to the pedestal with the hardware (12 and 13).

Press the stationary element and its O-ring into the seal plate until fully seated in the seal plate bore. A push tube cut from a length of plastic pipe would aid this process. The I.D. of the tube should be slightly larger than the O.D. of the shaft sleeve (7).

Install the shaft sleeve O-ring (5) in the groove in the I.D. of the sleeve. Lubricate the O-ring and the O.D. of the shaft sleeve with "P-80[®] Emulsion" or water. **Do not** use oil or any substitute lubricant other than water.

Slide the rotating subassembly (consisting of the rotating element, retainer and bellows) onto the sleeve until the rotating element is **just flush** with the chamfered end of the sleeve. Slide the shaft sleeve and rotating subassembly onto the shaft until the seal faces contact and the shaft sleeve seats against the shoulder on the impeller shaft. Install the seal spring and spring centering washer.

Lubricate the seal assembly as indicated in LUBRICATION, after the impeller has been installed.

Impeller Installation and Adjustment (Figure 6)

Inspect the impeller (1) and replace it if cracked or badly worn.

Install the same thickness of adjusting shims (2) as previously installed. Install the impeller key (24) in the shaft keyway. Align the keyway in the impeller with the shaft key and press the impeller onto the shaft until fully seated.

A clearance of .025 to .040 inch (0,64 to 1,02 mm) between the impeller and the seal plate is neces-

sary for maximum pump efficiency. Measure this clearance and add or remove impeller adjusting shims as required.

Apply 'Loctite Retaining Compound No. 242' or equivalent to the threads of the impeller capscrew (27). Install the roll pin (26) in the hole in the impeller. Position the impeller washer over the end of the impeller shaft so the hole in the washer aligns with the roll pin. Block impeller rotation as described in **Impeller Removal** and torque the impeller capscrew to 200 ft. lbs. (27,6 m. kg.).

Pump Casing and Wear Ring Installation (Figure 5)

If the wear ring (5) was removed, position the replacement wear ring in the pump casing (1) so the holes in the wear ring for the screws (6) align with the tapped holes in the pump casing and use an arbor (or hydraulic) press to press it into the casing until fully seated. Apply 'Loctite Retaining Compound No. 242' or equivalent to the threads of the screws (6) and use the screws to secure the wear ring to the pump casing.

Lubricate the O-ring (10) with light grease and install it in the groove in the O.D. of the seal plate. Install a lifting eye in the uppermost hole in the pump casing (1) for the pipe plug (2). Be sure to screw the lifting eye tightly into the hole as far as it will go. Attach a sling and suitable lifting device to the lifting eye and use the lifting device to position the pump casing over the rotating assembly. Install the hardware (8 and 9) on the studs (4) and use the hardware to fully seat the pump casing against the seal plate (6, Figure 6).

Remove the lifting eye from the pump casing and reinstall the pipe plug (2).

Discharge Check Valve Reassembly and Installation

(Figure 2)

If the discharge check valve (22) was disassembled to replace the flapper or cover gasket, position the flapper in the valve body and check to ensure free movement.

Install the valve cover gasket and secure the cover to the body with the previously removed hardware.

Apply a small amount of light grease to the discharge flange gasket to hold it in place and position it against the pump casing flange. Support the discharge check valve assembly using a sling and a suitable lifting device. Using the previously removed hardware, secure the discharge check valve assembly and flange gasket to the pump assembly (1). Secure the discharge check valve to its support bracket using the previously removed hardware.

Priming Chamber Assembly and Installation

(Figure 8)

Clean and inspect the components of the priming valve (1). Inspect the linkage and ensure the orifice button (not shown) squarely engages the valve seat. Replace the orifice button if required (see **Priming Chamber Removal and Disassembly** for orifice button removal).

If the orifice button was removed, screw the new orifice button into the linkage bar until fully seated. Align the hole in the linkage bar with the holes in the bracket and reinstall the pivot pin. Secure the pivot pin with the previously removed "e-clip".

Adjust the orifice button seating as necessary by screwing the orifice button into or out of the linkage bar. Proper adjustment is achieved when the orifice button fully seats against the orifice before the linkage bar on the float bottoms against the threads on the orifice button. When adjustment is complete, install and tighten the lock washer and hex nut securing the orifice button.

Install the strainer (6) and priming valve gasket (4).

Lower the float into the priming chamber (5) and secure the priming valve with the previously removed hardware (2 and 3).

(Figure 7)

Install the baffle and gasket (8 and 9) and use a sling and suitable lifting device to position the priming chamber assembly on the pump suction spool (13, Figure 2). Secure the priming chamber assembly with the hardware (6 and 7).

Reconnect both the suction piping and the air discharge tubing to the priming chamber assembly.

LUBRICATION

Seal Assembly

(Figure 6)

Before starting the pump, remove the air vent (10) and fill the seal cavity with approximately 240 ounces (7 liters) of SAE No. 30 non-detergent oil to the center of the sight gauge (7). Clean and reinstall the vented plug. Check the oil level regularly and maintain it at the middle of the sight gauge.

Bearings

(Figure 6)

The bearing housing was fully lubricated when shipped from the factory. Check the oil level regularly through the sight gauge (7A) and maintain it at the midpoint of the gauge. When lubrication is required, remove the air vent (10A) and add SAE No. 30 non-detergent oil through the opening. When lubricating a dry (overhauled) intermediate, fill the bearing cavity with approximately 50 ounces (1,5 liters). Clean and reinstall the air vent. **Do not** overlubricate. Over-lubrication can cause the bearings to over-heat, resulting in premature bearing failure.

NOTE

The white reflector in the sight gauge must be positioned horizontally to provide proper drainage.

Under normal conditions, drain the bearing housing once each year and refill with clean oil. Change the oil more frequently if the pump is operated continuously or installed in an environment with rapid temperature change.



Monitor the condition of the bearing lubricant regularly for evidence of rust or moisture condensation. This is especially important in areas where variable hot and cold temperatures are common.

For cold weather operation, consult the factory or a lubricant supplier for the recommended grade of oil

Engine

Consult the literature supplied with the engine, or contact your local engine representative.

For Warranty Information, Please Visit www.grpumps.com/warranty or call:

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