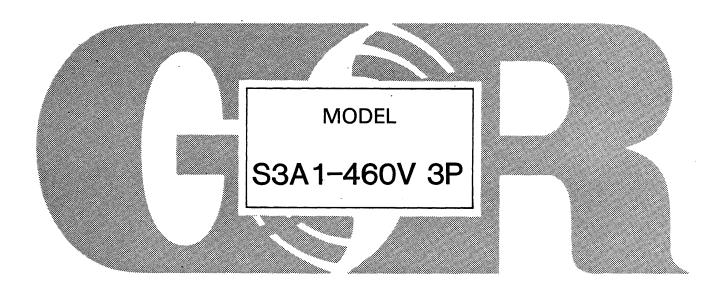


# INSTALLATION, OPERATION, PARTS LIST, AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL



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#### INTRODUCTION

This Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Manual is designed to help you achieve the best performance and longest life from your Gorman-Rupp pump.

This pump is designed to operate fully or partially submerged. It is capable of handling most nonvolatile and nonflammable liquids which are mildly corrosive and abrasive. The basic material of construction is aluminum with ductile iron or steel wearing parts. The integral dual voltage electric motor must be operated through the control box furnished with the pump. Neither the pump motor nor control box are explosion proof and should not be operated in a hazardous atmosphere.

If there are any questions regarding the pump or motor which are not covered in this manual or in other literature accompanying this unit, please contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the Gorman-Rupp Company:

The Gorman-Rupp Company P.O. Box 1217 Mansfield, Ohio 44901-1217

Gorman-Rupp of Canada Limited 70 Burwell Road

St. Thomas, Ontario N5P 3R7

The following are used to alert maintenance personnel to procedures which require special attention, to those which could damage equipment, and to those which could be dangerous to personnel:

#### NOTE

Instructions to aid in installation, operation, and maintenance or which clarify a procedure.

#### CAUTION

Instructions which must be followed to avoid causing damage to the product or other equipment incidental to the installation. These instructions describe the requirements and the possible damage which could result from failure to follow the procedures.

	WARNING	
////	///////////////////////////////////////	//
//		//
//	These instructions must be followed to avoid causing in-	//
	jury or death to personnel, and describe the procedure	//
		//
//	to follow the procedure.	//
//		//
////	///////////////////////////////////////	//

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#### WARNINGS - SECTION A

THESE WARNINGS APPLY TO THE "S-SERIES" SUBMERSIBLE MOTOR OPERATED PUMPS.

WARNING
//////////////////////////////////////
// Before attempting to open or service the pump: //
// // 1. Familiarize yourself with this manual. // // 2. Lock out the power supply to the control panel to // ensure that the pump will remain inoperative. // // 3. Allow the pump to cool if overheated. // // 4. Close the discharge valve (if used). //
<i>'innumumumumumumumumumumumumii</i>
WARNING
<pre>// Do not attempt to pump volatile or flammable liquids for // // which this pump has not been designed. //</pre>
WADNING
<b>WARNING</b> !!!!! <del>!</del> !!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!!
<pre>// // Before connecting any cable to the control box, be sure // // to ground the control box. See Figure 5 on page B-10 // // for suggested grounds. //</pre>
WARNING
<pre>// After the pump has been installed, make certain that the // pump and all piping or hose connections are secure be- // fore operation. //</pre>
WARNING
<pre>// // The pump motor is designed to be operated through the // // control box furnished with the pump. The control box // // provides overload protection and power control. Do not // // connect the pump motor directly to the incoming power // // lines. //</pre>
[[ 

Section A. Page A-1

WARNING
-
<pre>// // All electrical connections must be in accordance with // // the National Electric Code and all local codes. If // // there is a conflict between the instructions provided // // and N.E.C. specifications, N.E.C. specifications shall // // take precedence. All electrical equipment supplied with // // this pump was in conformance with N.E.C. requirements in // // effect on the date of manufacture. Failure to follow // // applicable specifications, or substitution of electrical // // parts not supplied or approved by the manufacturer, can // // result in severe injury or death. // //////////////////////////////////</pre>
WARNING
-
// The electrical power used to operate this pump is high // enough to cause injury or death. Make certain that the // // control box is grounded, and that the power supply is // // compatible with the motor phase and voltage, before con- // necting the power source. If the overload unit is // // tripped during pump operation, correct the problem be- // fore restarting the pump.
WARNING
<pre>// // Obtain the services of a qualified electrician to con- // // nect the electrical circuits, and to service the control // // box. //</pre>
WARNING
WARNING . ////////////////////////////////////
<pre>// // Do not attempt to lift the pump by the motor power cable // // or the piping. Attach proper lifting equipment to the // // hoisting bail fitted to the pump. //</pre>

Page A-2 Section A.

#### INSTALLATION

#### INSTALLATION - SECTION B

This section is intended only to summarize recommended installation practices for the pump and control box. If there are any questions concerning your specific installation, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the Gorman-Rupp Company.

Automatic liquid level devices are not furnished with the standard pump, but are available from Gorman-Rupp as options (see Liquid Level Devices, Section B); for information on installing and operating these devices, see the technical data accompanying that option.

#### PREINSTALLATION INSPECTION

The pump assembly and control box were inspected and tested before shipment from the factory. Before installation, check for damage which may have occurred during shipment. Check as follows:

- Check the pump assembly for cracks, dents, damaged threads, and other obvious damage.
- b. Check for and tighten loose bolts, nuts, capscrews, and other attaching hardware. Since gaskets tend to shrink after drying, check for and tighten loose hardware securing all mating surfaces.
- The standard pump is connected to the control box with 50 ft. of power cable. Inspect the cable for cuts or damage.
- d. Check the control box for cracks, dents, and other obvious damage.
- Check that all control box components are securely attached to their mounting surfaces, and that the electrical connections are tight and free of corrosion.
- f. Compare the amperes, phase, voltage, and hertz indicated on the motor name plate to the ratings indicated for the control box.
- g. Carefully read all tags, decals, and markings on the pump assembly and the control box, and perform all duties indicated.
- Check the pump and motor for any oil leaks. An oil leak may indicate a cut 0-ring or other damage.
- If the pump and control box have been stored for more than 12 months, some of the components or lubricants may have exceeded their maximum shelf life. These must be inspected or replaced to insure maximum pump service.

If the maximum shelf life has been exceeded, or if anything appears to be abnormal, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the factory to determine the repair or updating policy. Do not put the pump into service until appropriate action has been taken.

#### INSTALLATION

#### Lubrication

There are two lubrication cavities in this pump, both contain a premium quality hydraulic oil. The motor housing cavity provides lubrication to the motor assembly and rotor shaft bearings. The intermediate cavity provides lubrication to the seal assembly.

The seal assembly is double faced. It is designed to prevent the liquid being pumped from entering the intermediate cavity at the impeller end, and to prevent moisture from entering the motor housing cavity at the motor end.

Both lubrication cavities are fully lubricated when the pump is shipped from the factory. Check lubrication levels before installing the pump (see LUBRICATION in MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR). An additional quart of hydraulic oil has been provided with the pump to "top off" the oil cavities.

#### PUMP INSTALLATION

#### **Pump Specifications**

See Table 1 for the typical pump specifications and motor data.

Table 1. Pump Specifications

Model Number	Voltage/ Phase	Pump Horse- power	Motor Speed (RPM)	Full Load Amperes	No Load Amperes	Locked Rotor Amperes	Discharge Size (NPT)
S3A1	230/3	5	3450	16	8	65	3
S3A1	460/3	5	3450	8	4	35	3

#### Pump Dimensions

The standard pump is provided with a suction strainer to prevent large solids from clogging the impeller. On high discharge head applications, the strainer can be replaced with an optional staging adaptor to allow one pump to feed another.

See Figure 1 on page B-3 for the approximate physical dimensions of the pump.

Page B-2 Section B.

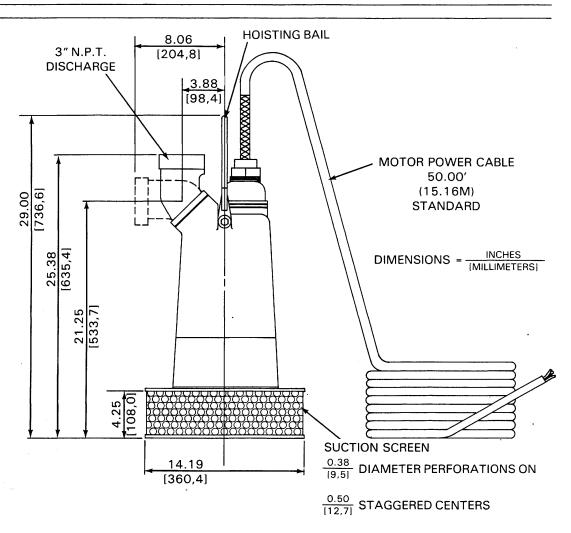


Figure 1. Pump Model S3A1-460V 3P

#### Lifting

Use lifting equipment with a capacity of a least 675 pounds. This pump weighs approximately 135 pounds, not including the weight of accessories and control box. Customer installed equipment such as rigid piping must be removed before attempting to lift.

WARNING	
<i>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i>	/
//	/
// Do not attempt to lift the pump by the motor power cable /	/
// or the piping. Attach proper lifting equipment to the /	/
// hoisting bail fitted to the pump. If chains or cable /	•
// are wrapped around the pump to lift it, make certain /	
// that they are positioned so as not to damage pump, and /	/
// so that the load will be balanced. /	/
//	/
<i></i>	/

#### Positioning The Pump

This pump is designed to operate fully or partially submerged. It may also be operated in air for extended periods. The rotating parts are oil lubricated, and the motor is cooled by a constant flow of liquid or air discharged through internal passage(s).

As a safe guard against rupture or explosion due to heat, the pump is fitted with a pressure relief valve which will open if vapor pressure within the pump motor reaches a critical point.

The pump will operate if positioned on its side, but this is not recommended because the motor torque could cause the pump to roll during operation.

The pump should be independently secured and supported by the hoisting bail. If the application involves a lot of debris, protect the pump from excessive wear and clogging by suspending it in a perforated barrel or culvert pipe. If the bottom is heavily sludge-covered, rest the pump on support blocks or suspend it from a raft or similar device near the surface of the liquid. See Figure 2 on page B-5 for typical pump installations.

Page B-4 Section B.

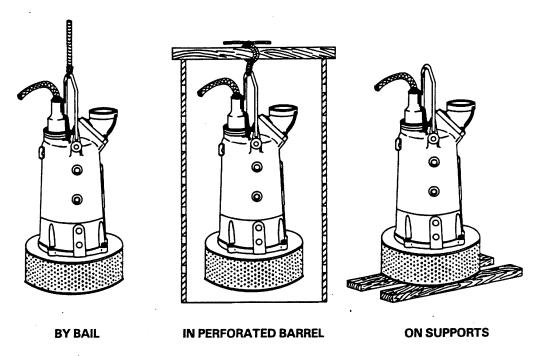


Figure 2. Typical Pump Installations.

All liquid entering the pump must pass through a strainer screen. Any spherical solids which pass through the screen will pass through the pump.

#### NOTE

Before actual operation, check the direction of impeller rotation to ensure that the pump is properly wired to the control box. See Checking Pump Rotation in OPERATION section.

#### **Piping**

No suction piping is required in a standard submerged application.

If an optional suction staging adaptor is installed, the discharge from one pump may be piped to the suction of another. To determine the size of the discharge connection, see Table 1, PUMP SPECIFICATIONS. Either hose or rigid pipe may be used. To facilitate mobility and maintenance, it is recommended that the discharge line be fitted with a quick disconnect fitting near the pump. The discharge line must be independently supported to avoid strain and vibration on the pump.

#### INSTALLATION

For maximum pumping capacity, keep the discharge as short and straight as possible. Minimize the use of elbows and fittings which increase friction losses through the discharge piping system.

It is recommended that a check valve or throttling valve be installed in the discharge line to control siphoning or back flow when the pump is shut off.

#### CONTROL BOX INSTALLATION

This pump is driven by an integral 460 VAC, 60 hertz, 3 phase, 5 HP motor. It is designed to operate through the control box furnished with the pump.

#### Enclosure

The control box is a rainproof enclosure with a padlockable front cover. The enclosure is not designed to be watertight, and should not be submerged. See Figure 4 on page B-8 for enclosure dimensions and callouts.

Secure the control box vertically on a level surface, which is above flood level. It should be easily accessible to the operator, and located close enough to the pump to avoid excessive voltage drop due to cable length. (See Pump Power Cable Connections). After the box is installed, make certain the front cover latches properly.

#### CAUTION

Failure to mount the control box vertically on a level surface may affect operation of the pump controls.

#### Dual Voltage Motor Wiring Instructions

This pump is powered by a dual voltage motor which permits utilization of high or low voltage. The motor was originally wired and shipped for the voltage indicated as "Factory Wired" on the pump's name plate. The name plate also indicates the dual voltages pertaining to this motor. If the alternate voltage must be utilized, certain wiring and control box modifications are required.

Page B-6 Section B.

The control box assembly provided with this pump has been designed to accommodate **only** the voltage indicated on the front of the box. This voltage coincides with the "Factory Wired" voltage of the motor. If the alternate voltage is utilized, the control box must be replaced with another box designed for the appropriate voltage. Consult the Parts List under Options (Section E, Page 3) to determine the part number of the alternate voltage control box.

The motor wiring **must** also be changed. For detailed instructions on disassembly and reassembly of the terminal housing, see **Terminal Housing and Power Cable Disassembly** and **Terminal Housing and Power Cable Reassembly** in this manual (Section E). Change the motor leads as indicated on the wiring diagram plate affixed to the side of the terminal housing, see Figure 3. Be sure to tag the revised voltage on the pump.

LOW VOLTAGE	HIGH VOLTAGE
LINE   CINE	LINE
1 0 2 0 3 0	102030
70 80 90	70 80 90
0-0-0	7 8 3 8
4 5 6	4 5 6

Figure 3. Motor Wiring Diagram

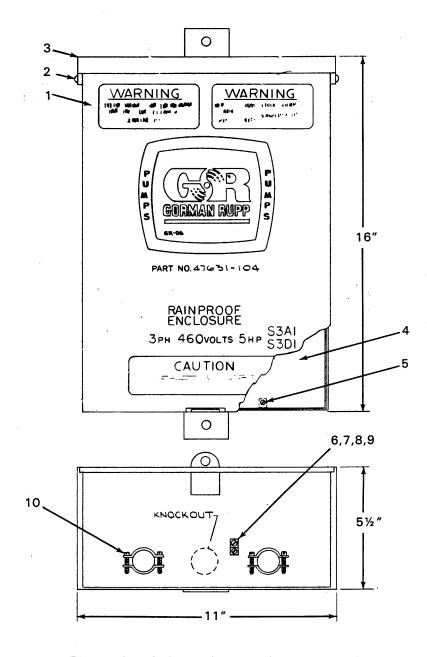


Figure 4. 47631-104 Control Box Assembly

Page B-8

Section B.

## PARTS LIST, EXTERNAL PARTS 47631-104 CONTROL BOX ASSEMBLY See Figure 9 on page B-16 for internal parts.

ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	MATL CODE	QTY
1	FRONT COVER	42821-077		1
2	TUBULAR RIVET	21118-008		2
3	ENCLOSURE	42821-063		1
4	INNER PANEL	42821-070		1
5	PHILLIP HD MACHINE SCREW	CF#802	15991	2
6	PHILLIP HD MACHINE SCREW	CF#802	15991	2
7	GROUND LUG	27222-002		2
8	LOCKWASHER	AK#8	15991	2
9	HEX NUT	D#8	15991	1
10	CABLE CLAMP	27184-164		2

#### INSTALLATION

#### **Grounding Methods**

Electrically ground the installation before connecting the field wiring to the control box. Install a grounding terminal to the enclosure and connect it to a properly imbedded electrode.

The material used for the electrode **must** be an excellent conductor of electricity, such as copper. If iron or steel is used, it must be galvanized or otherwise metal plated to resist corrosion. **Do not** coat the electrode with any material of poor conductivity such as paint or plastic.

The electrode must conform to the recommendations of N. E. C. Article 250. Follow all installation requirements of the N.E.C., and all applicable local codes. See Figure 5 for some suggested grounding methods.

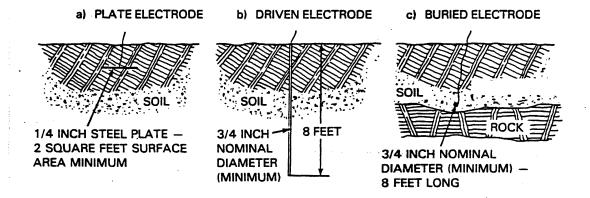


Figure 5. Suggested Grounding Methods

- a. **Plate Electrode**: An iron or steel plate, 1/4 inch thick, completely imbedded in the ground. The plate must present a surface of a least 2 square feet.
- b. Driven Electrode: A rod or pipe, 3/4 inch diameter minimum, 8 feet long, completely driven into the ground.
- c. **Buried Electrode:** If rock or stone prevents imbedding the full 8-foot length of the ground rod, bury it in a horizontal trench.

Space the ground rod or plates at least 6-feet from any other electrode or ground rod, such as those used for signal circuits, radio grounds, lightning rods, etc.

The earth surrounding the ground rod or plate **must** contain enough moisture to make a good electrical connection. In dry or sandy areas, pour water around the rod or consult qualified personnel to devise a method of improving the connection.

Page B-10 Section B.

## 

Field Wiring Connections (Incoming Power)

The pump control is designed to regulate a 460 volt, 3 phase, 60 hertz power supply. The field wiring must be properly sized to insure an adequate voltage supply. The voltage available at the motor must be within the range indicated in Table 2.

To calculate the voltage available at the motor proceed as follows:

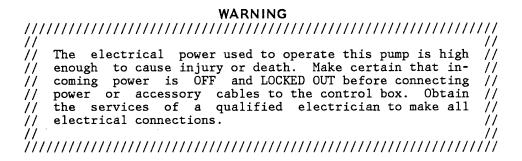
- a. Measure the incoming voltage across lines (1 & 2, 2 & 3, and 1 & 3.) while the pump is operating at full capacity. See Figure 7 on page B-15 or Figure 9 on page B-16.
- b. Next, subtract the motor cable voltage drop (see Table 3, Motor Cable Specifications).
- c. Do not continue to operate the pump if this voltage is not within the recommended limits. Obtain the services of a qualified electrician to determine the correct field wiring size and other details to insure an adequate voltage supply to the pump.

Table 2. Pump Motor Voltage Limits

Nominal Voltage	Phase	Minimum Voltage	Maximum Voltage
230	3	210	250
460	3	420	500

Use conduit or cable clamps to secure the incoming field wiring to the control box. Make certain all connections are tight and that cable entry points are rainproof. Support the cable weight, if required, to prevent excessive strain on cable clamps and cable.

#### **Pump Power Cable Connections**



The standard pump is provided with a 50-foot power cable potted in the terminal housing. (See Table 3 for cable specifications.) If a longer power cable is required, an optional cable assembly **must** be ordered from the factory. Splicing of the power cable is **not** recommended by the Gorman-Rupp Company due to safety and warranty considerations.

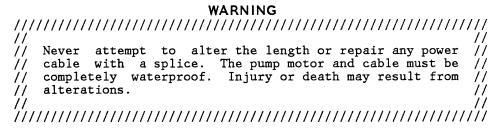


Table 3. Cable Requirements for Pump Electrical Connections, Model S3A1

Voltage/ Phase	A.W.G. Cable Size	Cable OD (inches)	Conductor Dia. (inches)	Amp Rating* at 30°C (amperes)	DC Resist- ance at 25°C (ohms/ 1000 ft)	Voltage Drop at Max. Load per 100 ft
230/3	10	0.75	0.12	25	1.11	3.55
460/3	10	0.75	0.12	25	1.11	1.78

\*Applies only to SO type cable. Refer to manufacturer's specifications for other cable.

Before connecting the pump power cable to the control box, make certain the incoming power is OFF and LOCKED OUT. Make certain the control box is PROP-ERLY GROUNDED and that the electrical data on the control matches the motor name plate data.

Page B-12 Section B.

#### **INSTALLATION**

Connect the pump power cable to the control box as shown in Figure 7 on page B-15 or Figure 9 on page B-16. Use conduit or cable clamps to secure the power and accessory cables to the control box. Make certain that all connections are tight and that cable entry points are rainproof.

#### LIQUID LEVEL DEVICES

The standard pump is **not** furnished with a means to automatically regulate liquid level. However, the pump may be controlled to perform filling, or dewatering functions by using **either** of the following optional sensing devices: (see Figure 6 on page B-14).

- Diaghragm Type: two fixed position sensors (upper and lower) each contain a diaphragm which flexes with changes in liquid level, thus activating an enclosed miniature switch.
- Bulb (Float) Type: a bulb raises or lowers (floats) with the liquid level, thus activating an enclosed miniature switch.

For added safety, the sensing devices operate through low voltage (24 volt) circuitry which is specially designed to fit into the main pump control box.

The circuitry may be prewired as a factory option, or easily added in the field by qualified personnel. For installation and operation, see the detailed instructions included with the optional package.

#### TYPICAL INSTALLATION

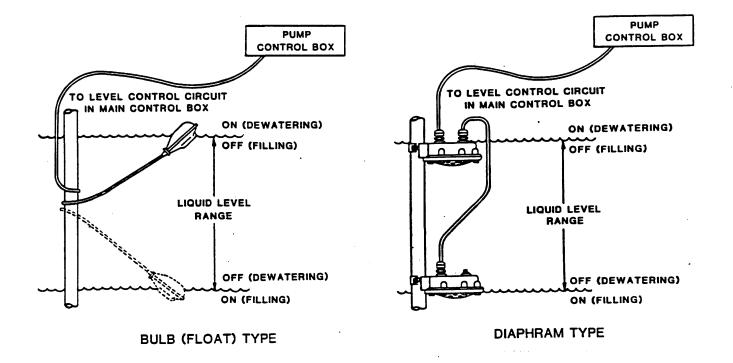


Figure 6. Liquid Level Devices

#### CAUTION

The internal wiring of the sensing devices are different for filling and dewatering functions. Be sure to follow the instructions included with the option before making wiring connections.

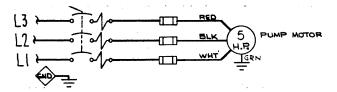


Figure 7. Elementary Wiring Diagram (Without Liquid Level Controls)

If liquid level controls are to be installed, connect the motor power cables and level control power cables as shown in Figure 8 and Figure 9 on page B-16.

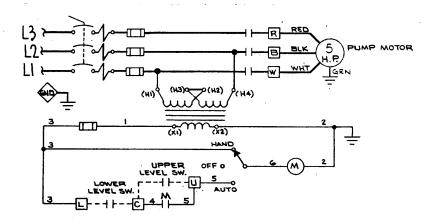
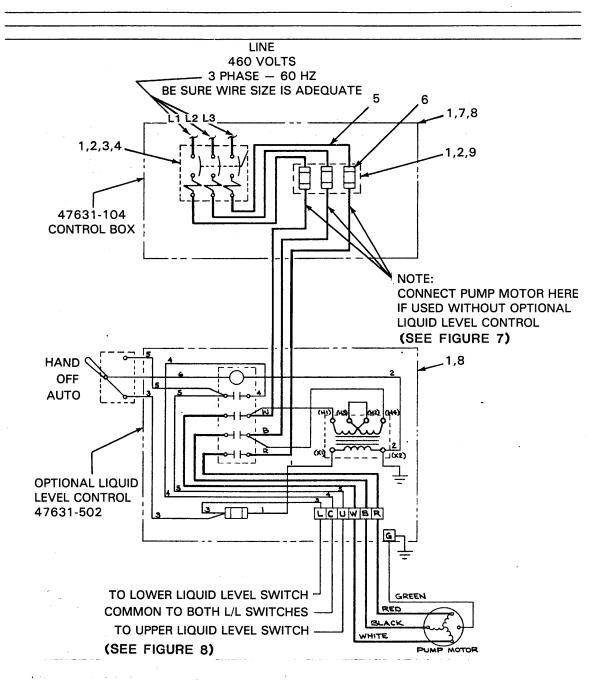


Figure 8. Elementary Wiring Diagram (With Liquid Level Controls)

See Figure 9 on page B-16 for a pictoral wiring diagram and callouts of the control box assembly internal parts.



#### NOTE

WHEN ONLY ONE LIQUID LEVEL SWITCH IS USED, CONNECT TO TERMINALS L AND U. VOLTAGE TO FLOAT SWITCHES - 24 VOLTS TO GROUND.

Figure 9. 47631-104 Control Box Assembly - Pictoral Wiring Diagram

#### PARTS LIST INTERNAL PARTS 47631-104 CONTROL BOX ASSEMBLY See Figure 4 on page B-8 for external parts

ITEM PART NAME PART MATL QTY ÑО. NUMBER CODE 1 LOCKWASHER 15991 13 AK#8 2 PHILLIP HD MACHINE SCREW CF#802 9 15991 FLAT WASHER OVERLOAD UNIT K#8 15991 6 4 5 6 9485-N 1 WIRE ASSEMBLY 18142-133 ----2 FUSE, 30A BACK PANEL 27311-120 3 7 34621-062 1 8 PHILLIP HD MACHINE SCREW CF#891 15991 8 9 FUSE BLOCK 27314-306 1

•		

#### OPERATION - SECTION C

#### CONTROL BOX FUNCTION

																									1	W	1	٩	F	1	N	I	١	1	G																														
1	//	7	1.	//	١,	1	1	1	1	١,	1	1	١,	/	١,	1	1	1.	/	/	/	/	/	1	1	٠,	1	/	/	/	1	1	1	٠,	١,	١,	1	/	/	/	/	/	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	١,	1	/	1	1	//	1	/	/	1	/
//	/																																																														,	$I_i$	/
1	/		T																																																														
1	/		e:	ΧĮ	ο.	lo	25	3 :	ic	)1	1		1	0	c	0	2	f				D	0	,	r	10	וכ	t		o	p	e	1	ć	11	: 6	9		i	n		а	r	l	e	2	ŗ	1	.c	s	j	v	7 6	3	ě	1	tı	no	0:	s·	-		,	/.	/
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1	/																																																														,	Ĺ	/
//	//	7	7.	//	١,	1	1	١,	//	١,	1	١,	٧,	/	1	1	1	1.	/	/	/	/	/	1	1	١,	1	/	/	/	1	1	1	٠,	١,	١,	1	/	/	/	/	/	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	١,	1	/	//	1	/ /	1.	Ι.	/	1.	/

A control box is provided to facilitate operation of the pump. It contains controls for starting and stopping the pump, and provides overload protection for the pump motor. The pump control may be equipped with an optional automatic liquid level sensing device, in which case the low voltage circuits are also contained within the control box.

#### CAUTION

Since operation of the pump motor is dependent upon the quality and performance of the electrical controls, the pump warranty is valid only when controls have been specified or provided by the Gorman-Rupp Company.

#### Component Function

The control box contains the following hand operated switches and controls:

• The control handle operates the control box circuit breakers. In the OFF position, the control handle opens the circuit breakers to interrupt incoming power through the control box and prevent pump operation. In the ON position, it closes the circuit breakers to permit pump operation. The circuit breakers will open or "TRIP" automatically in the event of a short circuit overload current, or thermal excess within the pump motor or electrical system. When tripped, move the control handle to OFF and back to ON to reset the circuit breakers.

Section C. Page C-1

#### **OPERATION**

• The **selector switch** (optional on some boxes) controls the mode of operation. In the OFF position, it prevents all operation of the pump. In the HAND position, it allows the pump to run continuously. In the AUTO position, it allows the pump to be controlled automatically by the optional liquid level control system, if used.

#### NOTE

If the circuit breaker trips, do not reset it immediately. Wait at least ten minutes before resetting the control handle back to the ON position. If the overload unit continues to trip, operational problems exist. See TROUBLESHOOTING.

## 

• The liquid level devices (optional equipment) operate in conjunction with the 3-position switch (HAND-OFF-AUTO) supplied as a part of that option. After the level sensors and circuitry have been installed, pump operation may be automatically controlled for filling or dewatering functions. (See LIQUID LEVEL DEVICES, Section B.)

#### **PUMP OPERATION**

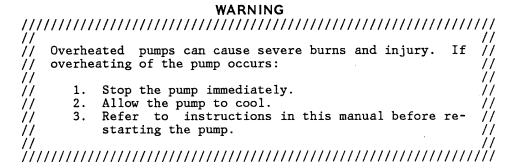
#### Liquid Temperature And Overheating

The maximum liquid temperature for this pump is  $120^{\circ}$  F.. Do not apply it at a higher operating temperature.

Overheating can occur if the pump is misapplied, or if the control box fails to provide adequate protection. Operating the pump against a closed discharge for extended period will also cause the pump to overheat.

Page C-2 Section C.

As a safeguard against rupture or explosion due to heat, this pump is equipped with a pressure relief valve which will open if vapor pressure within the pump motor reaches a critical point. If overheating does occur, stop the pump immediately and allow it to cool before servicing it. Approach any overheated pump cautiously.



It is recommended that the pressure relief valve assembly be replaced at each overhaul, or any time the pump motor overheats and activates the valve. **Never** replace this valve with a substitute which has not been specified or provided by the Gorman-Rupp Company.

#### Checking Pump Rotation

Check the direction of pump rotation before operation to ensure that the impeller is rotating in the correct direction.

Suspend the pump from the hoisting bail. Turn it on momentarily and note the direction of twist. For correct rotation and operation, the twist must be in the counterclockwise direction when viewed from the top.

#### CAUTION

Secure the pump during rotation check to prevent coiling of the power cable.

Section C. Page C-3



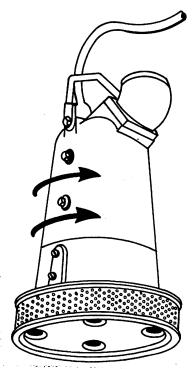


Figure 1. Checking Pump Rotation

If the pump twists clockwise on start, interchange any two motor leads at the control box.

## WARNING The electrical power used to operate this pump is high enough to cause injury or death. Make certain that incoming power is OFF and LOCKED OUT before interchanging motor leads.

#### STARTING

After the pump and control box have been installed, start the pump as follows.

#### NOTE

Before actual operation, check the direction of impeller rotation to ensure that the pump is properly wired. See Checking Pump Rotation in OPERATION section.

#### Standard Pump (No Liquid Level Devices)

If no liquid level devices have been installed, move the control handle to the ON position. The pump motor will start and pumping should begin. Since the pump is submerged, priming is not required.

The pump will continue to operate until it is stopped by turning the control handle to OFF.

#### With Automatic Liquid Level Devices

If optional liquid level devices have been installed, move the 3-position selector switch to OFF and the control handle to the ON position.

If desired to operate the pump in the manual mode, set the selector switch to HAND; the pump will continue to run until the switch is returned to OFF, or reset to AUTO.

If desired to operate the pump in the automatic mode, set the selector switch to AUTO; pump operation will be maintained by the optional liquid level control system. To terminate automatic mode, move the selector switch to OFF or HAND.

#### **STOPPING**

To stop pump operation, turn the control handle OFF.

Power going to the pump from the control box is terminated by moving the control handle to the OFF position, thereby opening the circuit breakers. This does not terminate incoming power through the field wiring connected to the control box.

After stopping the pump, be sure to perform all required maintenance and preservation procedures.

#### NOTE

It is recommended that a check valve or throttling valve be installed in the discharge line if there is any possibility of siphoning or back flow when the pump is shut off.

#### Operation Checks

Check the pump for proper operation when it is first started and periodically thereafter to identify minor problems.

Check the pump for unusual noises or excessive vibration while it is operating. If noise or vibration is excessive, stop the pump and refer to the troubleshooting chart for possible causes.

Check the pump strainer screen for clogging caused by stones, sticks, or other debris. Clean the strainer screen when required. In some cases, stopping the

Section C. Page C-5

#### **OPERATION**

pump momentarily may back flush the strainer screen, purging most of the debris from it. If this fails to clean the screen, remove the pump from the sump and remove the debris manually. See PUMP DISASSEMBLY.

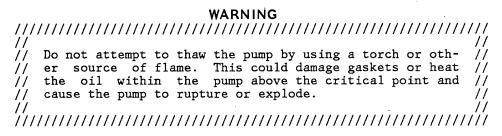
**Never** introduce air or steam pressure into the pump casing or piping to remove a blockage. This could result in personal injury or damage to the equipment. If backflushing is absolutely necessary, **liquid pressure** must be limited to 50% of the maximum permissible operating pressure shown on the pump performance curve.

Check the pump for overheating. The pump could overheat if operated for an extended period with a closed valve in the discharge line.

#### Cold Weather Preservation

In freezing temperatures, the pump will not freeze as long as it is submerged in liquid. If the pump casing is not submerged, or if the liquid begins to freeze, remove the pump from the sump or wet well and allow it to dry thoroughly. Run the pump for two or three minutes to dry the inner walls.

If the pump freezes, move it into a warm area until completely thawed, or submerge it into the liquid. If the liquid is near freezing, the pump must be submerged for an extended period of time. Start the pump and check for shaft rotation. If still frozen, allow additional thawing time before attempting to restart.



Page C-6 Section C.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING - SECTION D

## 

Many of the probable remedies listed in the troubleshooting chart below require use of electrical test instruments; for specific procedures, see **Electrical Testing** at the end of the troubleshooting chart.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING CHART

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
PUMP FAILS TO START, OVER- LOAD UNIT NOT	Power source incompatible with control box.	Correct power source.
TRIPPED (MANUAL MODE)	No voltage at line side of circuit breaker.	Check power source for blown fuse, open breaker, broken lead, or loose connection.
	Open circuit in motor windings or power cable.	Check continuity.
	Defective motor power cable.	Replace cable.
	Motor defective.	Check for and replace defective unit.
(AUTOMATIC MODE)	Liquid level device or control circuits improperly connected to main control box.	Check wiring diagrams; correct or tighten connections.
	Level sensing device(s) improperly positioned.	Position device(s) at proper level.
	Level sensing device(s) fouled with mud or foreign material.	Clean sensing device(s).

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY						
PUMP FAILS TO START, OVER- LOAD UNIT NOT TRIPPED	Float type sensing device(s) tangled or obstructed.	Check installation for free movement of float.						
(AUTOMATIC MODE) (cont.)	Defective liquid level sensing device(s) or control panel.	Repair or replace defective unit(s).						
OVERLOAD UNIT TRIPS	Low or high voltage, or excessive voltage drop between pump and control box.	Measure voltage at control box. Check that wiring is correct type, size, and length. (See Field Wiring Connection, Section B).						
	Defective insulation in motor windings or power cable; defective windings.	Check insulation resistance; check continuity.						
	Impeller jammed due to debris or insufficient clearance.	Disassemble pump and check impeller.						
	Bearing(s) frozen.	Disassemble pump and check bearing(s).						
	Terminal housing incorrectly wired. (Dual voltage or single phase motors only).	Check terminal housing internal connections against motor wiring plate and schematic wiring diagram.						
MOTOR RUNS, BUT PUMP FAILS TO DELIVER RATED	Discharge head too high.	Reduce discharge head, or install staging adaptor and additional pump.						
DISCHARGE	Low or incorrect voltage.	Measure control box voltage, both when pump is running and when shut off.						
	Discharge throttling valve partially closed; check valve installed improperly.	Open discharge valve fully; check piping installation.						
	Discharge line clogged or restricted; hose kinked.	Check discharge lines; straighten hose.						
	Liquid being pumped too thick.	Dilute liquid if possible.						
	Strainer screen or impeller clogged.	Clear clog(s). Stop pump; back flow may flush away debris.						

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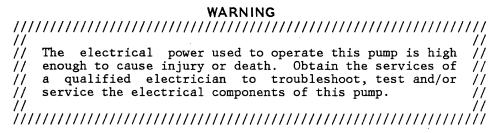
#### **TROUBLESHOOTING**

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY								
MOTOR RUNS, BUT PUMP FAILS TO	Insufficient liquid in sump or tank.	Stop pump until liquid level rises.								
DELIVER RATED DISCHARGE (cont.)	Worn impeller vanes; excessive impeller clear- ance.	Check impeller and clearance. See PUMP END REASSEMBLY.								
	Pump running backwards.	Check direction of rotation and correct by interchanging any two motor leads at control box. (See Pump Rotation, Section C).								
PUMP RUNS WITH EXCES- SIVE NOISE OR VIBRATION	Pumping entrained air.	Check liquid level in sump; check position of pump and liquid level sensing device(s).								
VIDICATION	Damaged or unbalanced impeller.	Replace impeller.								
	Discharge piping not properly supported.	Check piping installation.								
	Impeller jammed or loose.	Check impeller.								
	Motor shaft or bearings defective.	Disassemble pump and check motor and bearings.								
	Pump cavitation.	Reduce discharge head, or restrict flow on low head applications.								

Section D. Page D-3

#### **ELECTRICAL TESTING**

If you suspect that pump malfunctions are caused by defects in the motor, power cable or control box, perform the following checks to help isolate the defective part.



#### CAUTION

Be certain to refer to the wiring diagrams in the INSTAL-LATION section of this manual before reconnecting any electrical components which have been disconnected.

#### Test Equipment

A volt/amp/ohmmeter and megohmeter of adequate range and quality will be required to conduct the following electrical tests. The suggested equipment indicated below is commercially available, or an equivalent substitute may be used.

Equipment	Manufacturer	Use
Amprobe Model 300 or Amprobe, Jr.	Pyramid Instrument Corp. Lynbrook, NY	To check AC Voltage and current (amperage
Megohmer	Herman H. Sticht Co. 25 Bark Place New York, N.Y.	To measure resistance (ohms) to ground

#### Voltage Imbalance

Each phase of the incoming three-phase power must be balanced with the other two as accurately as a commercial voltmeter will read. If the phases are balanced, check out the motor as described below. If the phases are out of balance, contact your power company and request that they correct the condition.

Page D-4 Section D.

#### TROUBLESHOOTING

- a. Use a voltmeter, Amprobe, or equivalent meter to read the voltage across terminals 1 & 2, 2 & 3, and 1 & 3. in the control box. All three measured voltages must be the same, as accurately as the meter will read. If possible, measure the voltage with the pump off, with the pump running but out of the water, and with the pump running in the water at full load. All the measured voltages at each condition must be the same.
- b. Use an Amprobe or equivalent meter to measure the current draw of each phase while the pump is running at full load and at no load. All three amperage readings must be the same at each condition, as accurately as the meter will read. Nominal amperage values are listed in Table 1, but these apply only when the actual voltage at the site is the nominal voltage listed.
- c. If the voltages are balanced with the pump off, but are unbalanced when the pump is running, a thorough check of the power source, all interconnecting cables, and the pump motor is required to isolate the defect.

#### Motor And Motor Power Cable Continuity

To check continuity, zero-balance the ohmmeter set at the RX1 scale, and test as follows:

- a. Disconnect the motor power cable leads from the control box and connect the test leads to any two of the three power cable leads (not to the green ground lead). If there is a high resistance reading on the ohmmeter, there is an open or broken circuit caused by a break in the power cable or motor windings, or by a bad connection between the motor and the power cable. Switch one test lead to the third power lead, and test again.
- b. If an open or broken circuit is indicated, check the power cable for obvious damage, and replace as necessary (see MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR). If there is no apparent damage to the motor cable, remove the terminal housing (see MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR) and check the continuity of each power cable lead at the terminal posts.

#### NOTE

The connections between the power cable leads and the terminal posts are potted to provide a water tight seal. Do not cut the potting away unless absolutely necessary. Check the continuity of each lead from the motor side of the terminal plate. If the continuity reading is good, there is no need to remove the potting material. If there is no continuity through the lead, remove the potting from only that terminal and check for a loose connection. After tightening the connection, recheck the continuity. Be sure to replace the potting and allow adequate drying time before putting the pump back into service. (See Power Cable Reassembly, Section E).

c. If an open circuit still exists after each lead (terminal) has been tested and tightened, then the entire motor power cable must be replaced. Splicing or other means of repair are not recommended.

Section D. Page D-5

d. If no break is found in the power cable, check the motor leads for continuity. If the test reading indicates an open or broken circuit, there is an open circuit in the motor.

#### NOTE

It is recommended that a pump with a defective motor be returned to Gorman-Rupp, or to one of the Gorman-Rupp authorized Submersible Repair Centers.

#### Insulation Resistance

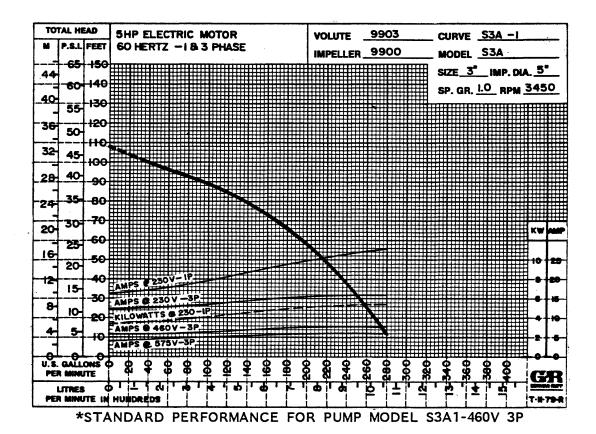
To check insulation, zero-balance the ohmmeter set at the RX100K scale, and test as follows:

- a. Disconnect the motor power cable leads from the control box. Connect one test lead to the power cable green ground lead, and touch the other test lead to each of the three power leads in turn.
- b. The reading obtained will indicate resistance values in both the power cable and the motor windings. If the resistance reading is infinity (∞), the insulation is in good condition. If the reading is between infinity (∞) and 1 megohm, the insulation is acceptable but should be rechecked periodically. If the reading is less than 1 megohm, the insulation should be checked more closely; a reading of zero indicates that the power cable or the motor is grounded.
- c. To determine whether the power cable or the motor is grounded, remove the terminal housing (see MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR), disconnect the motor leads from the motor terminals, and test the power cable leads and motor leads separately.

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#### MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR - SECTION E

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF THE WEARING PARTS OF THE PUMP WILL MAINTAIN PEAK OPERATING PERFORMANCE.



\*Based on 70°F clear water at sea level. Since pump installations are seldom identical, your performance may be different due to such factors as viscosity, specific gravity, elevation, temperature, and impeller trim.

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is  ${\sf NOT}$  a standard production model. Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify performance or part numbers.

# SECTIONAL DRAWING

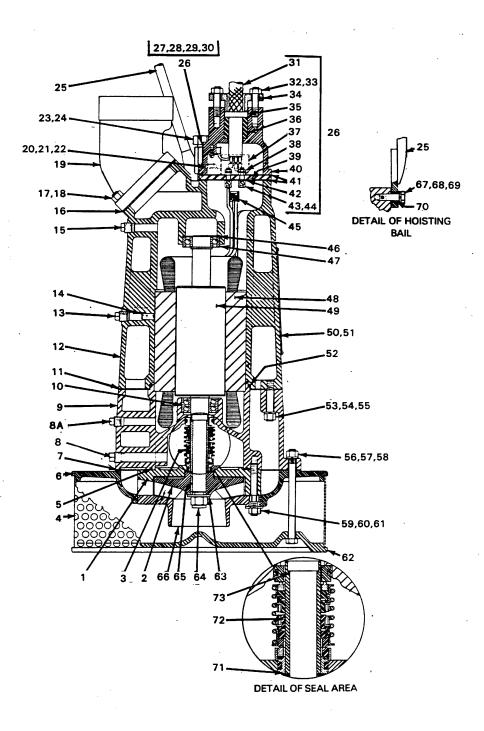


Figure 1. Pump Model S3A1-460V 3P

# PARTS LIST Pump Model S3A1-460V 3P (From S/N 741793 up)

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is  ${\sf NOT}$  a standard production model. Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify part numbers.

2 *IMPELLER 9900 1100H 1 51 DRIVE SCREW BH#004-03 17000 1 5 STRAINER SCREEN 8753 15001 1 53 STUD C00609 17000 6 STRAINER SCREEN 8753 15001 1 53 STUD C00609 17000 6 STRAINER PLATE 8737 13040 1 55 HEX NUT D00006 17000 1 57 STRAINER PLTG SKT 8743-C 20000 1 55 HEX NUT D00006 17000 1 58 SEAL DRAIN/FILL PLG P00004 17000 1 55 HEX NUT D00006 15991 9 INTERMEDIATE 8743-A 13040 1 55 HEX NUT D00006 15991 9 INTERMEDIATE 8743-A 13040 1 59 HATCH BLAIL BEARING S01457 1 10 LOCKWASHER J00006 17000 1 10 HACKER BALL BEARING S01457 1 10 HACKER BALL BEARING S01458 1 10 HACKER BALL BEARING S01591 4	ITEM PART NAME NO.	PART NUMBER	MATL CODE	QTY	ITEM PART NAME PART MATL QT NO. NUMBER CODE	Y
3 *SEAL ASSEMBLY 46512-044   1	1 DIFFUSER	9903-A	11050	1	50 NAME PLATE 2613-CY 17020	1
\$ *STRAINER SCREEN 8753   15001   1   53 STUD   C00609   17000   6 STRAINER PLATE   8737   13040   1   54 LOCKWASHER   J00006   17000   6 STRAINER PLATE   8737   13040   1   55 HEX NUT   D00006   17000   1   56 HEX NUT   D00006   15991   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	2 *IMPELLER	9900	1100H	1	51 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 17000	6
5 *INTERN O-RING \$01462 1   54 LOCKWASKER JO0006 17000   7 *STRAINER PLATE 8737 13040   1   55 HEX NUT D00006 17000   1   58 SEAL DRAIN/FILL PLG P00004 17000   1   56 HEX NUT D00006 15991   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2   2	3 *SEAL ASSEMBLY	46512-044		1	52 *MOTOR HSG O-RING S01462	1
6 STRAINER PLATE 6873	4 *STRAINER SCREEN	8753	15001	1	53 STUD C00609 17000	6
7 **STRAINER PLT GSKT 8743-6 20000 1 58	5 *INTERM O-RING	S01462		1	54 LOCKWASHER J00006 17000	6
8 SEAL DRAIN/FILL PLG P00004 17000 1 58 MCTOR DRAIN PLUG P00004 17000 1 58 MCTOR DRAIN PLUG P00004 17000 1 1 58 MCT AND DESCREW B00620 15991 9 INTERMEDIATE 8743-A 13040 1 59 NYLON LOCKNUT B00006 17000 1 1 ** HOTOR HOUSING GSKT 8430-G 20000 1 61 STUD 9913 17090 1 1 ** HOTOR HOUSING SKT 8430-G 20000 1 61 STUD 9913 17090 1 1 ** HOTOR HOUSING 8430-A 13040 1 62 BASE PLATE 8738 13080 1 1 ** HOTOR HOUSING B430-A 13040 1 62 BASE PLATE 8738 13080 1 1 ** HOTOR CAVITY OIL P00004 17000 1 63 FLAT WASHER KB00008 17000 1 65 ** HDR KEY NO0303 1/2 17000 1 1 ** HOTOR CAVITY OIL P00004 17000 1 65 ** HDR KEY NO0303 1/2 17000 1 66 ** BUCTION HEAD 9907 1 1 HOON 1 ** HDR KEY NO0303 1/2 17000 1 1 ** HDR KEY NO0303 1/2 1 ** HDR KEY NO0	6 STRAINER PLATE	8737	13040	1	55 HEX NUT D00006 17000	6
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9 INTERNEDIATE 8743-A 13040 1 59 NYLON LOCKNUT BC00006 17000 1 1 *HOTOR HOUSING SSIT 8450-C 20000 1 61 STUD 9913 17090 1 1 *MOTOR HOUSING SSIT 8450-C 20000 1 61 STUD 9913 17090 1 1 *MOTOR HOUSING POOD 1 1	8 SEAL DRAIN/FILL PLG	P00004	17000	1	57 LOCKWASHER J00006 15991	4
10		P00004	17000	1	58 HEX HD CAPSCREW B00620 15991	4
11 **MOTOR HOUSING GSKT	9 INTERMEDIATE	8743-A	13040	1	59 NYLON LOCKNUT BC00006 17000	3
12 MOTOR HOUSING	10 *LOWER BALL BEARING	S01457		1	60 WASHER 10231 17090	3
13 PIPE PLUG		8430 <b>-</b> G	20000	1		3
14 AL HD CAPSCREW GA00603 15990 1 64 NYLON LOCKNUT BC00008-S 17000 15 MOTOR CAVITY OIL P00004 17000 1 65 *HMP KEY N00303 1/2 17000 16 *HDSCH ELBOW GSKT 7196-GA 20000 1 67 FLAT WASHER KE00008 15991 17 DISCH ELBOW STUD C00606 15991 4 68 LOCKWASHER J00008 15991 19 DISCHARGE ELBOW 11357 13040 1 70 BUSHING 9562 15991 19 DISCHARGE ELBOW 11357 13040 1 70 BUSHING 9562 15991 19 DISCHARGE ELBOW 11357 13040 1 70 BUSHING 9562 15991 10 LEVEL PLUE RELIEF VALVE ASSY 46431-609 1	12 MOTOR HOUSING	8430-A	13040	1	62 BASE PLATE 8738 13080	1
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16 *DISCH ELBOW GSKT		P00004	17000	1		1
17   DISCH ELBOW STUD				- 1		1
HEX NUT						2
19						2
STUD						2
Text   Double   Dou						2
22   LOCKWASHER   J00005   15991   4   73 *SHAFT SLEEVE   S01461     1   24   RELIEF VALVE ASSY   46431-609     1   25   HOISTING BAIL   9268   24001   1   NOT SHOWN:   460/3 CONTROL BOX 47631-104     27   INFORMATION PLATE   38816-047   17990   1   OIL - 1 QT   SUBMERSIBLE MOTOR 9568     29   RD HD MACH SCREW   M#404-03   17000   4   MOTOR PLATE   10436   17000   30   -T-TYPE LOCKWASHER   AK#10   15991   1   DRIVE SCREW   BM#04-03   17000   31 *-POWER CABLE ASSY   9166-H     1   DRIVE SCREW   BM#04-03   17000   33   STUD   C00606   15991   2   2   HEX NUT   D00006   15991   2   34   -TERMINAL GLAND   10756-B   13040   1   STABLE-75 FT   10227-B     37 *-POTTING MOLD   11632-A   19220   1   EXT CABLE-100 FT   10227-B     39   -TERMINAL PLATE   10320-A   23010   1   STAGING ADAPTOR   8865   11010   40   -TERMINAL HOUSING   10757   13040   1   STAGING ADAPTOR   8865   11010   41 *-TERM PLATE GSKT   10321-G   20000   2   -HEX NUT   D00006   15991   42   -DYNA-SEAL WASHER   S01590     3   230/3 CONTROL BOX   47631-101     44   -RD HD MACH SCREW   S01592     3   LIQUID LEVEL DEVICES   47471-155     47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-03 OR GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-03 OR GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-03 OR GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-03 OR GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-03 OR GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHRAGM TYPE   GRP48-06   47 *UPPER BALL BRG   S01458     1   D1APHR						1
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49 ROTOR 47112-804 1 24 VOLT	49 ROTOR	47112-804		1	24 VOLT	

\*INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

Above Serial Numbers Do Not Apply To Pumps Made In Canada.

CANADIAN SERIAL NO ..... AND UP

#### PUMP AND MOTOR DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

The following maintenance and repair instructions are keyed to the sectional view (see Figure 1) and the accompanying parts list.

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Before attempting to service the pump or control, cut off the power supply to the control box and close any valves in the discharge line.

# 

Use the hoisting bail to lift the pump from the wet well or sump and move it to a location where the discharge line can be removed. If discharge hose is used with this pump, it is not necessary to disconnect the hose before removing the pump from the sump or wet well. If rigid discharge piping is used, disconnect the piping or the discharge elbow (19) before attempting to remove the pump.

To remove the discharge elbow, remove the nuts (18) securing the elbow to the motor housing (12). Remove and discard the elbow gasket (16).

Select a suitable location, preferably indoors, to perform the degree of maintenance required. If the motor housing is to be opened, the work must be done in a clean well-equipped shop. All maintenance functions must be performed by qualified personnel.

Check the chart in TROUBLESHOOTING to determine the nature of the pump problem. If the problem is mechanical in nature, such as worn pump parts, seal replacement, lubrication, etc., refer to PUMP END DISASSEMBLY for instructions.

If the problem is electrical, complete disassembly of the pump may not be required. Refer to **Electrical Testing** and have a qualified electrician check out control box, cable and terminal housing assembly. If problem is determined to be in the motor, proceed with PUMP END DISASSEMBLY followed by MOTOR DISASSEMBLY. Otherwise, see **Control Box** and **Terminal Housing/Cable Disassembly**.

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All gaskets and most 0-rings **must** be replaced if disturbed. A repair gasket kit is listed on the parts list as an option.

# PUMP END DISASSEMBLY

#### Strainer Disassembly

To remove the strainer screen (4), raise the pump slightly or lay it on its side and remove hardware (56, 57 and 58) securing the screen and base plate (62). If the impeller is clogged, the debris can usually be removed without further disassembly.

# Draining Oil From Seal And Motor

After removing the strainer, the suction head (66) and impeller (2) may be serviced without draining the oil cavities. However, the oil should be drained before attempting to replace the shaft seal (3) or repair the motor.

#### CAUTION

Let the pump cool before removing the seal or motor cavity drain plug. Pressure built up within a hot pump could cause the oil to spray out when the plug is removed. Remove the plug slowly and permit pressure to vent to atmosphere.

Lay the pump on its side with the drain plugs (8 and 8A) facing up, and clean any dirt from around the plugs. Remove the seal cavity drain/fill plug and install a short 1/4-inch NPT nipple in the hole. Tip the pump up and drain the seal oil into a **clean** container. Inspect it for water, dirt or cloudy condition which could indicate lower seal failure or poor gasket seal.

If motor problems are suspected, remove motor cavity drain plug (8A) and use a short nipple to drain the oil into a **clean** container at this time. Inspect the oil for dark color which could indicate motor overheating, dirt or water contamination. The presence of dirt or water could indicate a breakdown in the waterproof integrity of the motor cavity, probably due to poor gaskets or seals.

Use 'Loctite Pipe Sealant with Teflon 92' or equivalent compound on the threads of the drain plugs when reinstalling them.

#### Positioning Pump For Disassembly

After the strainer screen (4) and base plate (62) have been removed, remove the hardware (59 and 60) securing the suction head (66) and strainer plate (6). Re-

move the strainer plate and suction head. Remove and discard the strainer plate gasket (7).

It is recommended that the pump be positioned upside-down during disassembly. Invert the pump and position it on two 2 X 4's supported by benches or drums (see Figure 2); temporarily secure the pump to the 2 X 4's by installing fasteners through the capscrew holes in the flange of the intermediate (9). Use adequate equipment and personnel to safely handle the pump until it is secured.

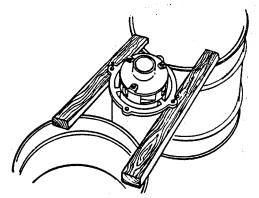


Figure 2. Supporting Pump For Disassembly

If inverting the pump is not practical, lay the pump on its side and secure it.

# Impeller Disassembly

Wedge a piece of wood between the vanes of impeller (2) and the diffuser (1) to prevent shaft rotation.

Remove the impeller locknut (64) and the flat washer (63).

Remove the piece of wood from between the vanes of the impeller. Install the impeller puller supplied with the pump, and pull the impeller from the shaft. Retain the impeller key (65).

Remove the impeller adjusting shims (71); for ease of reassembly, tie and tag the shims.

Remove the studs (61) securing the diffuser (1) to the intermediate (9), and remove the diffuser. Use caution when removing the diffuser; tension on the seal spring will be released. Remove and discard the intermediate 0-ring (5).

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Seal Disassembly

# (Figure 1 and 3)

The seal used in this pump has two rotating elements, two stationary elements, and two bellows assemblies. The mating faces of the rotating and stationary elements are precision finished and subject to wear. The complete seal should be replaced with each overhaul to ensure trouble-free operation. However, if the old seal must be reused, wrap the seal faces individually in tissue paper to prevent damage to the sealing surfaces.

Carefully press the seal seat from the diffuser bore. Remove the lower stationary and rotating seal elements. Lubricate the exposed portion of the shaft sleeve (72), and work oil under the lower bellows assembly. Pull the lower bellows assembly off the shaft sleeve and remove the seal spring.

Work oil under the upper bellows assembly and pull it off the shaft sleeve. Remove the upper seal rotating element. Slide two stiff wires with hooked ends along the sleeve and under the stationary element. Hook the back side of the element and pull it out of the intermediate bore.

Remove the shaft sleeve (72). Remove and discard the shaft sleeve 0-ring (73).

If no further disassembly is required, proceed to appropriate areas in Pump End Reassembly.

#### **PUMP END REASSEMBLY**

#### NOTE

Reuse of old O-rings, gaskets, or shaft seal parts may result in premature leakage or reduced pump performance. It is strongly recommended that an overhaul gasket kit and new shaft seal assemblies be used during reassembly (see the parts list for part numbers).

#### Cleaning Old Parts

With the pump inverted, stuff a clean tissue into the stationary seal seat bore of the intermediate (9) (or wrap a small rag around the shaft) to prevent foreign material from entering the motor cavity.

Carefully inspect O-rings or gaskets before removal and cleaning to determine if a proper seal and compression existed prior to disassembly. If sealing was faulty or questionable, the cause must be determined and corrected before reassembly. Replace any parts required.

Thoroughly clean all reuseable parts. Remove all O-rings and gaskets and clean the sealing surfaces of dirt or gasket material. Be careful not to scratch gasket surfaces.

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			solvents are toxic and flammable. Use	//								
			well-ventilated area free from excessive									
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//	// autions printed on solvent containers. //											
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1111	//////	///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	//								

Inspect the rotor shaft for damaged threads, scoring, and a nicked or damaged keyway. Remove nicks and burrs with a fine file or honing stone. If the rotor shaft is bent or damaged, replace the shaft and rotor as a single assembly (see Motor Disassembly).

The shaft seal assembly should not be reused because wear patterns on the finished faces cannot be realigned during reassembly. This could result in premature failure. If necessary to reuse an old seal in an emergency, carefully wash all metallic parts in fresh cleaning solvent and allow to dry thoroughly.

Handle the seal parts with extreme care to prevent damage. Be careful not to contaminate precision finished faces; even fingerprints on the faces can shorten seal life. If necessary, clean the faces with a non-oil based solvent and a clean lint free tissue. Wipe lightly in a concentric pattern to avoid scratching the faces.

Inspect the seal components for wear, scoring, grooves, and other damage that might cause leakage. If any components are worn, replace the complete seal; never mix old and new seal parts.

Install the shaft seals as illustrated in Figure 3.

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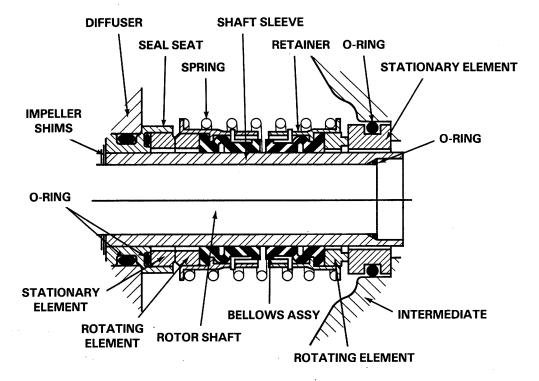


Figure 3. Seal Assemblies 46512-044

# Seal Reassembly

If a new seal is to be installed, do not unwrap it until time of installation. Cleanliness of all seal components is a must, especially the seal faces.

Clean the rotor shaft and seal cavity area of the intermediate (9). Be sure the area is dry and free of lint and dirt.

Carefully remove the material stuffed into the seat bore (or unwrap the shaft). Be sure no debris stopped by the material falls into the motor cavity.

Carefully clean the seal bore in the intermediate (9). Check for burrs or nicks that might cut seal components or prevent a good seal. Apply a **light** coating of oil to the bore.

Install the shaft sleeve 0-ring (73). Clean and inspect the shaft sleeve (72). Replace it if badly scored, or if cut or nicked on the ends. Install the shaft sleeve on the rotor shaft so that the stepped end fits over the shoulder of the shaft.

#### NOTE

When pressing seal components on impeller shaft, use hand pressure only. A push tube cut from a length of plastic pipe will aid in installing seal components. The O.D. of the push tube should be approximately the same as the I.D. of the seal spring.

Apply a light coating of oil to the shaft sleeve. Unpack the upper seal stationary element and lightly oil the O.D. of the O-ring. Place a clean tissue over the seal face, and press the stationary element into the bore of the intermediate (9) until it bottoms. Remove the tissue and inspect the seal face to ensure that it is clean and dry. If cleaning is necessary, use clean tissue to wipe lightly in a concentric pattern.

Unpack the upper seal rotating portion. Be certain the seal face of the rotating element is free of grit or surface damage. Assemble the drive grooves of the rotating element into the drive lugs of the bellows retainer.

Place the upper seal rotating portion on the shaft sleeve with the seal face down. If the rotating element does not stay in the bellows retainer when turned upside down, place a **small** amount of grease at equal spaces on the back of the element and position it into the bellows retainer. The grease should hold the element in position until the seal is installed. Apply firm, steady pressure, with clean hands, on the seal retainer until it slides down the shaft sleeve and makes contact with the stationary element.

Install the seal spring.

Unpack the lower seal rotating element and follow the same inspection and assembly procedure as for the upper rotating element. Place the lower seal rotating portion on the shaft sleeve with seal face up. Place a clean tissue over the seal face, and press the rotating element onto the shaft sleeve. Remove the tissue and inspect the seal face to ensure that it is clean and dry. If cleaning is necessary, use clean tissue to wipe in a concentric pattern.

#### NOTE

The seal spring will not fully compress until the diffuser (1) is installed.

Inspect the diffuser (1) for cracks, distortion, and erosion. Replace it if defective.

Lubricate both lower seal seat O-rings and position the seat assembly in the diffuser bore. Apply firm steady pressure until the stepped portion of the seat rests firmly against the diffuser. Make sure the O-rings are properly positioned and have not been cut. Unpack the lower seal stationary element. Be certain the seal face is free of grit or surface damage. Apply a small amount of grease at equal spaces on the back of the element and subassemble the element into the lower seal seat. The grease should hold the stationary element in position when the diffuser is turned upside down. Protect the seal face with a clean tissue.

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# Diffuser Reassembly

Replace the intermediate 0-ring (5).

With the seal seat and stationary element installed, carefully lower the diffuser over the shaft until the stationary element mates with the rotating element. Align the mounting holes and secure the diffuser by torquing the special studs (61) to 20 ft. lbs. (240 in. lbs.).

#### CAUTION

Do not overtighten the special intermediate studs. Overtightening may cause the threads in the intermediate to strip out.

# Impeller Reassembly

Install the same number of impeller adjusting shims (71) as originally removed.

Inspect the impeller (2), and replace it if cracked or worn.

Install the impeller key (65) and slide the impeller onto the shaft. After the impeller has been installed, coat the threads of the rotor shaft with 'Never-Seez' or equivalent compound. Install the impeller washer (63) and nylon locknut (64). Place a block of wood between the vanes of the impeller to prevent shaft rotation, and torque the locknut to 60 ft. lbs. (720 inch lbs.).

Turn the impeller to check for free rotation. Check front clearance after installing the suction head (66) and strainer plate (6).

# Suction Head And Strainer Plate Reassembly

If the pump has been secured to 2 X 4's, remove the pump and lay it on its side.

Inspect the strainer plate (6) and suction head (66) for cracks, distortion or erosion. Replace if defective. Install the strainer plate gasket (7).

Install the suction head (66) over the intermediate studs (61). Apply 'Never-Seez' or equivalent compound to the threads of the studs.

Install the strainer plate (6) around the suction head. Align the capscrew holes (58) in the strainer plate and the intermediate (9) and install the washers (60) and nylon locknuts (59) on the intermediate studs (61). Torque the locknuts to 20 ft. lbs. (240 inch lbs.).

#### Impeller Clearance

There should be a clearance of between .008 and .015 inches between the suction head and the face of the impeller. Reach into the suction head with a feeler gauge to measure this clearance.

If the impeller clearance is not within specified limits, remove the suction head and the impeller, then add or remove impeller adjusting shims (71) as required. Reinstall the impeller and suction head, and recheck clearance.

# Strainer Reassembly

Inspect the strainer screen (4) for cracks, broken welds and distortion. Replace if defective.

Install the strainer screen so that it seats properly against the shoulder of the strainer plate (6), and install the base plate (62). Install the hardware (56, 57, and 58) securing the base plate, strainer screen and strainer plate.

See LUBRICATION and FINAL ASSEMBLY before putting the pump into service.

#### MOTOR DISASSEMBLY

Disassembly of the motor is rarely required except to replace the motor rotor, stator, bearings, or intermediate. Do not disassemble the motor unless it is necessary and a clean, well-equipped shop is available.

#### NOTE

It is recommended that a pump with a defective motor be returned to Gorman-Rupp, or to one of the Gorman-Rupp authorized Submersible Repair Centers.

WARNING										
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// The electrical power to operate this pump is high enough	11									
// to cause injury or death. Make certain that the control	//									
// handle on the control box is in the OFF position and	11									
// locked, or that the power supply to the control box has	//									
// been otherwise cut off and locked out, before attempting	//									
// to open or service the pump assembly. Tag electrical	11									
// circuits to prevent accidental start-up.	11									
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Carefully inspect any O-rings or gaskets before removal and cleaning to determine if a proper seal and compression existed prior to disassembly. If sealing was faulty or questionable, the cause must be determined and corrected before reassembly. Replace any parts as required.

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# Terminal Housing And Power Cable Disassembly

If the pump is maintained in an upright position, the terminal housing/cable assembly (26) may be serviced without draining the oil from the motor cavity. However, the oil must be drained before attempting to disassemble the motor housing (12) and components. To drain the oil, see **Draining Oil** in **PUMP END DISASSEMBLY**.

Total disassembly of the terminal housing and power cable is not always required. Disassemble and replace only the parts which have been proven defective by inspection or testing. See **Electrical Testing** in **TROUBLESHOOTING**.

The terminal housing/power cable assembly (26) may be serviced without disassembling the motor housing or pump end.

To remove the terminal housing (40), remove the nuts (21) securing the terminal housing to the motor housing (12). Raise the terminal housing for access to the terminal posts (43). Loosen the nylock machine screws (44), and disconnect the motor leads from the terminal posts. Remove the terminal housing/cable assembly.

To separate power cable (31) from the terminal housing, remove the nuts (32) securing the terminal gland (34) to the terminal housing. Slide the gland back along the power cable. Compress the wire mesh of the cable grip (35) and move it back along power cable. Oil the gland bushing (36) and terminal housing bore and pull firmly on the cable. (Allow the oil to leak in around the bushing by agitating the cable in the bore). After the bushing has been loosened, the cable should pull out far enough to expose the gland bushing. Apply oil on the cable jacket and slide the bushing back along the cable. Quite often, pressure exerted on the bushing will deform the cable jacket. If such is the case, additional oil and effort will be required to remove the bushing.

#### NOTE

If the rubber bushing cannot be removed from the terminal housing as indicated, it may be necessary to cut the bushing into small pieces or cut the cable.

Push approximately 6 inches of the power cable into the terminal housing so that the terminal plate assembly (39) comes free of the terminal housing. This should permit access to the power cable connections in the terminal plate.

To disconnect the power cable, remove the round head screw (29) and lockwasher (30) securing the green ground lead. Cut away the potting mold (37) and potting compound, and loosen the top nuts (38) on the terminal posts (43). Disconnect the power cable leads from the terminal posts.

Pull the power cable out of the terminal housing. The gland bushing (36), cable grip (35) and terminal gland (34) can be removed from the cable.

If necessary to replace the terminal plate (39) or terminal components, unscrew the bottom nuts (38), and remove the terminal posts (43) from the terminal plate. Discard the terminal plate gaskets (41).

See Terminal Housing/Power Cable Reassembly if no further disassembly is required.

# Rotor Disassembly

See Pump End Disassembly, and remove all pump end components.

With the pump end disassembled and the motor cavity drained, remove the nuts (55) and lockwashers (54) securing the motor housing (12) to the intermediate (9). If necessary, tap around the parting surfaces with a soft faced mallet to break the seal between the intermediate and motor housing. Remove the intermediate, and discard the motor housing gasket (11) and 0-ring (52).

Use caution to prevent the rotor (49) from falling on the stator windings. Carefully pull the rotor and assembled ball bearings (10 and 47) from the motor housing (12). Reach into the motor housing and remove the wavy spring washer(46) from the upper bearing bore.

If rotation is rough or if the balls are discolored, remove the lower and upper ball bearings from the rotor shaft. Use a bearing puller if necessary.

#### Stator Disassembly

It is recommended that the stator (48) be left in place unless it is defective. If the stator must be removed, disconnect the motor leads from the terminal posts (43) as described in **Terminal Housing/Power Cable Disassembly**.

Remove the pipe plug (13) located in the motor housing, and loosen the allen head setscrew (14) located underneath the pipe plug.

Position an expandable tool, such as a split disc, approximately 2 inches down inside the stator, and expand the tool tightly and squarely on the I.D. Attach a lifting device to center lifting eye of the tool and raise the assembly one inch off floor. Take care not to damage the stator end turns. Use a soft-faced mallet to rap alternate edges of the motor housing (12), and "walk" the stator out. Continue this process until the stator clears the motor housing.

#### NOTE

It may be necessary to heat the motor housing to permit stator removal.

After the stator has been removed, wrap it in clean dry rags or other suitable material. The stator **must** be kept clean and dry. When handling the stator, do not set it on the end windings; lay it on its side.

# CAUTION

Do not attempt to rewind the stator. Winding tolerances and materials are closely controlled by the manufacturer, and any deviation can cause damage or operating problems. Replace the stator, or return it to one of The Gorman-Rupp Authorized Submersible Repair Centers or The Gorman-Rupp factory, if defective.

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#### Relief Valve

It is recommended that the relief valve assembly (24) be replaced at each overhaul, or at any time the pump motor overheats and activates the valve. Never replace this valve with a substitute which has not been specified or provided by the Gorman-Rupp Company.

It is not necessary to remove the heavy pipe nipple (23) to remove the relief valve assembly. If the pipe nipple is removed, apply "Loctite #35 or #70", or equivalent compound to the pipe nipple threads in the motor housing **only**.

When installing the relief valve, use "Loctite Pipe Sealant With Teflon #92" or equivalent compound on the threads.

# Hoisting Bail

If the hoisting bail (25) requires replacement, remove the hardware (67, 68, and 69) securing the bail to the motor housing (12). Make certain that the bushings (70) are in place when installing the hoisting bail.

#### MOTOR REASSEMBLY

#### NOTE

Reuse of old O-rings, gaskets, or shaft seal parts may result in premature leakage or reduced pump performance. It is strongly recommended that an overhaul gasket kit and new shaft seal assembly be used during reassembly (see the parts list for parts numbers).

# Stator Reassembly

Clean all gasket and O-ring surfaces completely, removing any old gasket and cement material. Inspect the sealing surfaces for burrs, nicks, and pits which could cause a poor seal. Replace parts as required.

Thoroughly clean the inside of the motor housing (12) with fresh solvent. The interior **must** be dry and free of dirt or lint.

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Do not unwrap the stator until the motor housing has been prepared for stator installation. The stator **must** be kept clean and dry. When handling stator, do not set it on its end windings. Lay it on its side.

Test the new stator as indicated in **Electrical Testing** in **TROUBLESHOOTING** to ensure that no damage has occurred during handling.

Position an expandable tool, such as a split disc, approximately 2 inches down inside the stator, and expand the tool tightly and squarely on the I.D. Attach a lifting device to center lifting eye of the tool and carefully lift the assembly. Take care not to damage the stator end turns. Slip a sleeve over the stator lead wires to prevent damage to them.

Invert the motor housing. Position the stator so that the leads are in line with the opening for the terminal housing, and carefully lower the stator into the motor housing. If the stator "cocks" in the motor housing, remove it and try again. If necessary, heat the motor housing with a torch to expand it enough for the stator to be installed; when heating the motor housing, make certain that the stator is clear to avoid damage to the windings. Apply heat evenly to the inside of the motor housing; excessive heat is not required. Be careful not to damage the stator lead insulation during reassembly.

After the stator is fully and squarely seated on the motor housing shoulder, remove the tool used for lifting, and tighten the allen head setscrew (14) securing the stator in place. Coat the threads of the pipe plug (13) with "Loctite Pipe Sealant With Teflon #92" or equivalent sealant, and install the plug over the allen head setscrew.

Cover the motor housing with a clean, lint-free cloth while the rotor is being assembled.

# Rotor Reassembly

Inspect the seal and bearing areas of the rotor shaft. Inspect the shaft for damaged threads, scoring, and a nicked or damaged keyway. Remove nicks and burrs with a fine file or honing stone. If the shaft is bent or damaged, replace the shaft and rotor (a single assembly).

Install the lower and upper ball bearings (10 and 47) on the rotor shaft; make certain that they seat squarely against the shaft shoulders.

# CAUTION

When installing the bearings onto the shaft, NEVER press or hit against the outer race, balls, or ball cage. Press ONLY on the inner race.

Clean the ball bearing bores and all gasket and O-ring surfaces of the intermediate (9) and the motor housing (12), completely removing any old gasket and cement material. Inspect the sealing surfaces for burrs, nicks and pits which could cause a poor seal. Repair or replace as required.

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	WARNING												
1111	'//////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	'//////////////////////////////////////	7/////////								
//_					- //								
		ning solvents in a well-ven											
	<pre>// heat, sparks, and flame. Read and follow all prec- // // autions printed on solvent containers. //</pre>												
//					//								
////	///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	///////////////////////////////////////	'//////////////////////////////////////	7777777777								

Install the wavy washer (46) in the motor housing bore.

Carefully ease the rotor and assembled ball bearings through the stator until the upper bearing (47) is firmly seated in the motor housing bearing bore.

Replace the motor housing 0-ring (52) and gasket (11). Install the intermediate (9) over the motor housing studs (53), using caution not to cut the 0-ring. Coat the threads of the studs with 'Never-Seez' or equivalent compound, and install the lockwashers (54) and nuts (55); torque the nuts to 20 ft. lbs. (240 inch lbs.).

See PUMP END REASSEMBLY, and reassemble the pump end components.

Terminal Housing And Power Cable Reassembly

<b>WARNING</b> ////////////////////////////////////	
// // The electrical power used to operate this pump is high // // enough to cause injury or death. Make certain that the // // control handle on the control box is in the OFF position // // and locked, or that the power supply to the control box // // has been otherwise cut off and locked out. Tag elec- // // trical circuits to prevent accidental start-up. Obtain // // the services of a qualified electrician and refer to the // // wiring diagrams in INSTALLATION to make all electrical //	
,, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
WARNING	
//////////////////////////////////////	
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Clean the exterior of the pump power cable with warm water and mild detergent, and check for obvious physical damage. Check the cable for continuity and insulation resistance (see Electrical Testing in TROUBLESHOOTING).

#### CAUTION

Do not attempt repairs except at either end of the power cable. Splicing is not recommended.

Lubricate the upper bore of the terminal housing (40), outside of the power cable (31), and bores of the terminal gland (34), cable grip (35) and gland bushing (36) for ease of assembly. Slide the terminal gland, cable grip, gland bushing and terminal housing on the power cable in that order (see Figure 1 to recheck order of assembly).

Work the cable components up the cable to allow approximately 3 ft. of cable to extend below the terminal housing. Temporarily tape the green ground wire to the cable.

If the power cable has been removed from the terminal posts (43), it must be reported. A reporting kit is available from Gorman-Rupp (see parts list) as an option with this pump. Use this kit, or Products Research Corp. PR-1201-Q class 1 potting compound, or equivalent.

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Remove all the old potting compound from the terminal posts (43), nuts (38), and terminal plate (39). Inspect the terminal posts for damage, and replace as required. Use a medium grit sandpaper to prepare the surface of the terminal plate in the area of the potting mold.

#### NOTE

Before potting, clean the cable leads, terminal posts, nuts, and terminal plate with cleaning solvent in areas to be potted. Potting compound will not adhere properly to oil or greased coated surfaces.

If removed, assemble the terminal posts (43), dyna-seal washers (42), terminal gaskets (41), and lower hex nuts (38) to the terminal plate (39).

Tin the ends of each power cable and motor lead with solder to prevent fraying. If a new potting mold (37) is being installed, slide it up over the three standard leads of the power cable (31).

Secure the three power cable leads on the terminal posts (43) with the upper hex nuts (38). Slide the potting mold down over the terminal posts and onto the terminal plate. Hang the cable in vertical position with terminal plate horizontal. The terminal leads and terminal posts should be centered in the

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potting mold. Use a quick-setting cement, such as "3-M Weather Seal" to secure the potting mold to the terminal plate.

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See the instructions with the potting kit regarding application life, and setting and curing time. Mix the base compound and accelerator and fill the molds completely. Tamp the potting material to eliminate air bubbles and ensure the material has completely covered the area around the terminal collars.

When potting has been completed, leave the terminal plate assembly undisturbed until the potting material has cured. Complete curing usually takes about 24 hours. Curing time can be shortened by using a heat lamp, but be careful not to melt the potting or potting mold, or burn the cable. When potting material is no longer "tacky" to the touch, it has cured.

After the potting material has cured, untape the green ground lead and slide the terminal housing down the cable. Secure the ground lead to the terminal housing with the machine screw (29) and lockwasher (30); make sure the lead makes good contact with the housing.

Pull gently on the power cable to remove any excess length from within the terminal housing. The terminal plate should fit loosely in the terminal housing.

Lubricate the upper bore of the terminal housing, and slide the gland bushing (36) into place. Compress the wire mesh of the cable grip (35) and slide it down the cable, making sure it comes in contact with the bushing. Slide the terminal gland (34) into place. Engage nuts (32) finger tight; do not tighten at this time.

Attach the motor leads to the terminal posts (43) using nylock machine screws (44). If required, rotate the terminal housing and twist the motor leads to remove excess slack. Coat the threads of the studs (20) with "Never-Seez" or equivalent compound, and secure the terminal housing to the motor housing with nuts (21) and lockwashers (22); torque the nuts to 11 ft. lbs. (132 inch lbs.). Tighten the nuts (32) drawing the terminal gland (34) down into the terminal bore. Do not overtighten the nuts and damage the terminal gland or hardware.

See LUBRICATION and FINAL ASSEMBLY.

#### LUBRICATION

Check the oil level in the seal cavity and motor housing before initial startup, after the first two weeks of operation, and every month thereafter.

#### NOTE

To accurately check the oil level the pump must be cool.

The grade of lubricant used is critical to the operation of this pump. Use premium quality hydraulic oil in the grade specified in Table 1.

# Table 1. Pump Oil Specifications

Specifications				
Type	Premium 1	high viscosity	index, anti-we	ar hydraulic oil
Neutralization				0.52
Dielectric				
Pour point				55°F
Recommended supplier	•			
Gulf Oil Company			Gulf F	Harmony HVI AW 26

#### Seal Cavity

Lay the pump on its side, remove the seal cavity drain/fill plug (8) in the intermediate, and add approximately 1 1/2 pints of the recommended grade hydraulic oil. Apply "Loctite Pipe Sealant With Teflon #92", or equivalent sealant, to the threads of the drain/fill plug, and reinstall and tighten the plug.

# Motor Housing Cavity

Remove the motor cavity oil level plug (15). With the pump in an upright position, remove the pressure relief valve (24) on top of the pump and add approximately 1 3/4 quarts of the recommended grade hydraulic oil or until it escapes from the oil level pipe plug opening. Apply "Loctite Pipe Sealant With Teflon #92", or equivalent sealant, to the threads of the pressure relief valve and the oil level plug, and reinstall and tighten the valve and plug.

# CAUTION

Never attempt to fill the motor drain plug (8A) or oil level plug (15) openings. A volume of air must be trapped above the motor to permit thermal expansion of the motor oil.

#### FINAL ASSEMBLY

If the discharge elbow (19) has been separated from the motor housing, replace the gasket (16) and secure the elbow with nuts (18).

# MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

Connect the discharge hose, and position the pump in the sump or wet well. If rigid discharge piping is used, connect the piping after the pump has been positioned. Open any valves in the discharge line.

# For U.S. and International Warranty Information, Please Visit www.grpumps.com/warranty or call:

U.S.: 419-755-1280 International: +1-419-755-1352

For Canadian Warranty Information,
Please Visit www.grcanada.com/warranty
or call:
519-631-2870