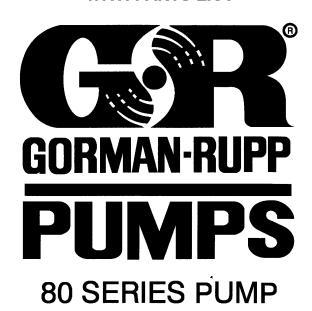
INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

WITH PARTS LIST



MODEL

84A52-B

INCLUDING: /FM

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INTRODUCTION

This Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Manual is designed to help you achieve the best performance and longest life from your Gorman-Rupp pump.

This pump is an 80 Series, semi-open impeller, self-priming centrifugal model with a suction check valve. The pump is designed for handling dirty water containing specified entrained solids. The basic material of construction for wetted parts is gray iron, with gray iron impeller and steel wearing parts. Be sure the liquid being pumped is compatible with these materials.

If there are any questions regarding the pump or its application which are not covered in this manual or in other literature accompanying this unit, please contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor, or write:

The Gorman-Rupp Company P.O. Box 1217 Mansfield, Ohio 44901-1217 5

Gorman-Rupp of Canada Limited 70 Burwell Road St. Thomas, Ontario N5P 3R7

For information or technical assistance on the power source, contact the power source manufacturer's local dealer or representative.

The following are used to alert maintenance personnel to procedures which require special attention, to those which could damage equipment, and to those which could be dangerous to personnel:

NOTE

Instructions to aid in installation, operation, and maintenance or which clarify a procedure.

CAUTION

Instructions which must be followed to avoid causing damage to the product or other equipment incidental to the installation. These instructions describe the requirements and the possible damage which could result from failure to follow the procedures.

Introduction Page I-1

WARNINGS - SECTION A

THESE WARNINGS APPLY TO 80 SERIES BASIC PUMPS. GORMAN-RUPP HAS NO CONTROL OVER OR PARTICULAR KNOWLEDGE OF THE POWER SOURCE WHICH WILL BE USED. REFER TO THE MANUAL ACCOMPANYING THE POWER SOURCE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO BEGIN OPERATION.

		WARNING
//// //	7///////	//////////////////////////////////////
 []	Before a	attempting to open or service the pump: //
//////////////////////////////////////	2. 1 3. 4 4. 5 5. 6	Familiarize yourself with this manual. Lock out the power source to ensure that the pump // will remain inoperative. Allow the pump to cool if overheated. Vent the pump slowly and cautiously. Close the suction and discharge valves. Check the temperature before opening any covers, // plates, or plugs. Drain the pump.
//		//
////	////////	///////////////////////////////////////
		WARNING
////	///////	//////////////////////////////////////
// // //	specificatile,	ump is designed to pump dirty water containing // ed entrained solids. Do not attempt to pump vol- // flammable or corrosive liquids which may damage // p or endanger personnel as a result of pump fail- //
//	7//////	// ///////////////////////////////////
		WARNING
//// //	1111111	WARNING ///////////////////////////////////
//	the pur	the pump has been positioned, make certain that //mp and all piping connections are tight, properly //ed and secure before operation. //
	///////	
		WARNING
////	7//////	//////////////////////////////////////
	place o	operate the pump without shields and/or guards in // over rotating parts. Exposed rotating parts can // lothing, fingers, or tools, causing severe injury // onnel.
	////////	// ///////////////////////////////////

Section A.

//

//

//

Overheated pumps can cause severe burns and injury. If overheating of the pump occurs:

- 1. Stop the pump immediately.
- 2. Allow the pump to cool.
- 3. Refer to instructions in this manual before restarting the pump.

````

//
// Do not remove plates, covers, gauges, pipe plugs, or
// fittings from an overheated pump. Vapor pressure within
// the pump can cause parts being disengaged to be ejected
// with great force. Allow the pump to cool before servicing.
//

INSTALLATION - SECTION B

Since pump installations are seldom identical, this section offers only general recommendations and practices required to inspect, position, and arrange the pump and piping.

Most of the information pertains to a standard **static lift application** where the pump is positioned above the free level of liquid to be pumped.

If installed in a **flooded suction application** where the liquid is supplied to the pump under pressure, some of the information such as mounting, line configuration, and priming must be tailored to the specific application. Since the pressure supplied to the pump is critical to performance and safety, **be sure** to limit the incoming pressure to 50% of the maximum permissible operating pressure as shown on the pump performance curve.

For further assistance, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the Gorman-Rupp Company.

Pump Dimensions

See Figure 1 for the approximate physical dimensions of this pump.

Section B. Page B-1

OUTLINE DRAWING

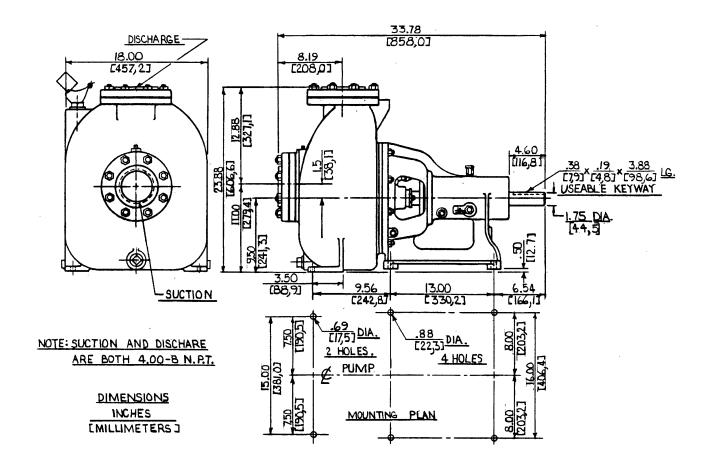


Figure 1. Pump Model 84A52-B

PREINSTALLATION INSPECTION

The pump assembly was inspected and tested before shipment from the factory. Before installation, inspect the pump for damage which may have occurred during shipment. Check as follows:

- a. Inspect the pump for cracks, dents, damaged threads, and other obvious damage.
- b. Check for and tighten loose bolts, nuts, capscrews, and other attaching hardware. Since gaskets tend to shrink after drying, check for and tighten loose nuts and capscrews securing mating surfaces.
- c. Carefully read all warning and cautions contained in this manual, and perform all duties indicated. Note the direction of rotation indicated

Page B-2 Section B.

on the pump. Check that the pump shaft rotates counterclockwise facing the pump suction.

CAUTION

Only operate this pump in the direction indicated by the arrow on the pump body and on the accompanying decal. Otherwise, the impeller could become loosened from the shaft and seriously damage the pump.

- d. Check all lubricant levels and lubricate as necessary. Refer to LUBRI-CATION in the MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR section of this manual and perform duties as instructed.
- e. If the pump and power source have been stored for more than 12 months, some of the components or lubricants may have exceeded their maximum shelf life. These must be inspected or replaced to ensure maximum pump service.

If the maximum shelf life has been exceeded, or if anything appears to be abnormal, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the factory to determine the repair or updating policy. Do not put the pump into service until appropriate action has been taken.

POSITIONING PUMP

Lifting

Use lifting equipment with a capacity of a least 2,000 pounds. This pump weighs approximately 400 pounds, not including the weight of accessories and mounting base with power source. Customer installed equipment such as suction and discharge piping must be removed before attempting to lift.

CAUTION

The pump assembly can be seriously damaged if the cables or chains used to lift and move the unit are improperly wrapped around the pump.

Mounting

Locate the pump in an accessible place as close as practical to the liquid being pumped. Level mounting is essential for proper operation. The pump may have to be supported or shimmed to provide for level operation or to eliminate vibration.

Section B. Page B-3

SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PIPING

Materials

Either pipe or hose may be used for suction and discharge lines; however, the materials must be compatible with the liquid being pumped. If hose is used in suction lines, it must be the rigid-wall, reinforced type to prevent collapse under suction. Using piping couplings in suction lines is not recommended.

Line Configuration

Keep suction and discharge lines as straight as possible to minimize friction losses. Make minimum use of elbows and fittings, which substantially increase friction loss. If elbows are necessary, use the long-radius type to minimize friction loss.

Connections to Pump

Before tightening a connecting flange, align it exactly with the pump port. Never pull a pipe line into place by tightening the flange bolts and/or couplings.

Lines near the pump must be independently supported to avoid strain on the pump which could cause excessive vibration, decreased bearing life, and increased shaft and seal wear. If hose-type lines are used, they should have adequate support to secure them when filled with liquid and under pressure.

Gauges

Most pumps are drilled and tapped for installing discharge pressure and vacuum suction gauges. If these gauges are desired for pumps that are not tapped, drill and tap the suction and discharge lines not less than 18 inches from the suction and discharge ports and install the lines. Installation closer to the pump may result in erratic readings.

SUCTION LINES

To avoid air pockets which could affect pump priming, the suction line must be as short and direct as possible. When operation involves a suction lift, the line must always slope upward to the pump from the source of the liquid being pumped; if the line slopes down to the pump at any point along the suction run, air pockets will be created.

Page B-4 Section B.

Fittings

Suction lines should be the same size as the pump inlet. If reducers are used in suction lines, they should be the eccentric type, and should be installed with the flat part of the reducers uppermost to avoid creating air pockets. Valves are not normally used in suction lines, but if a valve is used, install it with the stem horizontal to avoid air pockets.

Strainers

If a strainer is furnished with the pump, be certain to use it; any spherical solids which pass through a strainer furnished with the pump will also pass through the pump itself.

If a strainer is not furnished with the pump, but is installed by the pump user, make certain that the total area of the openings in the strainer is at least three or four times the cross section of the suction line, and that the openings will not permit passage of solids larger than the solids handling capability of the pump.

This pump is designed to handle up to 1 1/8 inch diameter spherical solids.

Sealing

Since even a slight leak will affect priming, head, and capacity, especially when operating with a high suction lift, all connections in the suction line should be sealed with pipe dope to ensure an airtight seal. Follow the sealant manufacturer's recommendations when selecting and applying the pipe dope. The pipe dope should be compatible with the liquid being pumped.

Suction Lines In Sumps

If a single suction line is installed in a sump, it should be positioned away from the wall of the sump at a distance equal to one and one-half times the diameter of the suction line.

If there is a liquid flow from an open pipe into the sump, the flow should be kept away from the suction inlet because the inflow will carry air down into the sump, and air entering the suction line will reduce pump efficiency.

If it is necessary to position inflow close to the suction inlet, install a baffle between the inflow and the suction inlet at a distance one and one-half times the diameter of the suction pipe. The baffle will allow entrained air to escape from the liquid before it is drawn into the suction inlet.

If two suction lines are installed in a single sump, the flow paths may interact, reducing the efficiency of one or both pumps. To avoid this, position the suction inlets so that they are separated by a distance equal to at least three times the diameter of the suction pipe.

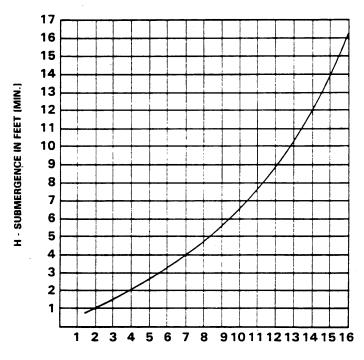
Section B. Page B-5

Suction Line Positioning

The depth of submergence of the suction line is critical to efficient pump operation. Figure 2 shows recommended minimum submergence vs. velocity.

NOTE

The pipe submergence required may be reduced by installing a standard pipe increaser fitting at the end of the suction line. The larger opening size will reduce the inlet velocity. Calculate the required submergence using the following formula based on the increased opening size (area or diameter).



VELOCITY IN FEET PER SEC. = $\frac{\text{QUAN. [G.P.M.]} \times .321}{\text{AREA}}$ OR $\frac{\text{G.P.M.} \times .4085}{\text{D}^2}$

Figure 2. Recommended Minimum Suction Line Submergence Vs. Velocity

DISCHARGE LINES

Siphoning

Do not terminate the discharge line at a level lower than that of the liquid being pumped unless a siphon breaker is used in the line. Otherwise, a siphoning action causing damage to the pump could result.

Page B-6 Section B.

Valves

If a throttling valve is desired in the discharge line, use a valve as large as the largest pipe to minimize friction losses. Never install a throttling valve in a suction line.

With high discharge heads, it is recommended that a throttling valve and a system check valve be installed in the discharge line to protect the pump from excessive shock pressure and reverse rotation when it is stopped.

Bypass Lines

If it is necessary to permit the escape of air to atmosphere during initial priming or in the repriming cycle, install a bypass line between the pump and the discharge check valve. The bypass line should be sized so that it does not affect pump discharge capacity.

Either a Gorman-Rupp automatic air release valve - which will automatically open to allow the pump to prime, and automatically close when priming is accomplished - or a hand-operated shutoff valve should be installed in the bypass line.

NOTE

The bypass line may clog frequently, particularly if the valve remains closed. If this condition occurs, either use a larger bypass line or leave the shutoff valve open during the pumping operation.

Do not terminate the discharge line at a level lower than that of the liquid being pumped unless a siphon breaker is used in the line. Otherwise, a siphoning action could result, causing damage to the pump.

ALIGNMENT

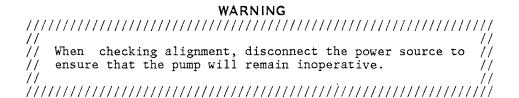
The alignment of the pump and its power source is critical for trouble-free mechanical operation. In either a flexible coupling or V-belt driven system, the driver and pump must be mounted so that their shafts are aligned with and parallel to each other. It is imperative that alignment be checked after the pump and piping are installed, and before operation.

NOTE

Check Rotation, Section C, before final alignment of the pump.

When mounted at the Gorman-Rupp factory, driver and pump are aligned before shipment. Misalignment will occur in transit and handling. Pumps **must** be checked and realigned before operation. Before checking alignment, tighten the foundation bolts. The pump casing feet and/or pedestal feet, and the driver mounting bolts should also be tightly secured.

Section B. Page B-7



CAUTION

Adjusting the alignment in one direction may alter the alignment in another direction. Check each procedure after altering alignment.

Coupled Drives

When using couplings, the axis of the power source must be aligned to the axis of the pump shaft in both the horizontal and vertical planes. Most couplings require a specific gap or clearance between the driving and the driven shafts. Refer to the coupling manufacturer's service literature.

Align spider insert type couplings by using calipers to measure the dimensions on the circumference of the outer ends of the coupling hub every 90 degrees. The coupling is in alignment when the hub ends are the same distance apart at all points (see Figure 3A).

Align non-spider type couplings by using a feeler gauge or taper gauge between the coupling halves every 90 degrees. The coupling is in alignment when the hubs are the same distance apart at all points (see Figure 3B).



Figure 3A. Aligning Spider-Type Couplings

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Figure 3B. Aligning Non-Spider Type Couplings

Check parallel adjustment by laying a straightedge across both coupling rims at the top, bottom, and side. When the straightedge rests evenly on both halves of the coupling, the coupling is in horizontal parallel alignment. If the coupling is misaligned, use a feeler gauge between the coupling and the straightedge to measure the amount of misalignment.

V-Belt Drives

When using V-belt drives, the power source and the pump must be parallel. Use a straightedge along the sides of the pulleys to ensure that the pulleys are properly aligned (see Figure 3C). In drive systems using two or more belts, make certain that the belts are a matched set; unmatched sets will cause accelerated belt wear.



Figure 3C. Alignment of V-Belt Driven Pumps

Tighten the belts in accordance with the belt manufacturer's instructions. If the belts are too loose, they will slip; if the belts are too tight, there will be excessive power loss and possible bearing failure. Select pulleys that will match the proper speed ratio; overspeeding the pump may damage both pump and power source.

Section B. Page B-9

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1	'///	11	11	17.	//	1	/,	//	//	//	//	1	1	/,	//	//	1	/	/	1	/	1	//	1/	//	1	/	1	Ι.	Ι,	//	//	/	1.	/	1	1	'/	1	/	1	1	/.	/,	//	//	1	1.	//	1	1

//
// Do not operate the pump without shields and/or guards in //
// place over rotating parts. Exposed rotating parts can //
// catch clothing, fingers, or tools, causing severe injury //
// to personnel. //

````

Page B-10

OPERATION

OPERATION - SECTION C

. .

CAUTION

Pump speed and operating condition points must be within the continuous performance range shown on the curve. (See Section E, Page 1).

PRIMING

Install the pump and piping as described in INSTALLATION. Make sure that the piping connections are tight, and that the pump is securely mounted. Check that the pump is properly lubricated (see LUBRICATION in MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR).

This pump is self-priming, but the pump should never be operated unless there is liquid in the casing.

CAUTION

Never operate a self-priming pump unless there is liquid in the casing. The pump will not prime when dry. Extended operation of a dry pump will destroy the seal assembly.

Add liquid to the pump casing when:

- 1. The pump is being put into service for the first time.
- 2. The pump has not been used for a considerable length of time.
- 3. The liquid in the pump casing has evaporated.

Once the pump casing has been filled, the pump will prime and reprime as necessary.

Section C.

To fill the pump, remove the pump casing fill cover or fill plug at the top of the casing and add clean liquid until the pump is filled. Replace the fill cover or fill plug before operating the pump.

STARTING

Consult the operations manual furnished with the power source.

Rotation

The correct direction of pump rotation is counterclockwise when facing the impeller. If the pump is operated in the wrong direction, the impeller could become loosened from the shaft and seriously damage the pump.

CAUTION

Before starting the pump, check to make sure rotation is in the proper direction. Otherwise, the impeller could become loosened from the shaft and seriously damage the pump.

Consult the operating manual furnished with the power source before attempting to start the power source.

If an electric motor is used to drive the pump, remove V-belts, couplings, or otherwise disconnect the pump from the motor before checking motor rotation. Operate the motor independently while observing the direction of the motor shaft, or cooling fan.

If rotation is incorrect on a three-phase motor, have a qualified electrician interchange any two of the three phase wires to change direction. If rotation is incorrect on a single-phase motor, consult the literature supplied with the motor for specific instructions.

Page C-2 Section C.

OPERATION

Lines With a Bypass

Either a Gorman-Rupp automatic air release valve or a hand operated shutoff valve may be installed in a bypass line.

If a Gorman-Rupp automatic air release valve has been installed, close the throttling valve in the discharge line. The Gorman-Rupp valve will automatically open to allow the pump to prime, and automatically close when priming has been accomplished. After the pump has been primed, and liquid is flowing steadily from the bypass line, open the discharge throttling valve.

If a hand operated shutoff valve has been installed, close the throttling valve in the discharge line, and open the bypass shutoff valve so that the pump will not have to prime against the weight of the liquid in the discharge line. When the pump has been primed, and liquid is flowing steadily from the bypass line, close the bypass shutoff valve and open the discharge throttling valve.

Lines Without a Bypass

Open all valves in the discharge line and start the power source. Priming is indicated by a positive reading on the discharge pressure gauge or by a quieter operation. The pump may not prime immediately because the suction line must first fill with liquid. If the pump fails to prime within five minutes, stop it and check the suction line for leaks.

After the pump has been primed, partially close the discharge line throttling valve in order to fill the line slowly and guard against excessive shock pressure which could damage pipe ends, gaskets, sprinkler heads, and any other fixtures connected to the line. When the discharge line is completely filled, adjust the throttling valve to the required flow rate.

Leakage

No leakage should be visible at pump mating surfaces, or at pump connections or fittings. Keep all line connections and fittings tight to maintain maximum pump efficiency.

Liquid Temperature And Overheating

The maximum liquid temperature for this pump is $160^{\circ}F$. Do not apply it at a higher operating temperature.

Overheating can occur if operated with the valves in the suction or discharge lines closed. Operating against closed valves could bring the liquid to a boil, build pressure, and cause the pump to rupture or explode. If overheating

Section C. Page C-3

occurs, stop the pump and allow it to cool before servicing it. Refill the pump casing with cool liquid.

Strainer Check

If a suction strainer has been shipped with the pump or installed by the user, check the strainer regularly, and clean it as necessary. The strainer should also be checked if pump flow rate begins to drop. If a vacuum suction gauge has been installed, monitor and record the readings regularly to detect strainer blockage.

Never introduce air or steam pressure into the pump casing or piping to remove a blockage. This could result in personal injury or damage to the equipment. If backflushing is absolutely necessary, **liquid pressure** must be limited to 50% of the maximum permissible operating pressure shown on the pump performance curve.

Pump Vacuum Check

With the pump inoperative, install a vacuum gauge in the system, using pipe dope on the threads. Block the suction line and start the pump. At operating speed the pump should pull a vacuum of 20 inches or more of mercury. If it does not, check for air leaks in the seal, gasket, or discharge valve.

Open the suction line, and read the vacuum gauge with the pump primed and at operating speed. Shut off the pump. The vacuum gauge reading will immediately drop proportionate to static suction lift, and should then stabilize. If the vacuum reading falls off rapidly after stabilization, an air leak exists. Before checking for the source of the leak, check the point of installation of the vacuum gauge.

STOPPING

Never halt the flow of liquid suddenly. If the liquid being pumped is stopped abruptly, damaging shock waves can be transmitted to the pump and piping system. Close all connecting valves slowly. If the pump is driven by an engine, reduce the throttle speed slowly and allow the engine to idle briefly before stopping.

Page C-4 Section C.

OPERATION

CAUTION

If application involves a high discharge head, gradually close the discharge throttling valve before stopping the pump.

After stopping the pump, lock out the power source to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.

Cold Weather Preservation

In below freezing conditions, drain the pump to prevent damage from freezing. Also, clean out any solids by flushing with a hose. Operate the pump for approximately one minute; this will remove any remaining liquid that could freeze the pump rotating parts.

If the pump will be idle for more than a few hours, or if it has been pumping liquids containing a large amount of solids, drain the pump, and flush it thoroughly with clean water. To prevent large solids from clogging the drain port and preventing the pump from completely draining, insert a rod or stiff wire in the drain port, and agitate the liquid during the draining process. Clean out any remaining solids by flushing with a hose.

BEARING TEMPERATURE CHECK

Bearings normally run at higher than ambient temperatures because of heat generated by friction. Temperatures up to $160^{\circ}F$ are considered normal for bearings, and they can operate safely to at least $180^{\circ}F$.

Checking bearing temperatures by hand is inaccurate. Bearing temperatures can be measured accurately by placing a contact-type thermometer against the housing. Record this temperature for future reference.

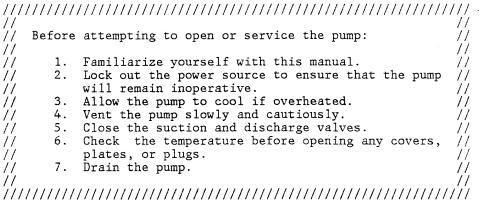
A sudden increase in bearing temperatures is a warning that the bearings are at the point of failing to operate properly. Make certain that the bearing lubricant is of the proper viscosity and at the correct level (see LUBRICATION in MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR). Bearing overheating can also be caused by shaft misalignment and/or excessive vibration.

When pumps are first started, the bearings may seem to run at temperatures above normal. Continued operation should bring the temperatures down to normal levels.

Section C. Page C-5

PUMP TROUBLESHOOTING - SECTION D

WARNING



TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
PUMP FAILS TO	Air leak in suction line.	Correct leak.
FRIME	Lining of suction hose collapsed.	Replace suction hose.
	Leaking or worn seal or pump gasket.	Check pump vacuum. Replace leak- ing or worn seal or gasket.
	Suction lift or discharge head too high.	Check piping installation and install bypass line if needed. See INSTALLATION.
PUMP STOPS OR FAILS TO DE-	Air leak in suction line.	Correct leak.
LIVER RATED FLOW OR PRES- SURE	Suction intake not submerged at proper level or sump too small.	Check installation and correct submergence as needed.
	Impeller or other wearing parts worn or damaged.	Replace worn or damaged parts. Check that impeller is properly centered and rotates freely.
	Impeller clogged.	Free impeller of debris.

Section D. Page D-1

TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
PUMP STOPS OR FAILS TO DE- LIVER RATED	Pump speed too slow.	Check driver output; check belts or couplings for slippage.
FLOW OR PRES-	Discharge head too high.	Install bypass line.
SURE(cont.)	Suction lift too high.	Measure lift w/vacuum gauge. Reduce lift and/or friction losses in suction line.
	Leaking or worn seal or pump gasket.	Check pump vacuum. Replace leaking or worn seal or gasket.
	Liquid being pumped too thick.	Dilute liquid or heat if possible.
PUMP REQUIRES TOO MUCH POW- ER	Pump speed too high.	Check driver output; check that sheaves or couplings are correctly sized.
	Discharge head too low.	Adjust discharge valve.
	Liquid solution too thick.	Dilute if possible.
PUMP CLOGS FREQUENTLY	Discharge flow too slow.	Open discharge valve fully to increase flow rate, and run power source at maximum governed speed.
	Suction check valve or foot valve clogged or binding.	Clean valve.
EXCESSIVE NOISE	Cavitation in pump.	Reduce suction lift and/or friction losses in suction line. Record vacuum and pressure gauge readings and consult local representative or factory.
	Pumping entrained air.	Locate and eliminate source of air bubble.
	Pump or drive not securely mounted.	Secure mounting hardware.
	Impeller clogged or dam-aged.	Clean out debris; replace damaged parts.
	Suction and discharge lines not properly supported.	Check piping installation for proper support.

Page D-2 Section D.

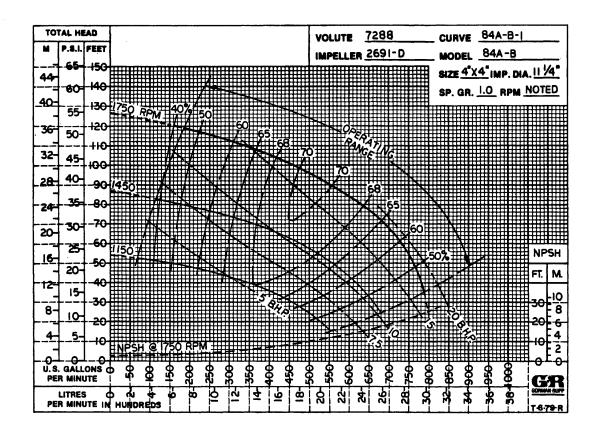
TROUBLESHOOTING

OSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
earing temperature is igh, but within limits.	Check bearing temperature regularly to monitor any increase.
ow or incorrect lubri-	Check for proper type and level of lubricant.
ump speed too high.	Reduce speed of power source.
earing(s) frozen.	Disassemble pump and check bearing(s).
i c a	gh, but within limits. www or incorrect lubri- unt. ump speed too high.

Section D. Page D-3

PUMP MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR - SECTION E

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF THE WEARING PARTS OF THE PUMP WILL MAINTAIN PEAK OPERATING PERFORMANCE.



*STANDARD PERFORMANCE FOR PUMP MODEL 84A52-B

*Based on $70^{\circ}F$ clear water at sea level with minimum suction lift. Since pump installations are seldom identical, your performance may be different due to such factors as viscosity, specific gravity, elevation, temperature, and impeller trim.

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is ${\sf NOT}$ a standard production model. Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify performance or part numbers.

SECTIONAL DRAWING

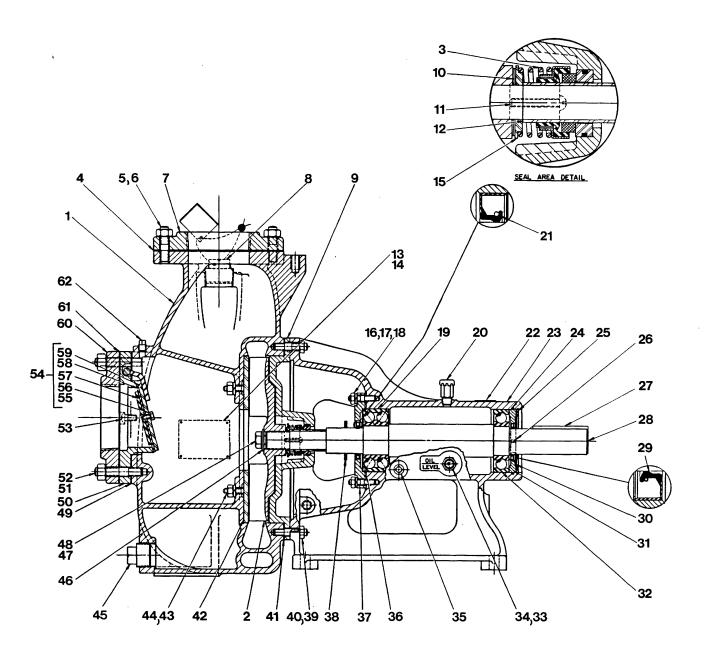


Figure 1. Pump Model 84A52-B

Page E-2 Section E.

PARTS LIST Pump Model 84A52-B

(From S/N 818301 up)

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is **NOT** a standard production model. Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify part numbers.

1 PUMP CASING 7288 10010 1 37 BEARING CAP 38322-418 10010 1 2 * IMPELLER 2691-D 10010 1 38 SLINGER RING 2352 19120 1 3 * SEAL ASSEMBLY 25284-961 1 39 STUD C0809 15991 8 4 * DISCH FLANGE GSKT 1676-GB 20000 1 40 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 5 STUD C1010 15991 8 41 * CASING GSKT SET 34-GD 20000 1 7 DISCHARGE FLANGE 1756 10010 1 43 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 8 FILL PLUG ASSEMBLY 48271-066 1 44 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 9 SEAL PLATE 3606 10010 1 43 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 9 SEAL PLATE 3606 10010 1 45 CASING DRAIN PLUG P20 10009 1 1 MACHINE SCREW X0404 17090 2 47 * IMP CAPSCREW B1004-S 15991 1 1 MACHINE SCREW X0404 17090 2 47 * IMP CAPSCREW B1004-S 15991 1 1 49 * CHK VLV SEAT GSKT 7336-GA 20000 1 1 49 * CHK VLV SEAT GSKT 7336-GA 20000 1 1 1 59PING WASHER 2889-A 15990 1 1 59PING WASHER 2889-A 15990 1 1 59PING WASHER 2889-A 15990 1 1 59PING WASHER J06 15991 6 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 6 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 6 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 8 1 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 6 1 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 8 1 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 8 1 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 6 1 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 8 1 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 8 1 1 1 1 1 COCKWASHER J06 15991 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	MAT'L CODE	QTY	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	MAT'L CODE	QTY
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			N0615	15990	1		-	-	-	•
28 * IMPELLER SHAFT 38515-527 16040 1 NOT SHOWN:			38515-527	16040		NOT S	HOWN:			
29 * OIL SEAL 25227-534 1 SUCT STICKER 6588-AG 1			25227-534		1		SUCT STICKER	6588-AG		1
30 * BEARING SHIM SET 8546 15990 1 DISCH STICKER 6588-BJ 1	30 *	BEARING SHIM SET	8546	15990	1		DISCH STICKER	6588-BJ		1
31 BEARING RETAINER 38322-522 26000 1	31	BEARING RETAINER	38322-522	26000	1					
32 * BALL BEARING S1077 1 OPTIONS:	32 *	BALL BEARING	S1077		1	OPTIO	NS:			
33 SIGHT GAUGE S1471 1 /FM METRIC SUC/DISCH FLANGES	33	SIGHT GAUGE	S1471		1		/FM METRIC SUC/DISCH	FLANGES		
34 PIPE PLUG P12 15079 1 —FLANGE—SPOOL 38642—211 10000 2	34		P12	15079	1		-FLANGE-SPOOL	38642-211	10000	2
35 PED DRAIN PLUG P06 15079 1 —PIPE PLUG P04 15079 2			P06	15079	1		-PIPE PLUG	P04	15079	2
36 * O-RING 25152-248 1 -PIPE PLUG P20 10009 2	36 *	O-RING	25152-248		1		-PIPE PLUG	P20	10009	2

*	INDICATES	PARTS	RECOMMENDE	ED FOI	RSTOCK
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Above Serial Numbers Do Not Apply To Pumps Made In Canada.

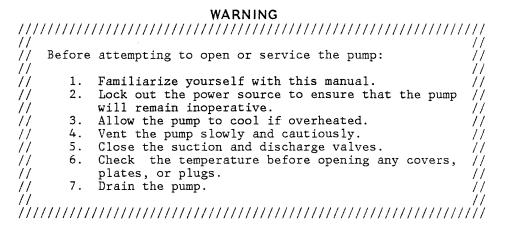
CANADIAN SERIAL NO. AND UP

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PUMP AND SEAL DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

This pump requires little service due to its rugged, minimum-maintenance design. However, if it becomes necessary to inspect or replace the wearing parts, follow these instructions which are keyed to the sectional view (see Figure 1) and the accompanying parts list.

Before attempting to service the pump, lock out the power source or take other precautions to ensure the power source will remain inoperative, and close all valves in the suction and discharge lines.



Suction Check Valve Removal

Before attempting to service the check valve (54) remove the pump casing drain plug (45) and the drain pump. Clean and reinstall the drain plug.

For access to the check valve, remove the suction piping. Remove the nuts (52) and separate the suction flange (60) from the check valve seat (50).

Remove the flange gasket (61) and clean the mating surfaces.

Disengage the machine screws (53) and pull the check valve seat (50), gasket (49), and check valve assembly (54) from the suction port.

Remove the hardware (55 and 56) securing the check valve (58) and weights (57 and 59). Inspect the parts for wear or damage and replace as required.

Pump Disassembly

To service the wear plate, impeller, seal assembly, or seal plate, the pump casing must be removed from the base and pedestal. Remove the hardware securing the casing to the base. Remove the nuts (40), and separate the pump casing and gasket set (41) from the seal plate (9) and pedestal (23). Inspect the gasket set for wear or damage and replace as required.

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Inspect the wear plate assembly (42), and replace if badly scored or worn. To remove the wear plate, disengage the hardware (43 and 44) and pull the wear plate from the pump casing.

Impeller Removal

Remove the impeller capscrew and washers (46, 47 and 48). To loosen the impeller, immobilize the shaft (28) and tap the vanes in a counterclockwise direction (when facing the impeller) with a block of wood or a soft-faced mallet. Be careful not to damage the vanes.

Unscrew the impeller and replace it if cracked or badly worn. Use caution when unscrewing the impeller; tension on the seal spring will be released as the impeller is removed.

Slide the impeller adjusting shims (10) from the shaft. To ease reassembly, tag and tie the shims or measure and record their thickness.

Seal Removal

Remove the spring washer (15) and spring. Remove the machine screws (11) and slide the seal plate, shaft sleeve and remaining seal parts off the shaft as a single unit. Remove the shaft sleeve, retainer and bellows and rotating element from the seal plate. Press the stationary element with O-ring out of the seal plate.

If no further disassembly is required, see Seal Installation.

Impeller Shaft And Bearing Disassembly

When the pump is properly operated and maintained, the pedestal should not require disassembly. Disassemble the shaft and bearings **only** when there is evidence of wear or damage.

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CAUTION

Shaft and bearing disassembly in the field is not recommended. These operations should be performed only in a properly-equipped shop by qualified personnel.

Remove the slinger ring (38) and shaft key (27) from the shaft.

Use snap ring pliers to remove the bearing retaining ring (25) from the pedestal bore. Remove the bearing shim set (30); tie and tag the shims, or measure and record their thickness.

Remove the setscrews (26) from the bearing retainer (31) and install two machine screws (#10-32 X 1" long). Pry the retainer from the pedestal bore using a screwdriver against the head of the machine screws. **Do not** use the machine screws to jack against the ball bearing. Remove the machine screws and reinstall the setscrews.

Press the oil seal (29) from the bearing retainer, and remove the 0-ring (24) from the pedestal bore.

Disengage the hardware (17 and 18) and remove the assembled bearing cover (37) and oil seal (21). Remove the bearing cover 0-ring (36). Press the oil seal (21) from the bearing cover.

Place a block of wood against the drive end of the shaft and tap the shaft and assembled bearings (19 and 32) out of the pedestal.

Use a bearing puller to remove the inboard and outboard bearings from the impeller shaft.

Shaft and Bearing Reassembly And Installation

Clean the impeller shaft, pedestal bore, and all component parts (except bearings) with a soft cloth soaked in cleaning solvent. Inspect the parts for wear and replace as necessary.

WARNING						
///	//////	///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////
//						//
//						able. Use //
//	them	only in a	well-vent:	ilated area	ı free from	excessive //
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Inspect the shaft for distortion, nicks or scratches and for thread damage on the impeller end. Dress small nicks and burrs with a fine file or honing stone. Replace the impeller shaft if defective.

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Clean the bearings thoroughly in **fresh** cleaning solvent. Dry the bearings with filtered compressed air and coat with light oil.

Rotate the bearings by hand to check for roughness or binding and inspect the bearing balls. If rotation is rough, or the balls are discolored, replace the bearings.

CAUTION

Bearings must be kept free of all dirt and foreign material. Failure to do so will greatly shorten bearing life. DO NOT spin dry bearings. This may scratch the balls or races and cause premature bearing failure.

The bearing tolerances provide a tight press fit onto the impeller shaft and a snug slip fit into the pedestal. If the bearings slip on and off easily, the shaft is worn and must be replaced. The pedestal must be replaced if the bearings do not fit snugly.

Lubricate the shaft with light oil and position the outboard bearing (32) on the shaft. Press the bearing onto the shaft until it seats squarely against the shaft shoulder.

CAUTION

When installing the bearings onto the shaft, NEVER press or hit against the outer race, balls, or ball cage. Press ONLY on the inner race.

Position the inboard bearing (19) on the shaft with the retaining ring facing toward the impeller end of the shaft. Press the bearing onto the shaft until it seats squarely against the shaft shoulder.

Slide the shaft and assembled bearings into the pedestal until the retaining ring on the inboard bearing seats against the pedestal.

CAUTION

When installing the shaft and bearings into the bearing bore, push against the outer race. NEVER hit the balls or ball cage.

Install the oil seal (21) in the bearing cover (37) with the lip positioned as shown in Figure 1. Install the bearing cover 0-ring (36) in the bearing cover.

Slide the assembled bearing cover and oil seal over the shaft and secure it with the hardware (17 and 18). Be careful not to damage the oil seal lip on the shaft threads.

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Install the oil seal (29) in the bearing retainer (31) with the lip positioned as shown in Figure 1. Replace the bearing retainer 0-ring (24) in the pedestal and press the bearing retainer into the pedestal until it seats against the bearing. Be careful not to cut the oil seal lip on the shaft keyway. **Be sure** the setscrews in the bearing retainer are positioned horizontally inline.

Install the required number of bearing shims (30). Reinstall the retaining ring (25) and check the shaft endplay.

NOTE

Shaft endplay should be between .002 and .010 inch. Add or remove bearing adjusting shims to obtain this endplay.

Secure the pedestal to the base, and lubricate the bearings as indicated in $\ensuremath{\mathsf{LUBRICATION}}$.

Seal Installation

(Figures 1 and 2)

Clean the seal cavity and shaft with a cloth soaked in fresh cleaning solvent.

The seal is not normally reused because wear patterns on the finished faces cannot be realigned during reassembly. This could result in premature failure. If necessary to reuse an old seal in an emergency, carefully wash all metallic parts in fresh cleaning solvent and allow to dry thoroughly.

Handle the seal parts with extreme care to prevent damage. Be careful not to contaminate precision finished faces; even fingerprints on the faces can shorten seal life. If necessary, clean the faces with a non-oil based solvent and a clean lint free tissue. Wipe lightly in a concentric pattern to avoid scratching the faces.

Inspect the seal components for wear, scoring, grooves, and other damage that might cause leakage. Clean and polish the shaft sleeve, or replace it if there are nicks or cuts on either end. If any components are worn, replace the complete seal; never mix old and new seal parts.

If a replacement seal is being used, remove it from the container and inspect the precision finished faces to ensure that they are free of any foreign matter.

To ease installation of the seal, lubricate the O-rings and bellows with water or a very **small** amount of oil, and apply a drop of light lubricating oil on the finished faces. Assemble the seal as follows, (see Figure 2).

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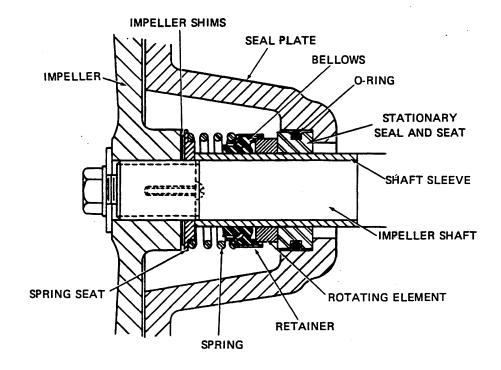


Figure 2. 25284-961 Seal Assembly

CAUTION

This seal is not designed for operation at temperatures above $160\,^{\circ}\text{F}$. Do not use at higher operating temperatures.

Lay the seal plate on a flat surface with the impeller side facing up.

Subassemble the O-ring onto the stationary element and press this subassembly into the seal plate until it seats squarely against the shoulder bore. Position the shaft sleeve (12) through the I.D. of the stationary element with the chamfered end down.

Subassemble the rotating element into the retainer and bellows and slide this subassembly over the shaft sleeve until the polished faces contact.

Carefully slide the assembled seal plate, sleeve, and seal over the shaft. Secure the seal plate to the pedestal with the machine screws (11). Install the seal spring and spring washer (15).

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Impeller Installation

Inspect the impeller, and replace it if cracked or badly worn.

Slide the same number of impeller adjusting shims (10) as previously removed onto the shaft and screw the impeller on until tight.

A clearance of .020 to .040 inch between the impeller and the seal plate is necessary for maximum pump efficiency. Measure this clearance, and add or remove impeller shims until it is reached.

NOTE

The seal plate must be tight against the pedestal while setting the back impeller clearance.

Install the impeller capscrew and washers (46, 47 and 48).

Pump Reassembly

If removed for replacement, install the wear plate assembly (42) in the pump casing using the attaching hardware (43 and 44). Install the same thickness of pump casing gaskets (41) as previously removed. Secure the pump casing to the seal plate and pedestal using the nuts (40).

A clearance of .008 to .015 inch between the impeller and the wear plate is also recommended for maximum pump efficiency. This clearance can be measured by reaching through the discharge port with a feeler gauge. Add or subtract pump casing gaskets (41) until the proper clearance is attained.

NOTE

An alternate method of adjusting this clearance is to separate the casing from the pedestal and remove one gasket at a time until the impeller binds against the wear plate when the shaft is turned. After the impeller binds, install additional gaskets to achieve the proper clearance.

Be sure to reinstall any leveling shims used under the pump casing mounting feet before installing the base mounting hardware.

Suction Check Valve Installation

Inspect the check valve components and replace as required. Subassemble the check valve weights and gasket using the attaching hardware (55 and 56).

Install the check valve in the valve seat. Replace the seat gasket and secure the valve seat to the suction port using the round head machine screws (53). Replace the suction flange gasket and secure the suction flange with the hardware (52). Check the operation of the check valve to ensure proper seating and free movement.

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Final Pump Reassembly

Be sure the pump is secure to the base and power source.

Install the suction and discharge lines and open all valves. Make certain that all piping connections are tight, properly supported and secure.

Be sure the pump and power source have been properly lubricated, see LUBRICATION.

Fill the pump casing with clean liquid. Reinstall the fill plug and tighten it.

Refer to OPERATION, Section C, before putting the pump back into service.

LUBRICATION

Seal Assembly

The seal assembly is lubricated by the medium being pumped, and no additional lubrication is required.

Bearings

The pedestal was fully lubricated when shipped from the factory. Check the oil level regularly through the sight gauge (33) and maintain it at the midpoint of the gauge. When lubrication is required, remove the air vent (20) and add SAE No. 30 non-detergent oil through the opening. **Do not** over-lubricate. Over-lubrication can cause the bearings to overheat, resulting in premature bearing failure.

NOTE

The white reflector in the sight gauge must be positioned horizontally to provide proper drainage.

Under normal conditions, drain the pedestal once each year and refill with clean oil. Change the oil more frequently if the pump is operated continuously or installed in an environment with rapid temperature change.

CAUTION

Monitor the condition of the bearing lubricant regularly for evidence of rust or moisture condensation. This is especially important in areas where variable hot and cold temperatures are common.

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

For cold weather operation, consult the factory or a lubricant supplier for the recommended grade of oil.

Power Source

Refer to the literature accompanying the power source or contact your local power source representative for the manufacturer's recommendations.

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For U.S. and International Warranty Information, Please Visit www.grpumps.com/warranty or call:

U.S.: 419-755-1280 International: +1-419-755-1352

For Canadian Warranty Information, Please Visit www.grcanada.com/warranty or call: 519-631-2870